

The Daily Record.

"HERE SHALL THE PRESS, THE PEOPLE'S RIGHTS MAINTAIN, UNAWED BY INFLUENCE AND UNBIBED BY GAIN."

VOLUME XVIII.

MOCKSVILLE, NORTH CAROLINA, WEDNESDAY, JULY 4, 1917.

NUMBER 51

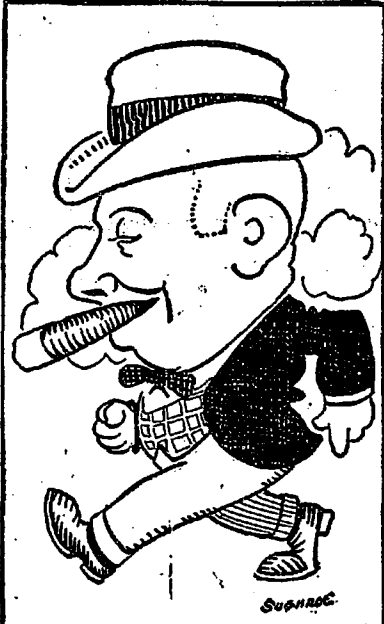
New Way To Grow Potatoes.

It has taken the war to show us what we have not known about the potato and the possibilities of its cultivation. The potato barrel with its remarkable results has become a common thing throughout the country, and now the barrel is likely to be succeeded by the potato pen. In fact, it is probable that within a year or two the potato "patch" will be an institution of the past. People will have resort to new and more concentrated methods of growing the potato. They can build a pen on some spot around the house, and save an acre or two of land which hitherto been devoted to potatoes or some other crop. It has been demonstrated that on a few square feet of ground as many potatoes can be raised as ordinarily on an acre of land. The potato pen is the discovery of R. E. Hendricks, of Kansas City, Mo., who has induced to make his plan public for the benefit of the potato-growing country. He got the idea through observation of the potato pile in the cellar bin, and three years ago he built what he called a "potato pen." It was nothing more or less than a huge potato pile hill, the sides of which were supported by a loosely constructed inclosure, built after the fashion of an old rail fence. Within this inclosure, only 8x8 feet in size, he planted his potatoes in thin layers of dirt and dressing, piling one layer on another until the pen was eight feet high. The "potato pen" became a mound of green. He had found that his potatoes not only grew better than they did in the cellar, but that at the digging time he was able to harvest forty bushels of as fine potatoes as are grown anywhere. The following year he got thirty-two bushels in the same sized pen, and last year a total of forty-two bushels.

As a matter of course there are hundreds of readers of this paper who will want to embark in this new enterprise, and for their benefit The Observer will give the details of the pen as constructed by the Kansas City man perhaps some of them may by experimentation improve on the idea. The Kansas City pen is 6x8 inside measurement, is six feet high and is built as each layer is placed and planted. The inventor advises starting the pen with a six-inch layer of dirt. Then mark off the plot a foot apart each way, allowing six inches for dirt all around between the outer row of potatoes and the inside of the pen. Plant a potato seed at every cross line or intersection of the plant, eight hills to the layer of dirt. There put a inch or two of dressing over the potatoes and sprinkle good with water. Then lay six inches more dirt, mark off as before, plant, use dressing and water again. Repeat this with operation with enough layers to fill the pen to the top. To keep the dirt from falling out of the pen as the layers are placed, draw up old straw or hay against the cracks and crevices. Experience shows that the potato vines will grow to the top and sides of the pen emerging through crevice and concealing the timbers with a coat of green. At the top of the third layer of earth, place a piece of 2x4 board, or old table leg about that thickness. It should extend half the way across the pile, and should remain in place until the whole pile is built up. Then when the earth is settled somewhat this board can be drawn out and the arm inserted to ascertain the amount of moisture in the pile. Put back the board each time. The main thing to be watched about is to see that the potato pile has plenty of water. Not too much, just enough to keep the earth moist all the way through. You can tell how the interior is

by pulling out the moisture post the side of the pile and putting your arm into the interior of the heap. If the ground is wet, don't water that day. If it feels dry, crumble freely, get out the hose and pour water on top. If top is dry and interior moist enough, water lightly. Remember a potato pile can't get much moisture out of the ground, because it is built up to high. Don't interfere with the vines which in a short time will be coming through the openings in the sides of the crate and through the top. Let them hang over the crate, completely covering the whole affair. Don't disturb ground except on top to destroy weeds which may grow up there. The potato vine will seek sunlight. Those buried in the interior will crawl through the ground until they get to the outside or top of crate. The pen can be used over and over again, for the inventor says that when the potatoes are matured it can be taken down, the potatoes rolled out of the thin covering with a rake and the material saved for repeated use. Verily, the country seems being waked to the hitherto unthought of possibilities in potato cultivation.—Charlotte Observer.

THE LIFE OF THE TOWN



This busy gent is a Booster and the Life of the Town. Without him and a few others, the Old Burg would be as Dead as a Doornail. He's Jerry on the Job for the Public Good and his name heads every Subscription paper to Raise Money for anything. We couldn't do without him. Long may he Wave!

Particularly Pointed.

Pennies are still one cent apiece. The big man that you allers wanted to see ain't more'n half as big after you have seen him. All who haven't got shoes and can't get them are hereby authorized and permitted to go barefooted. All who are expecting to starve are hereby advised to begin gradually and get used to it before you die. Artemus Ward once remarked that the body politic was sick. And I regret to state that the patient is no better.

The fool who behaves himself and keeps straight is wiser than the smart man whose smartness gets him into trouble.

If there is anything uglier and awkwarder than a naked spring chicken running after a bug, I have been lucky enough to miss seeing it.

Did you ever notice that if the Lord don't provide, the devil always does?

The common earth worm is due to have some rights, too, but nobody bothers to see that it gets 'em.

Our local doctor says his rheumatism is getting worse, and all because he can't get nary Irish tater to tote in his pocket to cure it. He tried to buy a tater on the installment plan, but failed.

All's fair in love and war, but just now love doesn't seem to cut so much of a figure.

Uncle Sam To Probe A Mysterious Light.

After baffling the inhabitants of Burke county and visitors to that section for many years, the mysterious light that appears over Jonas Ridge, near the Burke county line, is to look horns with the United States government, according to plans made by Senator Lee S. Overman. Government experts will be sent to Burke county to match wits with the light that appears in the distance but can never be located. Senator Overman, according to a dispatch received from Washington by the Citizen last night, has asked Director Manning, of the bureau of mines, to send an expert to Burke county to investigate the mystery.

At frequent intervals during the recent years, reports have come from Burke county regarding the mysterious light to be seen over Jonas Ridge, giving the appearance of a fire in that vicinity, and every report on the light has added that all attempts to solve the secret of mysterious blaze have been in vain. Doughty hunters accustomed to the woods and to investigations of this sort, have spent night after night in an attempt to solve the mystery, but always on their arrival at the spot where the source of light should be found, they have been unable to secure a trace of anything remotely resembling a flame.

Revenue men, county officials, posses of civilians and visitors to Western N. Carolina have sought in vain the source of the light. Ministers have seen it; writers have exhausted their vocabularies in ecstatic descriptions of the mysterious aura, and every sort of explanation, from electrical phenomena to ghostly visitation has been advanced to account for the light. Sometimes it is plainly visible, and again two or three nights will pass without a sign of light.

Colored people, of the superstitious class, would not tempt a visit to that section at night for the wealth of John D., and there are not a few white people who would require large inducements to make the trip to the spot where the light is seen, unless accompanied by a large party of friends.

Nothing in the of the damage has been attributed to the light. Its sole effects to date have been upon the imaginations of the credulous, and most of the population of Burke county has moved over into the credulous class.

And now after baffling the ingenuity of the local sleuths, the light is to match itself against Uncle Sam and his experts, in the plans of Senator Overman are carried into effect. Just when the expert from the bureau of mines is to visit Burke county has not been announced, but he is expected to arrive within the next few days.

The Quinine That Does Not Affect The Head Because of its tonic and laxative effect, LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE is better than ordinary Quinine and does not cause nervousness nor ringing in head. Remember the full name and look for the signature of E. W. GROVE, 25c.

A number of fighting editors are still running at large.

DEAFNESS CANNOT BE CURED

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by Catarrh which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces. We will give one hundred dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by Catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.

Convicts Taken Off Railroad Work And Sent To Farm.

Mr. J. O. Gaither, who has charge of the convicts at work on the Statesville Air Line railroad, received notice Saturday from Governor to turn the convicts over to the State Prison Farm and Mr. Gaither will leave from Elkin with the convicts tomorrow. The officials of the road had no notice that such action would be taken and up until yesterday they had no notice except through Mr. Gaither. It is understood the Governor thinks the services of the convicts are needed at the farm.

There are 42 of the State convicts at the camp. They have been at work there since the first of the year.—Statesville Landmark.

THE AMATEUR GARDENER



Is the Man lost in the Jungle? Sh-h! That is no Jungle; that is the Man's Garden and he is looking for the Radishes. Will he find them? No chance! The neighbors' chickens dug up the seeds Fifteen Minutes after he planted them. Well, anyway, the Weed Crop is a Grand Success.

Chamberlain's Colic and Diarrhoea Remedy.

Now is the time to buy a bottle of this remedy so as to be prepared in case that any one of your family should have an attack of colic or diarrhoea during the summer months. It is worth hundred times its cost when needed.

It seems funny to read that the Federal court at Raleigh is investigating a wholesale lay-out. This, in a prohibition state, doesn't sound well.—Greensboro Record.

Doing Good.

Few medicines have met with more favor or accomplished more good than Chamberlain's Colic and Diarrhoea Remedy. John F. Jantzen, Delmev, Sask., says of it: "I have used Chamberlain's Colic and Diarrhoea Remedy myself and in my family, and can recommend it as being an exceptionally fine preparation."

The good girls might also realize that the pen is as powerful as the sword.—E.S.

Piles Cured in 6 to 14 Days
Your druggist will refund money if PAIN OINTMENT fails to cure any case of itching, bleeding or protruding Piles in 6 to 14 days. The first application gives Ease and Rest. 50c.

Preserve Your Complexion

the easy, pleasing way by using Magnolia Balm before and after outing. You can fearlessly face the sun, wind and dust because you know Magnolia Balm keeps you safe from Sunburn and Tan.



Magnolia Balm

LIQUID FACE POWDER.
Pink, White, Red, etc.
75c. at Druggists or by mail direct.
*Sample (either color) for 2c. Stamp.
Lyon Mfg. Co., 40 South Fifth St., Brooklyn, N.Y.

Second Officers' Training Camp.

Fort Oglethorpe Georgia, August 27th to November 27th, 1917—379 men to be taken from North Carolina—Men paid \$100.00 per month during training, and uniforms and transportation furnished, by the Government. Men take oath of enlistment for three months for training at Camp and obligate themselves to accept whatever commission offered by the Secretary of War—Applicants between 20 years 9 months and 44 years may make applications but men over thirty one will have preference as it is the desire of the War Department to secure from this second camp First Lieutenants, Captains, Majors, and a few Lieut. Colonels. If there are not enough men over 31 years of age who can qualify, men within the draft age with military experience or who have shown evidence of natural leadership will be accepted.

APPLICATION BLANKS—These can be secured from R. W. Glenn, Division Secretary, Military Training Camps Assn., Greensboro, N. C., as soon as issued by the Government. Full instructions as to medical examination, mental examination, etc., will be furnished upon request.

Applications will have to be made between June 15th, and July 15th, and it is hoped that men who are accepted will be notified by August 10th in order to be able to arrange their affairs before leaving the 27th of August.

R. W. Glenn, Division Secretary.

To Cure a Cold in One Day
Take LAXATIVE BROMO Quinine. It stops the Cough and Headache and works off the Cold. Druggists refund money if it fails to cure. R. W. GROVE'S signature on each box. 25c.

Why Rutledge Feels Gay.

Town policeman Marler Sprinkle a few nights ago took into his head the idea that one Sant Wooten, of Brannon was carrying more whiskey under his arm than the law allows so he made a dive for him in front of H. H. Mackie's store, and up the street they went. Wooten became frightened and threw the package over the fence into the editor's garden. The package was found to contain one half gallon of corn whiskey, which was seized by the officer and carried away. Run them this way every time, Sprinkle, but don't watch where they throw the package.—Yadkin Tattle.

Are You One Of Them?

There are a great many people who would be very much benefited by taking Chamberlain's Tablets for a weak or disordered stomach. Are you one of them? Mrs. M. R. Searl, Baldwinville, N. Y., relates her experience in the use of these tablets: "I had a bad spell with my stomach about six months ago, and was troubled for two or three weeks with gas severe pains in the pit of my stomach. Our druggist advised me to take Chamberlain's Tablets. I took a bottle home and the first dose relieved me wonderfully, and I kept on taking them until I was cured." These tablets do not relieve pain, but after the pain has been relieved may prevent its recurrence.

IT PAYS TO ADVERTISE



The Steady Advertiser is making his Daily Trip to the Bank with the Day's Haul. He is Loaded Down but he doesn't seem to mind. He knows it Pays To Advertise and couldn't do without The Paper any more than The Paper could do without him. He never complains about Business being Dull.

Potato Crop A Gold Mine To Eastern Carolina.

The eastern North Carolina truckers, especially the potato growers, have more money than ever before, said a resident of the eastern section in Statesville. Potatoes have been selling for \$8 to \$9 the barrel and potato crops worth \$20,000 to \$30,000 and more, were common—so common, in fact continued the easterner, that a man with a \$10,000 crop considered it small to talk about. As an instance of the wealth brought to eastern North Carolina by potato crops this year, the gentleman quoted related the following:

Last January a New Berne business man who foresaw wealth in the potato crop this season, proposed to furnish fertilizer to farmers for a half interest in the crop. Borrowing every dollar he could raise, he in this way acquired a half interest in 35,000 acres of potatoes from Florida to Norfolk. A few days ago he figured his returns at \$1,200,000.—Ex.

Cause Of Despondency.

Despondency is often caused by indigestion and constipation, and quickly disappeared when Chamberlain's Tablets are taken. These tablets strengthen the digestion and move the bowels.

The autoist who tries to outrun a train generally wins a casket. Six killed in Maryland as a result, and one an undertaker.

Whenever You Need A General Tonic Take Grove's

The Old Standard Grove's Tasteless chill Tonic is equally valuable as a General Tonic because it contains the well known tonic properties of QUININE and IRON. It acts on the Liver, Drives out Malaria, Enriches the Blood and Builds up the Whole System. 50 cents.

With dewberry pie on deck and blackberry pie to follow, it seems that everybody should be happy.

DOUBLY PROVEN

Readers Can No Longer Doubt The Evidence.

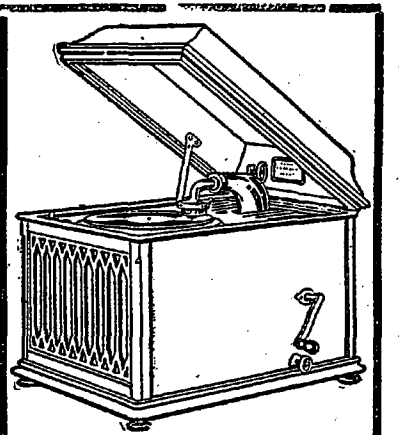
This grateful citizen testified long ago Told of quick relief—of undoubted benefit.

The facts are now confirmed. Such testimony is complete—the evidence conclusive.

Its forms convincing proof of merit. Mrs. Reavis, 212 Seventh St., Statesville, N. C., says: "I was in bad shape from pain across the small of my back and over my kidneys I couldn't sleep well and in the morning, I felt all tired out. My kidneys didn't act right and I was nervous and dizzy. Doan's Kidney Pills made me well."

OVER THREE YEARS LATER, Mrs. Reavis added: I back up every word of my former endorsement. Whenever my kidneys cause me any trouble, a few doses of Doan's Kidney Pills give me relief."

Price 50c. at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mrs. Reavis has twice recommended Foster-Milburn Co., Mfrs., B. B. B. N. Y.



ENJOY YOUR SUMMER

EVENINGS AT HOME.

With a Victor machine you can spend many pleasant evenings either indoors, on the lawn or on the porch. These machines are easily moved and are light in weight, thus affording a practical, portable talking machine. The prices are reasonable indeed. A complete assortment from which to choose.

Huntley-Hill-Stockton Co., Winston-Salem Greensboro

THE DAVIE RECORD.

C. FRANK STROUD - Editor.

TELEPHONE 1.

Entered at the Postoffice in Mocksville, N. C., as Second-class Mail matter, March 3, 1903.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES:

ONE YEAR, IN ADVANCE - \$1.00
SIX MONTHS, IN ADVANCE - \$.50
THREE MONTHS, IN ADVANCE - \$.25

WEDNESDAY, JULY 4, 1917.

From the present indications it will only be a few days until the boys will know who has to go and who don't. The anxiety is worse than the reality will be.

A good cure for that tired feeling is to grab a hoe and get into a corn patch. If you haven't a corn patch, call around and hoe ours. Small favors thankfully received.

We lost one subscriber as the result of having an American flag spread across the front of our office, but we believe really instead of losing a subscriber we have gained several new ones.

With the thermometer registering around a hundred degrees and a good swimming hole less than two miles away and plenty of blackberries on the road to the said hole, it is a hard matter to remain seated at a desk these hot days wondering what to write that would be of interest to the folks in general.

Mocksville is always ready and willing to do her part. Without any fuss or flurry, and any advance notice whatever, the ladies of the town with a few gentlemen, canvassed the town one day last week and raised \$400 for the Red Cross. While this no great amount, yet it shows a willing spirit on the part of the contributors, and practically everyone who was approached gave something. Our citizens—those who were able—purchased Liberty Bonds, and The Record is glad to know that we have such public-spirited citizens. Always count on Mocksville and Davie county doing her bit.

Illicit Distillery Located In Davie And Another In Yadkin.

Internal revenue officers raided and destroyed two illicit distilleries the first of last week says the Winston-Sentinel. One was located in Yadkin county and proceeded nine miles into Davie county they raided and destroyed another. For nearly forty-eight hours the officers did not rest and had little to eat, except a little canned goods purchased from a small cross-road store.

In Yadkin county they came upon a still running at full blast. As the officers approached the operators sighted the officers and took French leave, making good their escape. The company was composed of two white men and one colored man. The still with nineteen fermenters were destroyed at this place, together with forty-five gallons of sugar-loaf liquor, twenty-five of singlings. The remains of the plant were sent back to the city.

A few hours later they landed in Davie county in the vicinity of a distillery upon which the government had a report. It was located on the lands of William Hendricks, and about two hundred yards from the house. The full equipment was found except the still cap and worm. From all appearances a "run" had just been completed and these removed for safe keeping. Nine fermenters, a quantity of beer and various tools and appliances remained scattered about the plant. A hundred pounds of sugar, a bushel of meal and seven packages of Fleischman's yeast, each package containing six cakes, were also seized.

All the seized property was brought to the city Wednesday evening. No arrests have been made as a result of either raid. In the raiding party were Deputy Collectors Tolbert, of Salisbury; C. H. Haynes, of Mt. Airy; and U. S. Marshals Thompson, of Lexington, and E. G. Smith, of Mt. Airy.

Deputy Sheriff Killed.

Deputy Sheriff John H. Miller, of Amity Hill, Iredell county, was shot and instantly killed Saturday afternoon by Charlie Williams, colored, when he made an attempt to serve some papers on Williams. After killing Mr. Miller, the negro searched him and took his money and pistol and made his escape. He was captured Sunday by a mob of 40 men, but showed fight and had to be shot down. He was buried to the Statesville jail for safe keeping, his wounds not proving fatal. It was thought wise not to leave him in Statesville jail Sunday night, so he was carried to another jail for safe keeping.

The J. M. Summers land was resold at public auction Monday and was bid in by R. B. Sanford for \$5,800.

Rev. Ketchie Comes Back.

Editor Record:—I see in The Record of June 20, that my friend Click has something to say about my theology. I have no objection to his criticising my theology if he wants to. But I am sorry to see that after reading his Bible so long that he cannot read and understand it any better than he claims to read and understand it and believe it. He claims that I think there is no good in revivals. I did not say that there is no good done in such meetings, but I believe that there is some true gospel preached at such meetings sometimes and whenever the true gospel is preached and believed it will have its effect. But I can find nothing in my Bible that leads me to believe in or endorse such meetings. Every passage that my friend quotes from the Bible, it seems to me is misunderstood or misconstrued and do not refer to any such revivals. He refers to the Lutheran church and says we take in and save members by baptizing, catechising and confirmation. Well, friend Click, is not that exactly what Christ says, by teaching (catechising is teaching) them, and that is the only way he has told us anything about. The day of Pentecost was not a great revival as friend Click would have us believe. It was the beginning or organization of Christ's church under the Christian dispensation. When Peter preached and told the people what a great sin they had committed by crucifying the Son of God and that He was risen from the dead, they were pricked in their hearts and said for Peter and the rest of the apostles, men and brethren what shall we do but they did not say what shall we do to be saved. Please read it again and see what they did say. I want brother Click to tell me where I can find anything in the Bible about the storm center of God's grace. I cannot find anything like that in my Bible. Bro. Click speaks of the revival we call the Reformation. That was a revival and it was one indeed that was badly needed because the church had been very corrupt for hundreds of years. But it was a revival that was not brought about by Martin Luther praying for such a revival as was here in Davie county fifty years ago. It was brought about by preaching the simple gospel as Luther found it in his Bible, and that gospel never taught people to fall and cry to God for mercy, for it taught that "God so loved the world that He gave his only begotten Son that whosoever believeth on Him should not perish but have everlasting life." Yes, that was a revival that was a revival indeed and in truth, and came from God, but it did not cause men and women to fall down on the ground or at a mourner's bench a dry cry for mercy, for that gospel which Luther found in his Bible and preached caused them to see that God had already had mercy on them and all men and redeemed them. It made them and they rejoiced instead of crying for mercy because they believed that gospel. Yes, the revival we call the reformation was begun four hundred years ago and is still going on to this day and many times three thousand have been saved and will yet be saved before the end of time, through that same simple gospel which Luther uncovered from under the false teachings where it had been hidden by the corrupt church that existed before the reformation. That is the kind of revival I can pray for with all my heart and want all Christians to pray for most earnestly and sincerely. I want a revival where the true gospel is preached and causes men and women to rejoice instead of cry for mercy. When people are truly convicted of sin and know nothing of the gospel, it is natural for them to cry for mercy. I hope Brother Click will read his Bible a little closer and see if his criticisms of my theology may not be somewhat in error as I have not time to answer each one separately. I hope also that he will learn during this four hundred

th anniversary year of this great revival of the reformation something more of what a great blessing God bestowed on the world through it and is still bestowing.

W. R. KETCHIE.

Alexander-Booe Wedding.

A wedding of more than ordinary interest and beauty took place at the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Booe, in Clarksville township, June 25, at 3:30 o'clock, when their daughter Yaomi became the bride of Mr. Samuel Irvin Alexander, of Charlotte, Rev. V. M. Swain, of Winston-Salem officiating. The ring ceremony was used. The ceremony was unusual in that it was performed under an arch of white and green, banked by ferns upon the front porch, this being planned in order to accommodate the number in attendance. Just before the vows were spoken, with Miss Uva Strayhorn, of Durham, presiding at the organ, Miss Bessie Wright sang sweetly, "Entreat Me Not to Leave Thee," by Gounard. Then followed Lohengrin's Wedding March, by which the bridal party assembled in the following manner: First, Rev. V. M. Swain, followed by Mr. Wm. H. White, of Cana, as groomsmen, with Miss Violet Alexander, of Huntersville, sister of the groom, as bridesmaid; then Mr. M. Duke Pope, of Cana, as groomsmen, with the maid of honor Miss Margaret Linker, of Salisbury. Next came the groom with his best man, Mr. Millard F. Booe, brother of the bride; lastly the bride on the arm of her father. Never did the bride appear so charming in her loveliness, dressed as she was in crepe-de-chine, over ivory satin trimmed in pearls, wearing a long veil and carrying a bouquet of bride's roses and fern.

Mr. Alexander is the oldest son of Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Alexander, of Huntersville, and is a young man of sterling quality. He was educated at Erskine College in South Carolina, and Muskingum College, in Ohio.

Miss Booe is the oldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. G. Booe, and is a young woman of rare endowments and winning personality. She was educated at Oxford College and Columbia University, and for the past five years has been one of the State's ablest teachers.

Immediately after the ceremony delicious refreshments were served, after which Mr. and Mrs. Alexander departed amid showers of rice and congratulations. They will reside in Charlotte, where Mr. Alexander has a position in the postoffice.

Many beautiful and useful gifts were given by admiring relatives and friends. Besides a number of home friends and relatives there were present Mr. and Mrs. M. Morrison and little daughter Margaret, of Davidson, Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Alexander, Misses Jessie and Violet Alexander, Mr. J. M. Knox, of Huntersville, Mr. and Mrs. C. S. Miller and son C. S. Jr., Misses Bessie Wright and Margaret Linker, of Salisbury; Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Green, of Mocksville; Misses Mary Green and Percy Powers, of Winston-Salem; Miss Una Strayhorn, of Durham, and Miss Constance Horne, of Monroe.

ONE PRESENT.

Farmington News.

Messrs Z. B. Smith and Wade Brock have returned home with friends from Hopewell Virginia to spend a few days with their parents.

Misses Margaret Brock and Sarah Atkinson spent the week-end with Miss Laura Kimbrough at Smith Grove.

Mr. John Frank Johnson who has been in the hospital at Salisbury for some time returned home Monday for a few days' visit.

Miss Ora Brock is home again after a few months' visit with her sister Mrs. Conard, near Lewisville.

Mr. Allie Long spent the week-end at home with friends.

From eight to eleven Wednesday night July 4th, class No. four of the M. E. Sunday school will give a Lawn Party on the church lawn. Everyone is invited.

YE EDITOR'S TROUBLES



The Poor Editor is holding his Head. A Merchant has just been in and told him to Raisell with the Mail Order houses. The Merchant does not Believe in Advertising and uses Stationery furnished by an Axle Grease concern. No Wonder the Poor Editor is holding his Head.

Sheffield News.

The farmers are preparing to thresh wheat and are expecting large crops. Mr. N. B. Dyeon and family, Mr. R. B. Tutenow and Cleve Smith motored to Coolemees Sunday and spent the day with relatives.

A series of meeting will begin at Zion Chapel the 2nd Saturday night in this month and will convene for three weeks. Rev. W. J. S. Walker will do the preaching. Everybody is invited to attend.

Mr. and Mrs. T. A. Gaidheor are rejoicing over the arrival of twins at their home. Tom will be threshing wheat with a smile.

Mr. Noah James is on the sick list this week we are sorry to note.

DAD'S OLDEST GIRL.

Cana News.

Several of our folks attended the singing at Bear Creek Sunday.

Misses Willia May Foote, Mossa Eaton, Flora Collette, Ethel Woodward and Guy Gollotte and Ovid Foote motored over to Thomasville Wednesday.

Chas. H. White, of Winston, visited his parents Wednesday.

Miss Lenora Penry is spending the week with her cousin, Miss Sebia Hutchens, near Cana.

Miss Mary Lee Yates, of Cool Spring, spent Thursday with Miss Willa Foote.

The ice cream supper was a success in every way. We were fortunate enough to have with us Rev. Coble and John C. Sanford, of Mocksville, who made interesting talks on the Red Cross work. The proceeds amounted to \$15.

Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Lowery, Mr. and Mrs. Sanford Stonestreet and S. A. Harding motored to Badin Sunday.

What is LAX-FOS

LAX-FOS IS AN IMPROVED CASCARA A Digestive Liquid Laxative, Cathartic and Liver Tonic. Contains Cascara Bark, Blue Flag Root, Rhubarb Root, Black Root, May Apple Root, Senna Leaves and Pepsin. Combines strength with palatable aromatic taste. Does not gripe. 50c

DR. A. Z. TAYLOR DENTIST

Office over Merchants' & F. Bank. Good work—low prices.

NOTICE OF BOND SALE.

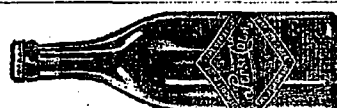
Farmington High School District 20-year Bonds \$3,000, 6 per cent., will be sold by the County Treasurer and County Board of Education at Mocksville, N. C., at noon, Saturday, July 21st, 1917.

Offers must be submitted by sealed bids, each accompanied by a certified check for \$100, as evidence of good faith. No bonded indebtedness. Bonds to amount \$5,000 authorized. Only \$3,000 now offered for sale. The right is reserved to reject any and all bids.

Address, J. L. HILTON, County Treasurer, Mocksville, N. C. This June 18th, 1917.

COTTON MARKET.

Good Middling.....26½c
Seed cotton.....8 00



ANNOUNCEMENT!

To the man or woman spending the most money with me between now and Saturday evening at 4 o'clock, July the 9th, I will give as a present a nice \$3 50 pair gents or ladies slippers. You also get coupons on the aluminum ware.

O. G. ALLEN.

JACOB STEWART

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW

OFFICES: ROOMS NOS. 1 AND 6
OVER MERCHANTS & FARMERS' BANK.

MOCKSVILLE, N. C.

OFFICE PHONE NO. 67.

PRACTICE IN ALL THE STATE
AND FEDERAL COURTS.

DR. ROBT. ANDERSON,

DENTIST,

Phones Office No. 71. Residence No. 47
Office over Drug Store.

DR. MARTIN,

in connection with general practice,
gives special attention to diseases
of eye, ear, nose and throat and fits
glasses.

Office—Over Drug Store.



Everybody knows it by name

Chero-Cola is sold only in the original bottle, sterilized, sealed and labeled at the plant.

Each bottle is filled by machinery—the syrup and carbonated water are accurately measured by machinery, therefore you get the same uniform pleasing flavor in every bottle, which is absolutely impossible under the ordinary soda fountain method.

You can get your CHERO-COLA, "In a Bottle—Through a Straw" at Soda Fountains and other Refreshment Stands.

Everybody knows it by its name.

RENEW IN EAST

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AND SHOOT
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MARTIAL LAW

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RENEW RAGE RIOTS IN EAST ST. LOUIS

MOB FIRES HOMES OF NEGROES
AND SHOOT OCCUPANTS AS
THEY FLEE.

MARTIAL LAW IS DECLARED

Twelve Companies of National Guard
on Duty.—Estimates on Number
Killed During Day of Rioting Run as
High as 250.

East St. Louis, Ill.—An estimate of
the dead in the race riot and fire rang-
ed from fifteen to seventy-five, of
whom two were white men.

Buildings were still burning at four
different points in the city.

The property loss was estimated by
City Attorney Fekete at \$3,000,000.

Forty injured negroes and six injur-
ed white men in one hospital and almost
an equal number in another.

Colonel Trapp, assistant adjutant
general, stated shortly before mid-
night that the rioting crowds had for
the most part dispersed.

At least fifteen negroes were shot
and killed by mobs here as they fled
from their burning homes which had
been set on fire by white mobs. The
exact number who perished in the
burning houses, if any, is unknown,
and will not be ascertained until the
ruins are searched.

Military rule was proclaimed and at
the same time 300 white men were ar-
rested and locked up at police head-
quarters. Negro quarters in various
parts of the city are on fire and the
flames reach the very edge of the
business district.

Estimates of the number of negroes
who perished in the fire ran as high
as 100, but there was nothing authen-
tic on which to base these estimates
except that hundreds of whites stood
around the edges of the burning dis-
tricts and fired at the negroes as they
fled from their homes.

State's Attorney Schaumlöffel, of
St. Clair county, drove through the
riot-swept district with Police Inspec-
tor Walsh, of St. Louis, Mo. The
state's attorney estimated that the
dead negroes would number 250. All
estimates, however, are conjectural.

The mayor of East St. Louis sent
for Fire Chief Swingley of St. Louis,
Mo., to assist in fighting the flames,
which threatened to destroy a large
part of the city. A company of the
St. Louis fire department started to
East St. Louis but was ordered back
by Chief Swingley.

KERENSKY LEADS RUSSIAN TROOPS IN BRILLIANT VICTORY.

Thousands of Prisoners Taken and
Many Guns.

Petrograd.—The brilliant Russian
advance, the news of which has sent
a wave of rejoicing through the en-
tire country, was led by War Minis-
ter Kerensky in person.

For the last four days the war min-
ister has been continuously at the
front, spending every effort to urge
the troops to advance. He finally
rode to the front line trenches and
placing himself at the head of the
troops gave the order to advance.

The spectacle of the popular war
minister on the firing line accom-
plished what oratory had failed to
do and the Russian line swept for-
ward into the German trenches.

The Russians have captured Kon-
luchy, on the Galician front, together
with 154 officers and 8,400 men, the
war office announced.

DISCLOSE CONSPIRACY TO DESTROY LAKE SHIPPING.

Washington.—Secret investigation
by government agents has disclosed
the existence of a conspiracy to de-
stroy or hinder shipping on the Great
Lakes and thereby delay the organ-
ization of American war armies and
check the flow of food and munitions
material from the west to the east.

No conspirators have been captured
and the identity of none has been
made public, but state, navy and jus-
tice departments are co-operating to
bring the offenders to punishment.

YOUNG EMPEROR IN PALACE OF PRESIDENT.

Tien Tsin.—Hsuan Tung, the young
emperor, according to reports from
Peking, has taken possession of the pa-
lace occupied by President Li Yuan
Hung and is surrounded by prominent
military leaders. A demand was made
upon President Li that he resign in
favor of Hsuan Tung. The president
replied that he would resign in favor
of the vice president, as he was un-
able to resign in favor of the emperor.

GREEK DESTROYER LOST IN MEDITERRANEAN SEA.

Paris.—The Greek destroyer Doxa,
manned by French officers and crew
has been blown up in the Mediterran-
ean sea. Twenty-nine men including
all the officers, were lost. The offi-
cial announcement of the Doxa says
that the destroyer sank as the result of
a double explosion on June 28. The
Doxa was then within one hundred
yards of a merchant vessel which she
was conveying.

RUSSIAN SOLDIERS ASSUME OFFENSIVE

TROOPS OF NEW RUSSIA LAUNCH
ATTACK ON EXTENSIVE
SCALE.

STORM GERMAN POSITIONS

Berlin Admits That Attacks Were
Powerful Along Whole Eighteen-
Mile Front.—British Are Meeting
With Successes in West.

The soldiers of new Russia have
assumed the offensive. For the first
time since the revolution last March
Russian troops have begun an attack
on an extensive scale.

Along a region of eighteen and one-
half miles in the region of Brzezany,
Galicia, Russian troops have stormed
the German positions. Berlin says
the Russians suffered heavy losses and
were compelled to retire before the
German fire. The attack was made
between the upper Stripa and the
Narayuvka river, a tributary of the
Gnila Lipa, in the section southeast
of Lemberg, the Galician capital,
where the artillery firing has been
heavy recently.

The Russians also made night at-
tacks on both sides of Brzezany and
near Zyzyn, and Berlin reports that
assaults between the Zlota Lipa and
the Narayuvka have brought on new
battles between the opposing forces.

The artillery arm of the Russian
forces has again been active, and from
the Berlin report it is learned that an
intensive duel has been in progress in
the region of Brzezany to as far
northward as the Middle Stokhod in
Volhynia, distance of about 175 miles.

Berlin declares that the Russian
attacks, which it says were power-
ful, were brought about through the
pressure of the leading entente pow-
ers, the text of the official statement
saying:

"The Russian government having
been constrained to yield to the pres-
sure of the leading entente powers,
part of the army has been introduced
to attack."

The region of the Narayuvka and
Upper Stripa rivers has been the
scene of much bitter fighting since
General Brusiloff ended his victorious
campaign last year, and Brzezany is
one of the keys of Lemberg.

Field Marshal Haig continues to
tighten his grip on Lens. On the
north bank of the River Souchez,
British troops have captured German
positions on a front of about half a
mile southwest and west of Lens. The
British army during June captured
8,656 German prisoners, including 175
officers and sixty-seven men, including
two heavy guns, as well as much
other war material.

FOOD NEUTRALS MAY BE SUPPLY GERMANY FOOD.

Which Is Replaced With Imports
Brought From America.

Washington.—Evidence that Ger-
many is obtaining vast quantities of
food from the European neutral coun-
tries has been presented to the United
States by Great Britain for the Amer-
ican government's guidance in de-
termining an export policy. Much of
this, the British statistics purport to
show, is replaced by the neutrals with
imports from America.

From Scandinavia and Holland, the
information sets forth, enough fat is
going into Germany to supply 7,700,
000 soldiers, virtually the entire army
of effectives in the empire. German
imports from these countries, it is
declared, reduced to calories will
equal the total ration of 2,500,000
troops, the size of the German army in
the west.

German purchases of foodstuffs
abroad are made through the gov-
ernment department of the interior,
which has organized a special divi-
sion to buy from the neutrals. In the
early days of the war, the German
government stimulated importation of
food by excluding imports from or-
eration of maximum price laws, but
this drew such a vigorous protest from
German producers the practice was
stopped.

AMERICAN HELP IS REALLY VERY GREAT.

Zurich, Switzerland.—Referring to
the arrival of American troops on
French soil, the military critic of the
Frankfurter Zeitung says Germany
must not overlook the fact that Amer-
ican help is really very great, though
it will come only by degrees. Under
these conditions, he says, if France
is obliged to restrict her military ac-
tivities, it will signify no strengthen-
ing of the German situation.

MANY ARE KILLED WHEN CAR PLUNGES INTO RIVER.

Niagara Falls, N. Y.—A belt line car
on the great Gorge route left the
rails, plunged down a twentyfoot
embankment and turned over in ten
feet of water on the edge of the
Whirlpool rapids. Nine persons are
known to be dead, two persons known
to have been on the car have not
been seen since the accident and
probably are dead, an indefinite num-
ber, estimated at from two to ten,
are reported missing.

DENY ANY INCREASE IN FREIGHT RATES

APPLICATION OF RAILROADS FOR
FREIGHT RATE INCREASE
DENIED.

SUSPENDED UNTIL OCT. 28

Order Says No Conditions of Emer-
gency Exist as to Western and
Southern Roads to Justify Upward
Revision of Rates.

Washington.—The Interstate Com-
merce Commission suspended until
October 28, 1917, the proposed fifteen
per cent increase in freight rates.

The commission, in announcing the
decision said:

"We are led to the conclusion that
no condition of emergency exists as to
the western and southern carriers,
which would justify permitting a gen-
eral increase in their rates to become
effective."

"In the eastern districts, increased
rates have recently been permitted to
become effective, generally on bitu-
minous coal, coke and iron ore. We
think that similar increases may be
permitted in the southern district on
coal, coke and iron ore."

"In the southern district, the pro-
posed increased rates on coal are on
the basis of fifteen per cent, with a
maximum of fifteen cents a ton. These
tariffs we shall permit to be com-
e effective."

"In the western district, the in-
creases are based upon fifteen per
cent with a minimum of fifteen cents
per ton. These tariffs will be sus-
pended, but the western carriers may,
if they so elect, file new tariffs, carry-
ing increases in rates on coal and
coke not exceeding in any case fifteen
cents per ton."

"All of the tariffs included in this
percentage of the western lines will
be suspended. All of the tariffs in-
cluded in this percentage of the south-
ern carriers will be suspended except
those applying on coal, coke and
iron ore."

The commission, in its decision, de-
clared its willingness to meet any sit-
uation which may arise in case the
fear of the railroads of heavily de-
creased incomes are realized.

GREECE BREAKS OFF RELATIONS WITH GERMANY.

State of War Is Considered to
Exist.

Athens.—The Greek government has
broken diplomatic relations with Ger-
many, Austria-Hungary, Bulgaria and
Turkey.

Though war has not yet been de-
clared, the Greek government con-
sidered that a state of war exists since
its advent to power. The recall of
the Greek diplomatic representatives
accredited to the central powers and
their allies is imminent.

Greece's new course with regard to
the war began to be shaped on June
12 with the abdication of King Con-
stantine and the accession of Alexan-
der, his second son, as king. The
abdication was in effect a dethrone-
ment of Constantine, whose pro-Ger-
man attitude had given the entente
endless trouble and threatened not
only the success of the Saloniki ex-
pedition, but its safety through danger
of backfire from a hostile Greek mili-
tary force.

Eliphtherios Venizelos, Greece's lead-
ing statesman and fast friend of the
entente, soon appeared as the man to
take the leadership in guiding Greece
to her traditional place by the side
of England, France and Serbia, the
last her close ally whom she had aban-
doned under Constantine's coercion in
Serbia's hour of greatest need.

Summoned back to the premiership
by King Alexander, Venizelos quickly
formed a cabinet. The reactionary
elements have been ousted or quieted,
and the re-establishment of Greek
constitutional government, virtually
abolished by Constantine, began.

That the cabinet of May, 1915, which
had been dissolved by Constantine,
would again be summoned to meet was
later indicated, giving a legislative
backing to the new executive power.

When the battle ended and the Can-
adians began their work of consol-
idating newly-won positions their line
had been extended to within one mile
of the center of Lens, the fall of which
under such tenacious assaults as have
been made recently seemingly cannot
be long delayed.

REGIMENTS WILL BE GIVEN NUMBERS, ONLY.

Washington.—Designation of all
army regiments hereafter by number
and service branch only, without dis-
tinction between units of the regulars,
national guard and national army, has
been decided on by the war depart-
ment to simplify official records of the
great war forces now being developed.

Under the system, the regular reg-
iments will retain their present names
as the "first infantry," "first cav-
alry," etc., upward.

AUTHORIZATION OF MORE BONDS UNDER CONSIDERATION.

Washington.—With revision of the
war tax virtually completed and now
totaling \$1,449,000,000, against the
\$1,300,000,000 levy of increased taxes
adopted by the House, the Senate
finance committee considered author-
ization of additional bonds. Senator
Stone formally proposed a bond issue
of 500,000,000. The committee plans
to reach a decision soon, and to fix
the rate to be imposed on war excess
profits, probably sixteen per cent.

FOUR BRITISH VESSELS SUNK BY SUBMARINES

Boston.—The torpedoing and sink-
ing of four large British cargo-carrying
steamers was announced in advices to
insurance offices. The steamers were
the Utonia, of the Cunard line, 6,593
tons; Haverton, of the American line,
7,493 tons; Buffalo, Wilson liner, 2,583
tons, and the Manistee, another Can-
ard vessel. No details of the losses
were given and no mention was made
of the fate of the crews.

MONEY NEEDED FOR EMERGENCY HOSPITALS

Washington.—President Wilson has
sent to Congress a recommendation by
Secretary Daniels for appropriation of
\$2,200,000 for additional emergency
hospitals. Temporary hospitals are
nearing completion at Portsmouth, N.
H.; Philadelphia, Newport, Norfolk,
Charleston, S. C., Pensacola and New
Orleans, and plans are nearly ready
for similar establishments at New
York, Annapolis, Jamestown, Quantico,
Va., Key West and Great Lakes.

BIG REDUCTIONS IN COAL PRICES

BITUMINOUS PRODUCT MINED
EAST OF MISSISSIPPI EFFECT-
ED BY AGREEMENT.

GOES INTO EFFECT AT ONCE

Decreases Ranging From One to Five
Dollars Per Ton to the Public.—
Question of Prices on Anthracite
Comes Up Later.

Washington.—Sweeping reductions
in the price of bituminous coal at all
mines east of Mississippi river, rang-
ing from one to five dollars a ton to
the public, with an additional cut of
fifty cents for the government, were
agreed upon at conferences between
the operators and government offi-
cials. The new prices become effective
July 1.

Four hundred operators who gath-
ered here at a call from Secretary Lane,
pledged themselves to furnish their
product by committees from each field.
Earlier in the day, they had agreed to
place the price-fixing in the hands of
the government, through the defense
council's coal production committee,
Secretary Lane and Commissioner
Fort, of the federal trade commission,
thus avoiding the possibility of violat-
ing the anti-trust laws.

Director Smith of the geological
survey, estimated that the reduced
prices would mean that the operators
would get \$180,000,000 less annually
for their output.

In addition to placing prices upon
coal at the mines it was announced
that jobbers, brokers, retailers and
commission men would be permitted
to charge commissions of not more
than twenty-five cents a ton and that
no more than one commission should
be charged. In other words, the con-
sumer will get his coal at the mine
plus transportation charges and
twenty-five cents per ton.

The agreement does not affect an-
thracite, and the coal production com-
mittee announced that action on that
problem had been postponed until
after July 1 by agreement with the
operators. The anthracite producers
have indicated willingness to meet the
government in the same spirit mani-
fested by the bituminous men.

CANADIANS CONTINUE DRIVE AGAINST LINE AT LENS

Brazil Is no longer a neutral in the
world-war and the German empire has
another enemy arrayed against it.

Having previously revoked its pol-
icy of aloofness so far as it affected
the hostilities between the United
States and Germany, Brazil now has
come definitely into the open and an-
nounced that it can no longer be con-
sidered neutral in the war between the
entente and Germany.

Although no announcement has
been made as to whether the South
American republic will actually enter
into hostilities by its revocation of
neutrality, it definitely aligns itself
morally on the side of the United
States and the entente.

The Canadians, men from all parts
of the dominion, have taken another
back at the German lines protecting
Lens, the coal center in the Depart-
ment of Pas de Calais and have been
rewarded with another encroachment
upon their objective.

Striking on a two-mile front south
of Lens, the Canadians, protected by
effective curtain fires, stormed and
captured German first line positions
before Avion and also the village of
Leauvette. They defeated in their on-
slaughts men of the crack Prussian
guard and the fifth grenadier guards,
whose machine gun and rifle fire and
the fact that the attacking force had
to cut through wire entanglements
could not stay them.

When the battle ended and the Can-
adians began their work of consol-
idating newly-won positions their line
had been extended to within one mile
of the center of Lens, the fall of which
under such tenacious assaults as have
been made recently seemingly cannot
be long delayed.

The new prohibition plan, all lead-
ers admitted, greatly complicates the
situation and precludes enactment of
the legislation by July 1.

In extending the scope of the legis-
lation, and the President's powers, the
committee adopted amendments which
would provide for government control,
in addition to food, feeds and fuel, of
iron, steel, copper, lead and their prod-
ucts, lumber and timber, petroleum
and its products, farm implements and
machinery, fertilizers and binding
twine materials.

Other important amendments ap-
proved would authorize the govern-
ment to take over and operate fac-
tories, packing houses, oil wells and
mines, regulating wages of their em-
ployees and to commandeer supplies
of any and every kind when needed
for the army and navy "or any other
public use connected with the public
defense." Another would empower
government to buy and sell, for general
civilian purposes, food, feeds and fuel,
with limitations upon the general leg-
islation making it apply to agencies
and products only in interstate or for-
eign commerce.

At a meeting of the board of direc-
tors of the North Carolina school for
the deaf, at Morganton, W. M. Shur-
ford was elected steward to fill the
vacancy made by Mr. Clodfelter, who
resigned to enter the hardware busi-
ness.

HONORED BY BEING ONE OF THE FIRST OF THE FIGHTING MEN TO CARRY THE STARS AND STRIPES INTO BATTLE IN FRANCE.

Duncan Hill, of Charlotte, a member
of the marine corps band, has left
with the first contingent of United
States marines for service overseas.

Governor Bickett is urging exemp-
tion boards to speed up with their
work.

Representative Webb has announced
that Morganton is to have city mail
delivery.

More than thirty men, between the
ages of eighteen and forty, have sig-
ned as members of the Bickett battery
of field artillery that is to be organ-
ized in Union and Anson counties.

THE FIRST NEWS OF THE SELECTION OF FAYETTEVILLE AS A TRAINING CAMP SITE WAS RECEIVED IN A TELEGRAM FROM SEN- ATOR SIMMONS TO POSTMASTER J. B.

Underwood of Fayetteville, in which
the senior senator said that the recre-
tary of war had just informed him by
phone that Fayetteville had been se-
lected.

AMERICAN TROOPS LANDED IN FRANCE

ADVANCE GUARDS READY TO
TAKE STAND ALONGSIDE ARM-
IES OF ALLIES.

DEFY GERMAN SUBMARINES

Thousands of Regulars and Marines
Have Crossed the Atlantic and Take
Places in Trenches After Short Pe-
riod of Training.

Washington.—The advance guard of
the mighty army the United States is
preparing to send against Germany is
on French soil.

In defiance of the German sub-
marines, thousands of seasoned regu-
lars and marines, trained fighting
men, with the tan of long service on
the Mexican border, or Haiti or Santo
Domingo still on their faces, have
been hastened over seas to fight be-
side the French, the British, the Bel-
gian, the Russian, the Portuguese and
the Italian troops on the western front.

News of the safe arrival of the troops
sent a new thrill through Washington.
No formal announcement came from
the war department. None will come,
probably, until Major General Persh-
ing's official report has been received.
Then there may be a statement as to
the numbers and composition of the
advance guard.

Press dispatches from France, pre-
sumably sent forward with the ap-
proval of General Pershing's staff,
show that Major General Sibert, one
of the new major generals of the army,
has been given command of the first
force sent abroad, under General
Pershing as commander-in-chief of the
expedition.

It is understood that the regulations
will map out only the general pro-
cedure of the boards, the personnel
of which already has been announced.
It is regarded as certain that no spe-
cific class exemptions will be provid-
ed for, and that each man will be ap-
praised on his individual occupation
and physical capacity when his name
is called and he is summoned before
the local boards.

Crippled or defective persons among
those who were registered were not
at the time, and it is possible they
already have been dropped from the
rolls. The judgment of the civilian
doctors who are attached to local ex-
emption boards as to the ability of
any individual to bear the hardships
of a soldier's life will be a determin-
ing factor.

Married men will not be exempted
as a class. In each case the ob-
ject of the board will be whether de-
pendency of wife, children or other
relatives upon any man is so com-
plete as to warrant his rejection as
a soldier.

SENATORS WRITE DRASTIC POWERS INTO FOOD BILL

Washington.—Food control legis-
lation assumed new and more drastic
form when the Senate agriculture com-
mittee virtually re-drafted many of
the principal features of the House
measure and reported it with mate-
rial extensions of government power
and a new "bone dry" prohibition pro-
vision to stop manufacture of intox-
icating beverages during the war. The
president would be authorized to per-
mit wine making and to commandeer
existing distilled spirits.

The amended bill was presented to
the Senate by Senator Chamberlain.
He moved to have it substituted for
the draft the Senate has been debat-
ing and proceed with all expedition to-
ward final action.

The new prohibition plan, all lead-
ers admitted, greatly complicates the
situation and precludes enactment of
the legislation by July 1.

In extending the scope of the legis-
lation, and the President's powers, the
committee adopted amendments which
would provide for government control,
in addition to food, feeds and fuel, of
iron, steel, copper, lead and their prod-
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and its products, farm implements and
machinery, fertilizers and binding
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Other important amendments ap-
proved would authorize the govern-
ment to take over and operate fac-
tories, packing houses, oil wells and
mines, regulating wages of their em-
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of any and every kind when needed
for the army and navy "or any other
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and products only in interstate or for-
eign commerce.

At a meeting of the board of direc-
tors of the North Carolina school for
the deaf, at Morganton, W. M. Shur-
ford was elected steward to fill the
vacancy made by Mr. Clodfelter, who
resigned to enter the hardware busi-
ness.

Honored by being one of the first
of the fighting men to carry the stars
and stripes into battle in France,
Duncan Hill, of Charlotte, a member
of the marine corps band, has left
with the first contingent of United
States marines for service overseas.

GVERNOR BICKETT IS URGING EXEMPTION BOARDS TO SPEED UP WITH THEIR WORK.

Representative Webb has announced
that Morganton is to have city mail
delivery.

More than thirty men, between the
ages of eighteen and forty, have sig-
ned as members of the Bickett battery
of field artillery that is to be organ-
ized in Union and Anson counties.

THE FIRST NEWS OF THE SELECTION OF FAYETTEVILLE AS A TRAINING CAMP SITE WAS RECEIVED IN A TELEGRAM FROM SEN- ATOR SIMMONS TO POSTMASTER J. B.

Underwood of Fayetteville, in which
the senior senator said that the recre-
tary of war had just informed him by
phone that Fayetteville had been se-
lected.

OLD NORTH STATE NEWS

Brief Notes Covering Happenings in
This States That Are of Interest to
All the People.

More than 30,000 men will be en-
camped at Fayetteville.

John Paul Lucas was one of the
speakers at the meeting of the trade
secretaries at High Point.

Contract has been let for a 40 by
140 feet addition to the Delgado Cot-
ton mill at Wilmington.

The corporation commission has
granted the A. C. L. privilege to dis-
continue ten of their trains.

Governor Bickett who has been mak-
ing a tour of the fisheries districts of
Eastern Carolina returned to his of-
fice Friday.

A. Brown Walker, aged 81, well
known farmer and Confederate vet-
eran of Cumberland county, died at
his home near Linden recently.

Andrews, with a population of 1,500,
has already furnished to the army and
navy 76 men, or one out of every 20
inhabitants.

State Engineer W. S

"There's a Reason"

LOCAL AND PERSONAL

Mrs. J. D. Cartne
quite ill with fever.

W. W. Stroud, of
in town Sunday.

J. M. Summers, of
in town Friday on business.

Miss Elva Sheek has
a visit to her sister in
S. B. Hanes and A
of the Twin City, we
tors.

Mrs. D. W. Gran
relatives and friends
county.

County Commissioner
sion Monday and trans
business.

Mrs. Charles. Grange
of Charlotte, are

C. B. Carter, of Shiloh, arrived in town Monday and renewed his subscription.

Mrs. Mac Cambell of Washington, N. C. visited her father, Mr. G. A. Carter, at Plenty No. 2 White Sulphur Springs. O. C. WALL, North Carolina.

Mrs. W. M. Howa

C. H. Foster, of R is in on a visit to his 3. Mr. Foster has b nine years.

Miss Frankie Wilson, of the Charlotte Hospital, who has been in town two weeks in town with Mr. and Mrs. R. L.

This being July 4 holiday, The Record reaching its rural page that all the legal holidays are observed on Wednesday.

Among those who have Ford cars last week following: DeWitt Foster, W. A. Byer-

Mr. and Mrs. Jan
little daughter, Ben
Winston-Salem, is
weeks with her pa
Mrs. R. L. Wilson.

FOR SALE—We
sandclay road 6 ac
miles north of M
church and school.

Mr. and Mrs. C.
children, of Philade
town Monday. Mr

Walter Walker, of
has been spending
his parents near Ka
for a short visit to
returning home.

Marshall Horn,
the turbid waters of
was in our midst
dumped a bag of
stuntum, for which
thanks. Apple pie.

W. N. Kurfess, a
who has been in Ke
pia and Illinois for
ten years, is in on a
folks. Neil is looki
friends are glad to s

FOR SALE—Two
or sale. Well lo
church and schoo
and out buildings.
ad.

THE DAVIE RECORD.

LARGEST CIRCULATION OF ANY PAPER
EVER PUBLISHED IN DAVIE COUNTY.

ARRIVAL OF PASSENGER TRAINS

GOING NORTH
No. 26 Lv. Mocksville 6:48 a. m.
No. 28 Lv. Mocksville 2:18 p. m.
GOING SOUTH
No. 27 Lv. Mocksville 7:19 a. m.
No. 25 Lv. Mocksville 5:04 p. m.

LOCAL AND PERSONAL NEWS.

Mrs. J. D. Cartner, of R. 5, is quite ill with fever.

W. W. Stroud, of the Twin-City, was in town Sunday.

J. M. Summers, of Salisbury, was in town Friday on business.

Miss Elva Sheek has returned from a visit to her sister in Lexington.

S. B. Hanes and A. M. Clement, of the Twin City, were Sunday visitors.

Mrs. D. W. Granger is visiting relatives and friends in Iredell county.

County Commissioners were in session Monday and transacted routine business.

Mrs. Chas. Granger and little son, of Charlotte, are spending some time with relatives in town.

C. B. Carter, of Shady Grove, was in town Monday and called around and renewed his subscription.

Mrs. Mac Cambell and little son, of Washington, N. C., are guests of her father, Mr. G. A. Allison.

Plenty No. 2 White Oats at O. C. WALL, North Cooleemee.

D. A. Whitley, of Winston-Salem, is spending a few days in town this week with friends.

Mrs. A. M. McGlamery and children left Monday morning for Raleigh, where they will spend the summer.

Mrs. W. M. Howard who returned from Dr. Long's Sanatorium at Statesville last week, is improving rapidly.

C. H. Foster, of Russellville, Ky., is in on a visit to his parents on R. 3. Mr. Foster has been away about nine years.

J. J. Starrette, the Kappa undertaker, was in town Monday and gave us a pleasant call and a life preserver. Thanks.

Miss Frankie Wilson, a nurse in the Charlotte Hospital, is spending two weeks in town with her parents Mr. and Mrs. R. L. Wilson.

E. H. Woodruff, who represents the R. J. Reynolds Tobacco Co., in the wilds of Alabama, is in our midst on his annual vacation, and looks hale and hearty.

This being July 4th and a legal holiday, The Record is one day late reaching its rural patrons. It seems that all the legal holidays come on Wednesday.

Among those who bought new Ford cars last week we note the following: DeWitt Clement, T. P. Foster, W. A. Byerly, Maxie Pass, William Crofts.

Mr. and Mrs. James McIver and little daughter, Bernice Wilson, of Winston-Salem, is spending two weeks with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. R. L. Wilson.

FOR SALE—Well located near sandclay road 6 acres of land, 3 miles north of Mocksville near church and school. J. L. SHEEK.

Mr. and Mrs. C. C. Cherry and children, of Philadelphia, arrived in town Monday, Mrs. Cherry and children, will spend the summer here, occupying the McGlamery residence.

Walter Walker, of St. Louis, who has been spending some time with his parents near Kappa, left Sunday for a short visit to Winston before returning home.

Marshall Horn, who resides on the turbid waters of Cedar Creek, was in our midst Thursday and dumped a bag of apples into our sanctum, for which he has our thanks. Apple pie.

W. N. Kurfess, an old Davie boy who has been in Kentucky, California and Illinois for the past eight or ten years, is in on a visit to home folks. Neil is looking well and his friends are glad to see him again.

FOR SALE—Two valuable farms for sale. Well located, close to church and school. Good house and out buildings. Terms can be had. J. L. SHEEK. Mocksville, N. C.

Two New Trains.

The Southern Railway is going to take off two trains through Mocksville, but in place of these, which are No. 28 and No. 25, we are to have two new trains Nos. 21 and 22, which are to run from Goldsboro to Asheville, via Mocksville. No. 22 will pass here about 2 p. m., going North, and No. 21 will arrive here about 2:30 p. m. going to Asheville. This new schedule will become effective next Sunday. There is some talk of changing the schedule of No. 26, and have it arrive here about 8 a. m., going North instead of at 6:48, as at present.

Red Cross Funds \$400.

The local committee which made a whirlwind campaign last week for the Red Cross, raised \$400 here and at Farmington, about \$272 being raised here and \$27 at Farmington. A list of the contributors was promised The Record by one of the committee last week, but the list was not turned in, and we are therefore unable to publish it. A large number of our citizens contributed to the cause, the amounts ranging from \$50 down to 10 cents. The ladies who undertook this work are to be congratulated on the success of the campaign.

Bond Remains The Same.

The bond of Charlie Brown, who is charged with being implicated with the attempted bank robbery here two weeks ago, remains at \$5,000. Brown's lawyer took habeas corpus proceedings and carried the evidence and the prisoner before Judge Shaw, at Greensboro, with the hope of getting Brown's bond reduced, but after hearing both sides of the question, His Honor decided that the bond was not too large and Brown was brought back here and lodged in jail, where he will doubtless remain until August court.

Tom Estes Tried Thursday.

Tom Estes, colored, of Winston-Salem, who is charged with being implicated in the attempted bank robbery here two weeks ago, was given a preliminary hearing Thursday afternoon before Esq. V. E. Swain. Estes was bound over to court under a \$3,000 bond, which he could not give, and is in jail. Estes is a jitney driver in Winston, and Charlie Brown hired him to come over to Mocksville and bring him and Waugh, the fellow who assaulted Cashier Morris. It is thought by many that Estes knew nothing about the attempted robbery, and was ignorant of the whole matter until arrested. The facts will no doubt come out at court.

James Raleigh Hughes and C. L. Crouse, of Greensboro, were in town Monday on business.

Floyd Gaither, district manager for the Reynolds Tobacco Co., with headquarters at Montgomery, Ala., is in town visiting home folks.

The Masonic Lodge had a public installation of officers Monday evening. A large number of members and friends were present. After the installation, delicious cream and cake was served.

Miss Dora Boger, of Cana, was in town Monday and called at our office and subscribed for The Record.

P. W. Hairston, of Fulton, Dr. J. W. Rodwell and B. O. Morris, of Mocksville, have been appointed by the Governor to serve as the Exemption Board for Davie county. A good selection.

Gaither Cambell, who travels for the R. J. Reynolds Tobacco Co., with headquarters at Shreveport, La., spent a few days last week with his parents near town. He left Monday morning on a business trip to Washington, D. C.

Henry Howard, of R. 4, was in town one day last week and told us that his crop was damaged about \$500 by the hail storm which visited that section a few weeks ago. He lost his entire crop of wheat, and had to replant all his cotton and corn.

Miss Annie Hall Baity delightfully entertained about 15 young people at a "Tacky Party" Thursday evening. After various games, delicious refreshments were served the guests. The evening was enjoyed by all the guests.

The editor, together with R. A. Blaylock and T. P. Foster, Forded down to Badin Wednesday and took a look at the mammoth dam across the Yadkin. Badin is getting to be somewhat of a town, and the big aluminum plant there is a sight worth traveling many miles to see.

KODAK



Every farmer should have one. Get one at Crawford's Drug Store.

Mr. R. Don Laws in Town.

Mr. R. Don Laws of Moravia Falls, editor of the Yellow Jacket, was in The Landmark office Tuesday. Mr. Laws, with his wife and children, were returning home after a motor trip through the State. Mr. Laws says he will give Iredell credit for having the best crops that he has seen anywhere in the State and he has just journeyed almost across the State. He says Davie has good crops, too. Mr. Laws also commented upon Iredell's good roads. He says the road from Statesville to Winston-Salem is one of the best to be found anywhere. He can take that road at 30 miles an hour with scarcely a jolt anywhere.—Statesville Landmark.

Clarence Sidden and Miss Ella Stewart, of Fulton, were united in marriage at the home of Esq. C. B. Carter, in Shady Grove, on Sunday afternoon.

Equalization Board to Meet.

Notice is hereby given that the County Board of Equalization will meet at the court house in Mocksville, on Monday, July 9th, 1917. All persons having complaints to make will file them on that date. This July 2, 1917.

W. E. BOYLES, Chm. Board County Commissioners.

OUR MISSIONARY QUESTION BOX.
EDITED BY
BERTHA MARVIN LEE.

What is the missionary outlook in Japan?

Let William Axling, a Baptist missionary answer:

"Twelve years ago the missionary and the native evangelist were suspected and disliked. Today the Christian pastor and evangelist are among the most respected men in the community. The missionary is given an entrance to schools and homes."

I had the privilege of speaking in fine public schools on my last trip. At three of the places visited the meetings were held in the local theatre building. In one place the principal of the local school marched into the preaching place at the head of his whole faculty. Everywhere there are signs that the Spirit of God is moving upon the hearts of the people. In almost every place the capacity of the meeting place has been taxed to the fullest, and the response to the invitation at the close has been most gratifying."

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE
BANK OF DAVIE
MOCKSVILLE, N. C.

At the close of business June 20, 1917.

RESOURCES:

Loans and discounts	\$288,743.88
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured	1,014.96
United States Bonds on hand	800.00
Furniture and fixtures	2,885.00
Due from National Banks	16,735.62
Due from State Banks	23,098.92
Gold coin	4,235.50
Silver coin, including all minor coin currency	1,233.25
National bank notes and other U. S. notes	2,644.00
Total	\$341,401.13

LIABILITIES:

Capital stock	\$21,350.00
Surplus fund	32,000.00
Undivided profits, less current expenses and taxes paid	4,468.32
Deposits subject to check	\$0,500.25
Time Certificates of Deposit	118,325.83
Savings Deposits	68,798.74
Cashier's checks outstanding	357.59
Accrued interest due depositors	5,000.00
Total	\$341,401.13

State of North Carolina, ss

County of Davie, ss

I, E. L. Gaither, President of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

E. L. GAITHER, President.

Subscribed and sworn to before me, this 20th day of June, 1917.

ERNEST E. HUNT, Notary Public.

My commission expires June 18, 1919.

Correct—Attest:

HERBERT CLEMENT,

J. B. JOHNSTONE,

J. H. SPRINKLE,

Directors.

Rubbing Eases Pain

Rubbing sends the liniment

tingling through the flesh and

quickly stops pain. Demand a

liniment that you can rub with.

The best rubbing liniment is

MUSTANG LINIMENT

Good for the Ailments of

Horses, Mules, Cattle, Etc.

Good for your own Aches,

Pains, Rheumatism, Sprains,

Cuts, Burns, Etc.

25c. 50c. \$1. At all Dealers.

Bargains In Furniture.

You don't have to go out of the county to get just what you want. We buy in large lots and are fully prepared to give you as good bargains as can be found anywhere.

Dressers from \$8.00 to \$19.00
Hall Racks \$9.00 to \$12.50
Center Tables \$1.00 to \$7.50
Rockers \$1.50 to 6.00
A complete line of Dining tables.
Just received over 100 Bedsteads from \$3.50 to 12.50. Certainly can please you.

Big line of bed springs and mattresses.
Good line of Porch Swings. Come in and look over our stock. Glad to show you whether you buy or not.
Yours for bargains.

C. C. SANFORD SONS COMPANY.

Two Good Hustlers Wanted

The Record wants two live young men or women to solicit subscriptions in Davie and adjoining counties. A commission of 40 per cent. will be paid. Must begin work this month. Write us at once for particulars.

THE DAVIE RECORD.

Mocksville, N. C.

SAFETY FIRST!

INTEREST IS YOUR BEST SERVANT.

INTEREST NEVER SLEEPS.
IT IS NEVER IDLE.
IT WORKS 24 HOURS EVERY DAY.
IT WORKS 365 DAYS EVERY YEAR.
NO OTHER SERVANT IS SO FAITHFUL.

KEEP YOUR MONEY AT INTEREST.

Start a savings account at once with this bank, and have money accumulating steadily.
We pay 4 percent interest on all time deposits, and our customers' interests are OURS.

BANK OF DAVIE

J. F. MOORE, Cashier E. L. GAITHER, President
MOCKSVILLE, N. C.

Solid Car Load Of Ice
Every Week.

Monday we received our first carload of Ice for the beginning of a big season with our long list of Customers.

We will get a car every week and more if necessary for our old and new Customers.

Our prices will be right and prompt service guaranteed.

SWAIM & DAVIS,

ON THE SQUARE PHONE 69

TENNIS SLIPPERS!

Just received 100 pairs white pumps with white soles, for men and women.

Also black and white for 50c. per pair, all sizes.

S. M. CALL, Jr., MOCKSVILLE, N. C.
ANDERSON BLOCK.

Mocksville Best Flour.

Every sack is full of satisfaction.

HORN-JOHNSTONE COMPANY

MANUFACTURERS

"THAT GOOD KIND OF FLOUR."

MOCKSVILLE

N. C.

DANGER

ing, Dangerous
s Work—
ere.

liver better than a
that it won't make

real liver medicine,
because you will
ever will be working,
gone, your stomach
s regular. You will
heartful, full of vigor

entirely vegetable,
not salivate. Give it
of people are using
of dangerous calomel
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tively here—Adv.

ween Friends.

great friends with a
named Bruce. They lived
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r. One day, after school,
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his mother, in a puzzled
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Work Hard?

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red me and some-
I passed an-
for insurance."

at Any Store, 50c a Box

AN'S KIDNEY

BURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

LDOM SEE

nee like this, but your horse

ave a bunch or bruise on his

lock, stiffl, knee or throat

BSORBINE

can it off without laying up

no blister, no hair

Concentrated—only a few

at an application. \$2 per

Describe your case for special treatment

ne. ABSORBINE, JR., the aus-

maximant, restores Painsful Swellings,

Wens, Bruises, Varicose Veins, etc.

ion. Price \$1 and \$2 a bottle, exclusive

in the U. S. A. by

D. F., 310 Temple St., Springfield, Mass.

White and Colored

Work—Good Wages

portunity for handy men to

ll trades. Can also use all

mechanics at Good Wages.

Apply in person to

el Co., Sparrow's Point, Md.

Woman Wants

etine

ECTIC POWDER

PERSONAL HYGIENE

a water for douches, keeps

rrh, ulceration and inflam-

med Co. for ten years.

onder for nasal catarrh

and sore eyes. Economical

ry cleaning and germicidal power

E. F. Hall, Inc. Company, Boston, Mass.

Greaser, Stretcher, Harger all in one

our \$1.00. Send for sample and dis-

Many back guarantees and agents

E. F. Hall, Inc. Company, Boston, Mass.

CHARLOTTE, N. C. 27-1017.

HOW SHALL WE PAY FOR THE WAR?

A Constructive Criticism on the
House Revenue Bill.

LOANS BETTER THAN TAXES

Five Reasons Why Excessive Taxes at the Outset of War Are Disadvantageous—Great Britain Example Worthy of Emulation—How the Taxes Should Be Apportioned.

By EDWIN R. A. SELIGMAN,
McVickar Professor of Political Economy,
Columbia University.

On May 23, 1917, the House of Representatives passed an act "to provide revenue to defray war expenses and for other purposes." In the original bill as presented by the Committee on Ways and Means, the additional revenue to be derived was estimated at \$1,810,420,000. The amendment to the income tax, which was tacked on to the bill during the discussion in the House, was expected to yield another \$40,000,000 or \$50,000,000.

In discussing the House bill, two problems arise:

I. How much should be raised by taxation?
II. In what manner should this sum be raised?

How Much Should Be Raised by Taxation?

How was the figure of \$1,800,000,000 arrived at? The answer is simple. When the Secretary of the Treasury came to estimate the additional war expenses for the year 1917-18, he calculated that they would amount to some \$6,000,000,000, of which \$3,000,000,000 was to be allotted to the allies, and \$3,000,000,000 was to be utilized for the domestic purposes. Thinking that it would be a fair proposition to divide this latter sum between loans and taxes, he concluded that the amount to be raised by taxes was \$1,800,000,000.

There are two extreme theories, each of which may be dismissed with scant courtesy. The one is that all war expenditures should be defrayed by loans, and the other is that all war expenditures should be defrayed by taxes. Each theory is untenable.

It is indeed true that the burdens of the war should be borne by the present rather than the future generation; but this does not mean that they should be borne by this year's taxation.

Meeting all war expenses by taxation makes the taxpayers in one or two years bear the burden of benefits that ought to be distributed at least over a decade within the same generation.

In the second place, when expenditures approach the gigantic sums of present-day warfare, the tax-only policy would require more than the total surplus of social income. Were this absolutely necessary, the ensuing havoc in the economic life of the community would have to be endured. But where the disasters are so great and at the same time so unnecessary, the

tax-only policy may be declared impracticable. Secretary McAdoo had the right instinct and highly commendable courage in deciding that a substantial portion, at least, of the revenues should be derived from taxation. But when he hit upon the plan of 50-50 per cent., that is, of raising one-half of all domestic war expenditures by taxes, the question arises whether he did not go too far.

The relative proportion of loans to taxes is after all a purely business proposition. Not to rely to a large extent on loans at the outset of a war is a mistake.

Disadvantages of Excessive Taxes.

The disadvantages of excessive taxes at the outset of the war are as follows:

1. Excessive taxes on consumption will cause popular resentment.

2. Excessive taxes on industry will disarrange business, damp enthusiasm and restrict the spirit of enterprise at the very time when the opposite is needed.

3. Excessive taxes on incomes will deplete the surplus available for investments and interfere with the placing of the enormous loans which will be necessary in any event.

4. Excessive taxes on wealth will cause a serious diminution of the incomes which are at present largely drawn upon for the support of educational and philanthropic enterprises. Moreover, these sources of support would be dried up precisely at the time when the need would be greatest.

5. Excessive taxation at the outset of the war will reduce the elasticity available for the increasing demands that are soon to come.

Great Britain's Policy.

Take Great Britain as an example. During the first year of the war she increased taxes only slightly, in order to keep industries going at top notch. During the second year she raised by new taxes only 9 per cent. of her war expenditures. During the third year she levied by additional taxes (over and above the pre-war level) only slightly more than 17 per cent. of her war expenses.

If we should attempt to do as much in the first year of the war as Great Britain did in the third year, it would suffice to raise by taxation \$1,250,000,000. If, in order to be absolutely on the safe side, it seemed advisable to increase the sum to \$1,500,000,000, this should, in our opinion, be the maximum.

In considering the apportionment of the extraordinary burden of taxes in war times certain scientific principles are definitely established:

How Taxes Should Be Apportioned.

(1) The burden of taxes must be spread as far as possible over the whole community so as to cause each individual to share in the sacrifices according to his ability to pay and according to his share in the Government.

(2) Taxes on consumption, which are necessarily borne by the community at large, should be imposed as far as possible on articles of quasi-luxury rather than on those of necessity.

(3) Excises should be imposed as far as possible upon commodities in the hands of the final consumer rather than upon the articles which serve primarily as raw material for further production.

(4) Taxes upon business should be imposed as far as possible upon net earnings rather than upon gross receipts or capital invested.

(5) Taxes upon income which will necessarily be severe should be both differentiated and graduated. That is, there should be a distinction between earned and unearned incomes and there should be a higher rate upon the larger incomes. It is essential, however, not to make the income rate so excessive as to lead to evasion, administrative difficulties, or to the more fundamental objections which have been urged above.

(6) The excess profits which are due to the war constitute the most obvious and reasonable source of revenue during war times. But the principle upon which these war-profit taxes are laid must be equitable in theory and easily calculable in practice.

The Proposed Income Tax.

The additional income tax as passed by the House runs up to a rate of 60 per cent. This is a sum unheard of in the history of civilized society. It must be remembered that it was only after the first year of the war that Great Britain increased her income tax to the maximum of 34 per cent., and that even now in the fourth year of the war the income tax does not exceed 42½ per cent.

It could easily be shown that a tax with rates on moderate incomes substantially less than in Great Britain, and on the larger incomes about as high, would yield only slightly less than the \$532,000,000 originally estimated in the House bill.

It is to be hoped that the Senate will reduce the total rate on the highest incomes to 34 per cent., or at most to 40 per cent., and that at the same time it will reduce the rate on the smaller incomes derived from personal or professional earnings.

If the war continues we shall have to depend more and more upon the income tax. By imposing excessive rates now we are not only endangering the future, but are inviting all manner of difficulties which even Great Britain has been able to escape.

Conclusion.

The House bill contains other fundamental defects which may be summed up as follows:

(1) It pursues an erroneous principle in imposing retroactive taxes.

(2) It selects an unjust and unwarrantable criterion for the excess-profits tax.

(3) It proceeds to an unheard-of height in the income tax.

(4) It imposes unwarranted burdens upon the consumption of the community.

(5) It is calculated to throw business into confusion by levying taxes on gross receipts instead of upon commodities.

(6) It fails to make a proper use of stamp taxes.

(7) It follows an unscientific system in its flat rate on imports.

(8) It includes a multiplicity of petty and unwholesome taxes, the vexatiousness of which is out of all proportion to the revenue they produce.

The fundamental lines on which the House bill should be modified are summed up herewith:

(1) The amount of new taxation should be limited to \$1,250,000,000—or at the outset to \$1,500,000,000. To do more than this would be as unwise as it is unnecessary. To do even this would be to do more than has ever been done by any civilized Government in time of stress.

(2) The excess-profits tax based upon a sound system ought to yield about \$500,000,000.

(3) The income-tax schedule ought to be revised with a lowering of the rates on earned incomes below \$10,000, and with an analogous lowering of the rates on the higher incomes, so as not to exceed 34 per cent. A careful calculation shows that an income tax of this kind would yield some \$450,000,000 additional.

(4) The tax on whisky and tobacco ought to remain approximately as it is, with a yield of about \$230,000,000.

These three taxes, together with the stamp tax at even the low rate of the House bill, and with an improved automobile tax, will yield over \$1,250,000,000, which is the amount of money thought desirable.

The above program would be in harmony with an approved scientific system. It will do away with almost all of the complaints that are being urged against the present. It will refrain from taxing the consumption of the poor.

It will throw a far heavier burden upon the rich, but will not go to the extremes of confiscation. It will obviate interference with business and will keep unimpaired the social productivity of the community.

It will establish a just balance between loans and taxes and will not succumb to the danger of approaching either the tax-only policy or the loan-only policy. Above all, it will keep an undisturbed elastic margin, which must be more and more heavily drawn upon as the war proceeds.

He who plows a furrow is digging the first line trenches for the American soldiery.

A woman with a sole for poetry rarely has a taste for clothes.

Drives Out Malaria, Builds Up System
The Old Standard general strengthening tonic, GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC, drives out Malaria, enriches the blood and builds up the system. A true tonic. For adults and children. 50¢.



PRINTING.

We are prepared to handle all kinds of commercial printing, such as ENVELOPES, STATEMENTS, BILL HEADS, LETTER HEADS, SHIPPING TAGS, CARDS, POSTERS, or anything you may need in the printing line. We have the neatest and best equipped shop in Davie county. Our prices are not too high. Phone No. 1, and we will call and show you samples and prices.

THE SOUTHERN RAILWAY COMPANY



An Ambition and a Record
THE needs of the South are identical with the needs of the Southern Railway: the growth and success of one means the upbuilding of the other.

The Southern Railway asks no favors—no special privilege not accorded to others.

The ambition of the Southern Railway Company is to see that unity of interest that is born of co-operation between the public and the railroad; to see perfected that fair and frank policy in the management of railroads which invites the confidence of governmental agencies; to realize that liberality of treatment which will enable it to obtain the additional capital needed for the acquisition of better and colored facilities incident to the demand for increased and better service; and, finally—

To take its place in the body politic of the South alongside of other great industries, with no more, but with equal liberties, equal rights and equal opportunities.

"The Southern Serves the South."



Southern Railway System.

Winston-Salem Southbound Railway

Short Line Between

Winston-Salem, Lexington, Albemarle,

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Through train from Roanoke, Va., to Florence, S. C., in connection with the Norfolk & Western Railway and Atlantic Coast Line.

Through Pullman Sleeping Car New York to Jacksonville, Fla., via Winston-Salem.

S. P. COLLIER, JR., Traffic Manager.

Winston-Salem, N. C.

SOUTHERN LUNCH ROOM.

Mocksville, N. C.

"Where Hunger is Satisfied."

The old reliable Southern Lunch Room is again open to the public, and is better prepared than ever to serve the public at all times with hot meals, lunches, fruits, cigars, tobacco, candies, etc. Sanitary cooking, neat dining room and attentive service. If you eat with us once, you will eat with us always.

SOUTHERN LUNCH ROOM.

Depot St. : : Mocksville, N. C.

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WEST RALEIGH, N. C.

MECHANICAL ENGINEERING	ANIMAL INDUSTRY
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"An institution where young men of character, energy and ambition may fit themselves for useful and honorable work in many lines of industry which require training and skill for success. Thorough and practical courses are offered in Agriculture; Horticulture; Animal Industry; Civil, Mechanical and Electrical Engineering; Chemistry; Dyeing and Textile Industry. Faculty of 64 instructors. Twenty-seven buildings. Eighteen departments. Military features. For catalogue and entrance blanks, write

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FOR MONUMENTS AND TOMBSTONES

CEMETARY WORK OF ALL KINDS

Investigate our Prices and Work.

Careful Attention Given to Special Designs.

REINS BROTHERS,

(Successors to Miller-Reins Company)

NORTH WILKESBORO AND LENOIR, N. C.

VOLUME XVIII.

The Ame

The following ten by Mr. J. F. ory, and is the d articles which ba ing in our colum

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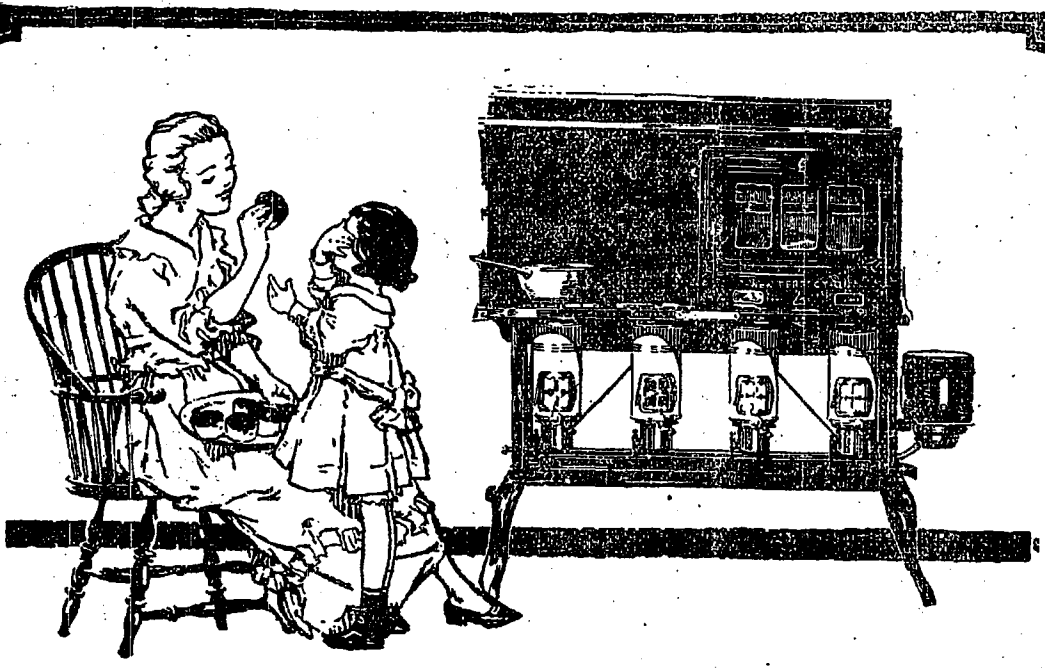
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The count Germany, A ey and Bulg sia. France, States, Italy, gium, Mont Portugal, B Panama, Ch Guatemala. Nicaragua ha with German

Chamberlain

Now is the t remedy so as that any one of an attack of co summer month times its cost v



"Open Your Mouth and Shut Your Eyes
and I'll Give You Something to Make You Wise!"

Crisp, delicious cookies—and never a burnt one! The steady, even flame stays put—you don't need to watch the New Perfection.

Twice as convenient as a coal or wood range and costs no more. No coal or wood to lug, no dirt, no ashes. A quick fire or a simmer, just as you like, and a cool kitchen all the time.

Ask your dealer to show you the new feature, the reversible glass reservoir.

ALADDIN SECURITY OIL

a superior kerosene, for best results. It's always clean and clear-burning.

STANDARD OIL COMPANY

(New Jersey)
Washington, D. C. Baltimore, Md. Charlotte, N. C.
Norfolk, Va. Charleston, W. Va. Charleston, S. C.
Richmond, Va.

NEW PERFECTION
OIL COOK STOVE

The Davie Record.

"HERE SHALL THE PRESS, THE PEOPLE'S RIGHTS MAINTAIN, UNAWED BY INFLUENCE AND UNBRIED BY GAIN."

VOLUME XVIII.

MOCKSVILLE, NORTH CAROLINA, WEDNESDAY, JULY 11, 1917.

NUMBER 52

The American Flag.

The following article was written by Mr. J. F. Click, of Hickory, and is the conclusion of the articles which have been appearing in our columns:

The design of the American flag was drawn by Washington. At his personal request and by his design, the first flag was made by Betsy Ross, a poor widow lady of Philadelphia, who made her living by continuing her husband's upholstery shop. The only change she suggested was, the stars should be five pointed instead of six, which Washington accepted.

The flag thus drawn and made was presented by Washington to Congress and adopted June 14, 1777, by a resolution saying, "that the flag of the U. S. be thirteen stripes alternate red and white, representing the thirteen original states; that the union be thirteen stars, white in a blue field." This resolution was afterwards amended so as to add a star for each additional State as admitted to the Union.

The flag is a national emblem, obedient only to the national will. The flag was made for the people and not the people for the flag. The American people alone can raise it, or haul it down. Its blue field and white dots represent a clear sky of freedom, dotted over with the stars, brought out by the seven years night of the revolution. Its stripes of red tell of the blood that was shed to purchase liberty; its stripes of white proclaim the pure and heaven born purpose of government which derives its just powers from the consent of the governed. The mission of that flag in the world is to protect and to float, not over a conglomeration of commonwealths and colonies, but forever over the land of the free, and the home of the brave. And is the duty of every American to honor it by his life, his words and even his life if need be under the providence and will of God.

No Bills Filed In Iredell.

So far no bills have been filed against the government in connection with the draft registration in Iredell. There was a vast amount of work done but it was practically all by volunteers, who made no charge for the service.

In many counties of the State the same conditions prevail. The registrars were entitled to \$4.00 per day. In Buncombe county only one registrar asked for his \$4, but patriotic citizens contributed the amount rather than have the government pay it, and the criticism was so strong that the registrar withdrew the claim.

This is an unusual but encouraging condition. Usually the man who works for the government wants pay and more pay than he could get for similar work in private employ. While the conditions described obtained in many counties, in others the charge for copying registration cards was unreasonable, says A. L. Fletcher of Raleigh, the disbursing officer. The excessive charges will not be allowed—Statesville Landmark.

Countries At War.

The countries now at war are: Germany, Austria-Hungary, Turkey and Bulgaria, opposed to Russia, France, Great Britain, United States, Italy, Japan, Serbia, Belgium, Montenegro, San Marino, Portugal, Rumania and Cuba, Panama, China, Brazil, Bolivia, Guatemala, Honduras, Liberia and Nicaragua have severed relations with Germany.

Chamberlain's Colic and Diarrhoea Remedy.

Now is the time to buy a bottle of this remedy so as to be prepared in case that any one of your family should have an attack of colic or diarrhoea during the summer months. It is worth hundred times its cost when needed.

The Aristocrat Potato.

How dear to my heart are the dreams of my childhood. When fond recollection presents them to view;

The axe and the sawbuck, the great cord of piled wood. I look at with horror—that I must saw through. The jams pars, the apples, the shell-barks, the bacon.

That hung in the cellar in slabs long and thin—What wonderful dreams of this time they awaken; The old fall potatoes we dumped in the bin.

The plain old potatoes, The cheap fall potatoes. We dumped in the bin.

We bought them by bushels—some fifteen or twenty—And had then boiled, baked, diced, sliced, stewed and fried.

The pies might be few, but of spuds there were plenty For all of us and the neighbors beside.

We called them but spuds—'twas no honor to be one; And some called them murphies, so common they were.

But now I take off my tail hat when I see one, And greet it with pleasure and always say, Sir.

The much-sought potato, The ten-cent potato, The high-priced potato, I always call Sir.

How old Farmer Si, with his boots and tucked trousers, Came creaking and swaying upon the highroad.

With bushels of spuds that were certainly rousers. For size, shape and flavor, and sold the whole load.

For three or four dollars; and Hod Griggs, the grocer, Gave Si half in cash and he traded the rest.

I bought me a dollar's worth yesterday, Oh, Sir! I lost both of them through a hole in my vest.

The precious potato, One-cent potato, Gem-studded potato—And that is no jest.

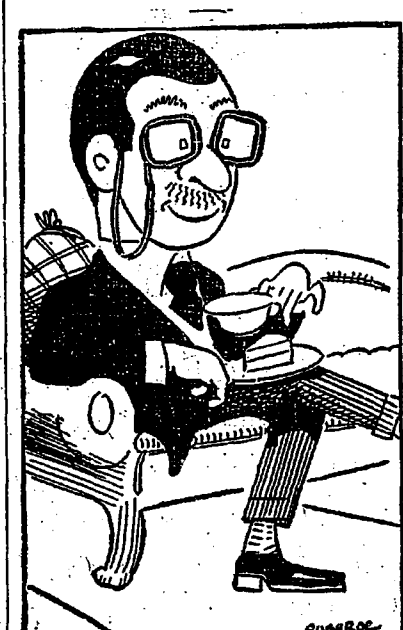
—JAMES W. FOLEY.

May God Forbid.

It is not thought there will be an extra session of the legislature in order to make further appropriation for the University of Tennessee, but it may be called to lower the number of fee admissions to the asylum for the insane.—Rogersville Star.

It would be a deplorable calamity, should Governor Rye in his wisdom call the present legislature in extra session for any purpose whatever. About the only thing in Tennessee that would not suffer from the effect of assembling that aggregation of statesmen, would be the reputation of Tom Rye's business administration.—Montgomery's Vindicator.

THE PET PARLOR PYTHON



We have here a fine example of the pet Parlor Python. He has almost solved the Board, Lodging and Amusement problem. Five or Six Nights a week he Comes and Hangs around the Parlor until Her Father asks him what his Intentions are. Then the Parlor Python hunts him a New Parlor.

Some Noble Truths.

We dug the following out of the trash pile of a modern and up-to-date print shop. It was good to me then. But circumstance have changed.

MORALITY ON TRIAL. There are the days that search men's hearts. These are the days that ought to quiet ill-considered counsel. These are solum days, when all the moral standards of mankind are to be fully tried out.

AMERICA NOT A BULLY. I am an American, but I don't believe that any of us loves a blustering nationality with its elbows out and its swagger on. We love that quiet, self respecting, un-conquerable spirit which does not strike until it is necessary, and then strikes to conquer.

CIVILIZATION VERSUS WAR. Civilization does not rest on war. It rests upon those things which men achieve by cooperation and mutual interest in one another. It does not flourish in the soil of hostility and antagonism; and a world war in the presence of which civilization holds its breath and wonders if it will itself survive.

JINGOES AND CITIZENSHIP. There are actually men in America who are preaching war, who are preaching the duty of the United States to do what it never would before, seek entanglements in the controversies which have arisen on the other side of the water—abandon its habitual and traditional policy, and deliberately engage in the conflict which is now engulfing the rest of the world. I do not know what the standard of citizenship of these gentlemen may be. I only know that I for one cannot subscribe to those standards.

We know a majority of the American people have shown by their acts, that they relish the above noble truths uttered by our President last year and published in his campaign book. But war changes the best of us. J. F. C.

Drives Out Malaria, Builds Up System. The Old Standard general strengthening tonic, GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC, drives out Malaria, enriches the blood, and builds up the system. A true tonic. For adults and children. 50c.

Send Him Over.

Otto Wood, the famous Wilkes county auto thief, has issued a statement from his cell in the Wilkes county jail, in which he says the quickest way to end the war is to send him to Germany and let him steal the Kaiser's automobile and the Kaiser. We'll bet on Wood getting the automobile and come as near getting the Kaiser as anyone.—Lix.

The Quinine That Does Not Affect The Head Because of Its Tonic and Laxative Effect. LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE is better than ordinary Quinine and does not cause nervousness nor ringing in head. Remember the full name and look for the signature of E. W. GROVE, 25c.

A Question.

If one little, wicked nation by human preparation, can put the whole world into a state of war and death, why is it that one great and good nation, by divine preparation, could not keep the world in a state of peace and life? If the good nation would place as much confidence in God as the bad nation does in man, it could.—Hickory Times-Mercury.

DANGERS OF A COLD.

People Will Do Well To Heed Them! Many had cases of kidney trouble result from a cold or chill. Congested kidney fall behind in filtering the poison-laden blood, and backache, headache, dizziness and bladder ills follow. Don't neglect a cold. Use Doan's Kidney Pills at the first sign of kidney trouble. Here is an experience told by a resident of this locality.

Mrs. R. F. McNeil, 307 Highland Ave., Winston-Salem, N. C., says: "I was down for several weeks with an awful cold which had settled in my kidneys. My back was so lame I could hardly get around. I felt tired all the time and the least exertion completely laid me up. My nerves were in a bad way and the least excitement got me all unstrung. After taking Doan's Kidney Pills, my back felt stronger. I used about two boxes in all and they made me feel like a different woman. I could eat and sleep better and my health greatly improved." Price 50c. at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mrs. McNeil had. Foster-Milburn Co., Mfgs., Buffalo, N. Y.

Sucking The Poor Man's Blood.

Food speculators and price boosters are literally sucking the life blood of the poor people of this country, and are paring to the bone the resources of those in more moderate circumstances.

And this in the face of war, and misery and death!

We see much in the press about government regulation of the food question, but we see no definite action taken by congress to authorize such regulation. We read of law officers summoning speculators and going before grand juries, but we look in vain for convictions and jail sentences. And in the meantime prices of the very necessities of life keep right on mounting skyward.

People who live on noise they make rush into print and tell us it is simply a question of supply and demand, and that prices will automatically adjust themselves when the new crops are on the market.

It is not a question of supply and demand, and prices will not adjust themselves until the government steps in with an iron hand and slams every thieving speculator behind the bars and keeps him there.

If allowed to run at large they will buy up the new stocks of provisions as they have bought up the old ones, and prices will be just what they choose to make them.

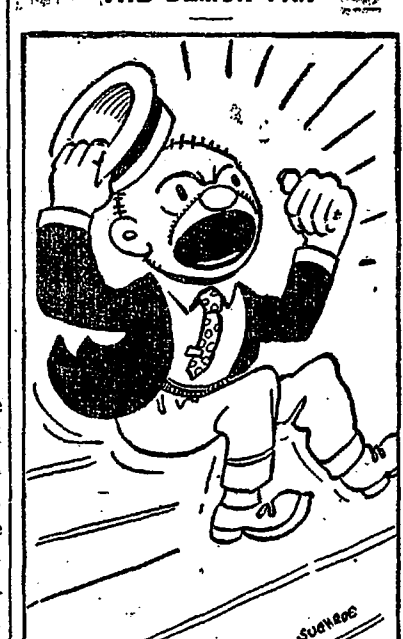
No one expects these replies to do anything for the welfare of their country, but they should no longer be allowed to drag it down to ruin.

We can not afford internal troubles with a foreign war on our hands, and as a loyal American we can ask congress and the government to act, and act quickly.

The blood of the poor man is disappearing, and in its wake will come rioting and anarchy.

This must not be, and only official action can prevent it.—Elkin Tribune.

THE DEMON FAN



Hear the Demon Fan rave! He came out to the Ball Game to have a Large Time but the Umpire has Spotted the Day for him. Were it not for the Cop, he'd tear the Ump's Limb from Limb! You would Never Think to look at him now, that Ordinarily he is the Quietest Man in Town.

We would just about as soon be left to the tender mercies of the Kaiser as to the food and fuel speculators of this country. Unless the administration takes this situation in charge and handles it without gloves America is likely to have food riots this winter. There is no use in letting these pirates rob the people for food and fuel again as they did last winter.—Ex.

Doing Good.

Few medicines have met with more favor or accomplished more good than Chamberlain's Colic and Diarrhoea Remedy. John F. Jantzen, Delmer, Sask., says of it: "I have used Chamberlain's Colic and Diarrhoea Remedy; myself and in my family, and can recommend it as being an exceptionally fine preparation."

Governmental Inefficiency.

A great hue and cry was raised about the robbery practiced on the newspapers by the paper mills, and one or two manufactures were said to have been indicted for the extortionate prices they charged for print paper. Now it is calmly announced that the government has utterly failed to regulate and control the price of paper, and the prediction is made that our last state will be worse than our first, and that the newspaper people may prepare to pay the highest prices ever known, in the near future.

Coupled with this statement is the confession that the newspaper manufacturers have made enormous profits on their business for the year. What is the matter with Uncle Sam anyhow? Some things he can do with a vigorous hand. He can conscript a young man and send him to the trenches. He can levy any sort of war tax he pleases, and on whom he pleases. He can say to this man come, and he cometh, and to another go, and he goeth. But when he comes face to face with bloated magnate who has piled up a colossal fortune at the expense of the newspapers of the country he is as impotent as a dishrag!

We confess we are at a loss to know why the government, which promised us protection, has failed to provide it, and stands by helplessly while a few plutocrats put their hands in our pockets and extract therefrom the little cash that we accumulate to pay off our other creditors. We certainly hope Mr. Hoover will in his effort to curb the food speculators but we fear he will be disappointed when it comes to a show down. These newspaper autocrats have combined to hold up the newspaper people and they snap their fingers at the Sherman law or any other law. And this great government confesses that it is helpless to restrain these highwaymen and bide them depart in peace.—Charity and children.

When one goes fishing, he is not to be blamed if he all but swears off

Are You One Of Them?

There are a great many people who would be very much benefited by taking Chamberlain's Tablets for a weak or disordered stomach. Are you one of them? Mrs. M. R. Searl, Baldwinville, N. Y., relates her experience in the use of these tablets: "I had a bad spell with my stomach about six months ago, and was troubled for two or three weeks with gas severe pains in the pit of my stomach. Our druggist advised me to take Chamberlain's Tablets. I took a bottle home and the first dose relieved me wonderfully, and I kept on taking them until I was cured." These tablets do not relieve pain, but after the pain has been relieved may prevent its recurrence.

Some appeal to be astounded at the exemptions claimed on account of disability in the recent registration. We would suggest that there is no serious cause for worry because the majority of those suffering from physical disability will recover their health as soon as the danger of having to go to the front has passed.—Monroe County Tribune.

Hoover's Creed.

Herbert C. Hoover, who heads the Food Commission of our National Defense Council, serves his native land without salary, just as he served Belgium until German submarine blockade began.

He is a man of wealth, by profession a mining engineer. The war has brought fabulous riches to mining companies the world over. His two years in Belgium cost him thirty million dollars, say the people that know him best.

Meanwhile American the richest country on earth gave him ten million dollars with which to feed the starving Belgians. One man sacrifices thirty million dollars while a hundred million people give only ten million dollars!

And his wife is as great in soul as he is: "If this thing goes on we may be poor at the end of the war, and may have to start all over again. Shall we go on?" "Of course", said Mrs. Hoover.—EX.

Cause Of Despondency.

Despondency is often caused by indigestion and constipation, and quickly disappeared when Chamberlain's Tablets are taken. These tablets strengthen the digestion and move the bowels.

Yes, Patriotic.

Most of us are awful patriotic when it comes to the other fellow. But when it comes to us, we begin to make all kinds of excuses. We are to old, are married, got the rheumatics, and above all the smell of powder makes us sick.—Hickory Times-Mercury.

When Mr. Hoover proposed that we in the United States live on what the allies did not want, require or like, he brought forth a vigorous protest. Our people are willing to divide our biscuit and corn bread, our breakfast bacon and our salt pork, our juicy beefsteaks and pork and beans, but we are not willing to live on the livings.—Monroe County Tribune.

Whenever You Need a General Tonic Take Grove's

The Old Standard Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic is equally valuable as a General Tonic because it contains the well known tonic properties of QUININE and IRON. It acts on the Liver, Drives out Malaria, Enriches the Blood and Builds up the Whole System.—50 cents.

Preserve Your Complexion

the easy, pleasing way by using Magnolia Balm before and after outings. You can fearlessly face the sun, wind and dust because you know Magnolia Balm keeps you safe from Sunburn and Tan.

This fragrant lotion is wonderfully soothing, cooling and a great comfort after a day outdoors. Magnolia Balm is the skin-saving beauty secret which is regularly used when once tried.

Magnolia Balm LIQUID FACE POWDER.

Pink, White, Rose Red. 75c. at Druggists or by mail direct. Sample (either color) for 2c. Stamp. Lyon Mfg. Co., 40 South Fifth St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

THE WAY SAGLESS SPRINGS ARE THE

KIND YOU REST ON.

They never sag or bag in the middle—never force occupants to roll to the centre, or to lie in a cramped position. The modern spring for all uses. The prices are moderate.

HUNTLEY-HILL-STOCKTON COMPANY WINSTON-SALEM, N. C.

GRAIN HARVEST IS ABOUT COMPLETED

INDICATIONS ARE THAT WHEAT WILL PASS TEN MILLION BUSHEL MARK.

DISPATCHES FROM RALEIGH

Doings and Happenings That Mark the Progress of North Carolina People, Gathered Around the State Capital.

Raleigh. Reports from all sections of North Carolina are that the harvesting of the grain crop of the state has been practically completed. Despite the fact that the wheat crop was damaged during the winter by the unprecedented freeze, indications are that the total production will be at least as much as it was last year while it may pass the 10,000,000 bushel mark. The increase in the wheat acreage was especially noticeable in eastern North Carolina where it has been popularly thought that wheat would not grow satisfactorily. In a few instances the estimated yields, as high as 40 bushels per acre, have been reported from that section.

The production of rye will also equal last year's crop. The oat crop is reported as a failure in practically all parts of the state because of the winter killing. Mr. W. C. Crosby, chief of the bureau of community service, who has just returned from a trip through the Piedmont section of the state, expressed the belief that the campaign of the Food Conservation Commission for an increase in the acreage of stubble lands planted in food and feed crops will meet a hearty response throughout the section he visited. Said Mr. Crosby: "The grain has all been harvested and the fields are ready for preparation for other crops. In fact, many farmers already planting corn, peas, potatoes, soy beans, sorghum and other crops on land which has already this year produced a grain crop. I notice in many places that the grain has been shocked in one corner of the field so as to leave the greater part of the field open for the plow or disc. It is especially fortunate that in practically every county I visited the farmers are up with their work in their cotton and corn fields. These crops are clean and the farmer should not be delayed in getting their stubble land prepared and planted."

Executive Secretary Lucas of the Food Conservation Commission estimates that if the farmers should not plant more than the usual acreage of stubble land in second crops that there will be at least 50 per cent more than it was last year, while the increase may be considerably more than that. North Carolina last year produced little more than half a million tons of hay; it purchased hay by the thousands of tons. Mr. Lucas makes the following suggestions for the utilization of stubble land:

Prepare the land as soon as possible after the grain is removed. Break it with a one-horse plow if you have time; double disc or cross-disk only if time is short and the land is in good condition.

Corn, soy beans, cow peas, Irish potatoes and sorghum and suitable crops to follow grain. Corn and soy beans planted for grain should be gotten in immediately.

Cow peas, soy beans and sorghum are the most satisfactory forage crops that can be grown; they may be planted by themselves or in mixtures. Half a bushel of sorghum seed to a bushel of cowpeas makes an excellent hay mixture, either for broadcasting or planting in drills.

Because of high prices of all seed the planting of all of these crops in drills, even for forage, is recommended. Peas and sorghum planted in three-foot rows are given two or three cultivations will yield as much per acre as it would if broadcasted, and only half the seed are required, and half a bushel of peas or beans or a mixture of peas and sorghum being sufficient.

On fair land \$2 worth of seed should make \$20 worth of hay, and on good land should make much more.

Wilson County Does Quick Work. Wilson county has the distinction of having its exemption board for the selective draft registration perfect its organization, complete its work and get its complete reports and the duly numbered and listed cards into the adjutant general's headquarters here ahead of every other board in the state and probably as one of the very first in the entire country. The board consists of Ernest Deans, R. G. Briggs and Dr. W. S. Anderson.

Coming Bulletin in Demand. On account of the continuous demand for information on canning it is thought wise at this time to call attention to the fact that the complete issue of Extension Circular 11, "The Canning and Preserving of Fruits and Vegetables by the 4-H Process," has been exhausted. Another issue of 25,000 copies will be printed at once and will be ready for distribution in a few days. Those who have requested information on canning will be asked to bear in patience the lack of supply of this circular until new issue is ready.

Bee Expert Begins Visits.

C. L. Sams, the bee expert of Madison county, where he has a big and most successful apiary of his own, has gone to Wilmington to spend a week or longer in that section of the state stirring interest in bee keeping and conferring especially with those who already have colonies of bees on hand and desire to extend their bee industry. Mr. Sams has just assumed the position of bee expert with the state department of agriculture in co-operation with the United States department, co-operation with bee keepers and prospective bee keepers to extend and improve the industry being the special purpose.

Already a pretty thorough visitation of the northeastern section of the state from Martin to Onslow counties has been made and when Mr. Sams complete his Wilmington section visitation he will have a pretty complete line on the bee industry of the entire eastern section of the state where he says there are the biggest sort of possibilities for money-making in the keeping of bees if any sort of care is given them and improved methods observed.

A little later Mr. Sams will go through the piedmont and the western sections of the state—Asheville, Waynesville and beyond—in seeking out of opportunities to help along an industry in which he is decidedly an enthusiastic and is convinced has the biggest sort of possibilities for profit and pleasure. He believes, too, in the keeping of a few hives by every household for the making of his own home supply if the larger development is not desired.

Potato Shipment Shows Increase.

The shipments of potatoes out of North Carolina this year have been over a thousand cars more than last year. On June 15th, 2,616 cars of potatoes had been shipped out of the state; 1,605 cars on the same date last year. As high as 301 cars have been shipped out of North Carolina in one day. On the same day the total shipments for all other states amounted to only 487 cars.

Prices for grade one have averaged about \$3.50 per barrel this year. Last year prices averaged about \$2.75 per barrel, and in 1915 around \$1.25 per barrel. In fact, in 1915, potatoes were sold as low as 75 cents a barrel, which was much less than cost of production. A letter just received by William R. Camp, Chief of the North Carolina Division of Markets, from A. J. McMath, the Secretary of Eastern Shore of Virginia Produce Exchange shows that prices may be expected to continue high for well-graded stock. Mr. McMath says: "We are now getting \$10 per barrel for white potatoes; and from present indications, it looks like there will be a shortage of one million barrels from the Eastern Shore of Virginia and Norfolk sections. With this shortage staring us in the face, we look for good prices the entire season. If war conditions continue, then sweets should also sell fairly well, in our opinion."

The Market News Service which the North Carolina Division of Markets, in co-operation with the Federal Office of Markets, has been conducting from Elizabeth City, N. C., will be discontinued for Irish potatoes as soon as car-load shipments cease, and begin for cantaloupes and melons at Laurinburg as soon as shipments of this crop start. Almost a thousand daily Market Bulletins have been mailed out from the Elizabeth City office to growers and shippers throughout the eastern part of the state.

Pleased With Sane Celebration.

Raleigh.—"The reports from all over North Carolina concerning the same manner in which the citizens observed Independence Day are most gratifying," said Insurance Commissioner James R. Young. "The Insurance Department was particularly anxious that it should be as it was. I sent appeals through the press to the people of the state urging the entire elimination of fireworks this year and as far as I have been able to learn there were none used. As a result there are no fourth of July accidents reported in the state and as far as I have seen practically none throughout the entire nation. I believe that our people will realize that the use of fireworks, endangering life and property, is a poor way to display patriotism and that the absence of casualty with still the display desired for patriotic purposes is much more satisfactory than the old and costly manner. I hope the demonstration will serve as a reminder in the future."

Appoints State Tax Commission.

Governor Bickett appointed as a state tax commission, to recommend reform in the state taxing system to the next General Assembly, the following: Henry A. Page, Aberdeen; J. Z. Greene, Union county; James H. Pou, Raleigh; Frank A. Linney, Boone; and W. Vance Brown, Asheville. The governor and chairman of the corporation commission are ex-officio members of the commission, the governor to be chairman.

J. Z. Greene is state organizer and lecturer for the North Carolina farmers union and editor of "Our Home," published at Marshville, a farm paper well circulated throughout North Carolina.

James H. Pou, brother of Congressman Pou, is a leading lawyer representing numbers of the largest corporations having business connections in the state and owner and developer of much real estate, including extensive farms, represents the conservative business interests, being a man of recognized sagacity and business and legal ability.

LONDON IS AGAIN RAIDED BY AIRMEN

OFFICIAL REPORT SHOWS THAT THIRTY-SEVEN WERE KILLED AND 141 WOUNDED.

THREE RAIDERS SHOT DOWN

Most Daring Raid Yet Made by German Airmen—Contingent Larger and Descended Lower Than on Any Previous Raid.

London.—The second descent upon London by a squadron of airplanes was made between nine and ten o'clock in the morning, when the business section of the metropolis was most crowded. It was officially announced that thirty-seven persons were killed and 141 injured by the raiders.

Although the German contingent was larger, more daring, more deliberate in its methods and descended much lower than on the visit of June 13, the number of killed and wounded was, according to the first official roll, roughly, one-third the previous casualty list. This destruction of property may have been greater, but that it is impossible to estimate.

The flight of the Germans over London lasted about twenty minutes. English airmen engaged the enemy for several minutes over the metropolis, and anti-aircraft guns were firing briskly, but without destroying any of the twenty or more invading machines. The admiralty was able to report, however, that naval airmen who followed them to sea brought down three machines. A British squadron sent up from Dunkirk to intercept the returning raiders did not encounter them because they had taken a more northerly route, but the British airmen met and destroyed seven other German machines.

WILSON ORDERS EXPORT PROVISION INTO OPERATION.

Becomes Effective July 15.—Complete Embargo of Foodstuffs Considered.

Washington.—Government control of American exports authorized in a provision of the espionage act, was ordered put into operation July 15 by President Wilson in a proclamation putting under license shipments to all countries of the most important export commodities.

In a statement accompanying the proclamation, the President declared the government's policy will be first to give consideration to American needs; next, to meet as far as possible the requirements of the allies, and lastly to supply the neutral countries wherever practicable. It is made clear that every effort will be made to see that no supplies reach the central powers.

The commodities named in the list put under control are coal, coke, fuel, oils, kerosene and gasoline, including "junkers," food grains, flour and meal, fodder and feeds, meats and fats, pig iron, steel billets, ship plates and structural shapes, scrap iron and scrap steel; ferro manganese fertilizers, arms, ammunition and explosives.

The inclusion of foodstuffs in the proclamation lends color to statements that the administration is considering the advisability of a complete embargo for sixty days on all food shipments to give the country time to acquire the amounts of its supplies and to give allied and neutral countries opportunity to present a full program of their requirements.

CHINESE REPUBLIC IS REPORTED RE-ESTABLISHED.

Washington.—Official dispatches to the Chinese legation here said the republic had been firmly re-established at Nanking with Feng Kue-Chang, the former vice president, as president of the new provisional government. Republican troops were reported converged toward Peking to drive out the Manchurian forces remaining in possession there in the name of the imperialists.

GERMAN DOES NOT KNOW WHERE TO GO

Richmond, Va.—Asserting that he does not know where to go, and that he does not want to go to Mexico, E. K. Vietor, erstwhile German consul here, could not tell what he would do as a result of the report from Washington, requesting those who were in charge of German consulates in this country to leave the United States. He recently disposed of his tobacco warehouse property for \$100,000.

WILL NOT TOLERATE ROWDYISM BY SOLDIERS

New York.—Soldiers who interfere with free speech, free press or the right peacefully to assemble and petition the government, break the law, according to a statement of Secretary of War Baker. The secretary's communication was in response to a request against soldiers and militiamen "breaking up meetings, arresting citizens, raiding rooms and headquarters despite the protests of citizens to the police."

AMERICAN VESSEL SUNK BY SUBMARINE

FOUR MEMBERS OF THE CREW WERE LOST WHEN THE SHIP WENT DOWN.

ARMED NAVAL GUARD SAVED

The State Department Announced the Sinking of the U. S. Steamship Orleans, But Withheld the Place and Time of Attack.

Washington.—The American steamship Orleans, of the Oriental Navigation company, has been torpedoed and sunk by a submarine. Four of the crew were drowned, but all members of the armed naval guard were saved. The state department, announcing the sinking, withheld the place and the time of the attack.

New York.—The Orleans, a vessel of 2,808 tons gross, left here June 13 with a cargo for France, commanded by Capt. Allen D. Tucker. Of her crew of thirty-six, ten were American citizens.

After Germany announced unrestricted submarine warfare, the Orleans was the first American steamship to reach France from an American port. She was formerly the Avelanada and later the Menapha, under the Argentine flag.

SELECTION OF NEW ARMY NEAR AT HAND.

Officials Are Silent But Drawings Will Likely Take Place This Week.

Washington.—Selection day for the new national army is approaching rapidly as the local exemption boards in the various states complete their organization, give serial numbers to the registration cards and forward certified copies to Provost Marshal General Crowder. Indications are that the drawing will be held this week, but no official statement has been made as to the war department's plans.

Administration officials still maintain strict silence as to the method to be followed, but the recent statement by Secretary Baker that the drawing would be held in Washington, coupled with the stress laid upon the serial numbering of registration cards, indicates the general outline of the plan. It is understood that it is proposed to place in a single jury wheel in Washington one complete set of numbers. When a number is taken from the wheel, the man in each exemption district whose card bears that serial number will be drafted. Thus as 30,000 men will be drafted, or one in each exemption district. If 1,200,000 men are to be called before the exemption boards in the first selection, which seems highly probable, only forty numbers would need to be drawn.

There are numerous complications which must arise and the method of solving them can be known only when the plan in detail is made. For instance, the number of registered individuals in each district who are liable for military service will certainly not be the same. Aliens are registered, but not liable for duty.

INDUSTRIAL WORKERS PLOT TO DESTROY CROPS.

Soux Falls, S. D.—Regular army officers in South Dakota claim to have reliable information that Industrial Workers of the World leaders in the state have maps of the agricultural districts of the state, and have men stationed throughout the state who will make simultaneous attempts to burn this season's crops.

Federal officers have been apprised of the plot, and every effort will be made to apprehend those connected with it, it was said. The revelations were made public as a warning to the farmers of the state to guard against the activities of the plotters.

WORKING OF SPIES DISCLOSED BY NORTHCLIFFE.

Washington.—Lord Northcliffe, head of the British mission in this country, authorized publication of parts of a confidential speech on spies and censorship made to the National Press club July 4. He described the work of spies in England and the flood of fatal information that pours over the cables through neutral countries to Germany, and spoke of the dangers of any except technical military and naval censorship of the press.

SAMUEL GOMPERS AND ROOSEVELT IN TILT.

New York.—Denial by Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, that trades unions had any share in the East St. Louis riots, which was met by a vehement denunciation by Theodore Roosevelt of the murder of helpless negroes, precipitated a tumultuous demonstration at a mass meeting held in Carnegie hall here in honor of the Russian mission to the United States.

MORE COOPERATION IN HUNT FOR SPIES

PERPLEXING PROBLEMS THAT MUST BE MET IN STAMPING OUT EVIL.

REPRESENTATIVES OF ALLIES

Have Come to America in Effort to Run Down German Agents.—Many Schemes Set on Foot by Detectives.

Washington.—More complete and efficient co-operation of United States secret service agents with those of its European allies is recognized as the great problem that must be met in stamping out the spy evil.

While it was stated that operatives of the state, war, navy, and justice departments are co-operating with good results in running down active alien enemies, it was strongly indicated that much remained to be accomplished in relationships with the services of foreign countries.

Representatives of the allies already are in this country, it is understood, and are working to bring about the desired co-operative action. This work, for obvious reasons, could not be considered seriously before the United States entered the war, and the working out of the ramifications of a co-ordination scheme require unusual discussion, as well as time for setting the actual machinery in motion.

The secret service of the United States was confronted at the entrance of America into the war with a program of discouraging magnitude. The machinery of the departments, built up almost entirely for the handling of domestic problems, was suddenly required to shoulder the immense burden of coping with thousands of plotters and spies.

Many schemes set on foot by enemy plotters have been thwarted and it is said that the archives of the departments contain records of activities, which would, if made known, be of startling nature.

That the attacks upon American transports were the result of the work of spies is accepted generally in Washington without surprise. The sailing of transports, although not mentioned by the newspapers, was known to a large number of persons, who witnessed the transfer of troops from points in the United States and their departure.

MAJOR GENERAL WOOD INSPECTS CHARLOTTE SITES.

During One Day's Stay He Visits Three Sites and Delivers Two Addresses.

Charlotte.—General Leonard Wood, commander of the United States army, department of the southeast, spent Thursday, July 5, in Charlotte, and it was a busy day for the distinguished soldier and citizen.

In addition to inspecting three possible sites for an army camp which it is hoped will be located at Charlotte, he found time to deliver two addresses, one to an audience of thousands on the First Presbyterian church lawn at six o'clock in the evening, and the other following the banquet served at the Selwyn hotel in his honor at 8:30 o'clock. For no matter how busy the general is, and in these stirring times of preparation that America may do her part in the world-struggle for democracy no man is busier, he always finds time to preach the "doctrine of preparedness" and never loses an opportunity to say a word, wherever he may be, that will help to stir the American public to a realization of the gravity of the crisis with which the American nation is confronted.

In his rather blunt but direct and soldierly way, General Wood told North Carolinians a good many things they had probably not heard or thought of before, and it is not to be questioned that he went away from Charlotte leaving the people of this city a deeper sense of duty and obligation that falls upon every citizen in this time of national peril.

WASHINGTON GRATIFIED OVER NEWS FROM CHINA.

Washington.—Belief here that the monarchial coup d'etat in China is destined to failure, was increased by each new item of news which came to the attention of the state department. Minister Reinsch reported that several, at least some of the northern military leaders, who are felt to hold the country's destiny in their hands, have taken the field in opposition to General Chang Hsun's attempt to destroy republicanism in China.

Mexico About to Get in Line.

El Paso, Texas.—Since the pro-ally campaign in Mexico started by El Universal in Mexico City, the sentiment favoring the allies has reached northern Mexico, and during the past thirty days a well-defined movement favoring an open break with Germany and the alignment of Mexico on the side of the entente allies has developed. This has been in spite of the pro-German sentiments published daily in Chihuahua City and in other papers believed to be subsidized by the Germans in the north.

AMERICAN TROOPS ALL SAFE IN FRANCE

GERMAN UNDERSEA BOATS MADE ATTACK ON THE TRANSPORTS.

ONE SUBMARINE IS SUNK

Last Units of the American Expeditionary Forces Have Arrived in France.—Not a Life Was Lost During the Transportation.

Washington.—American destroyers conveying transports with troops for France fought off two submarine attacks. The first news of the fights was given out by the committee on public information, with formal announcement of the safe arrival of the transports with their convoys.

At least one submarine was sunk. Both of the attacks were made in force, showing that the Germans had information of the coming of the transports and planned to get them.

This announcement was issued: "The navy department at five o'clock this afternoon received word of the safe arrival at a French port of the last contingent of General Pershing's expeditionary force. At the same time information was released that the transports were twice attacked by submarines on the way across. "No ship was hit, not an American life was lost, and while the navy gunners report the sinking of one submarine only there is reason to believe that others were destroyed in the first night attack."

FRANCE AND ENGLAND CELEBRATES FOURTH OF JULY.

United States Soldiers Center of Celebration in France.

American Independence day was celebrated enthusiastically in England and France as well as on the battle fronts. In Paris, a battalion of the first American expeditionary force on its way to the front was the center of the celebration. The soldiers of revolutionary Russia maintained their attempts to break through the Austro-German lines in eastern Galicia. Cheered by the results of the fighting during the first three days of July, General Brusiloff's men continue their efforts, especially in the region of Brzezany and are throwing fresh forces against the Teuton positions.

During Sunday and Monday the first two days of the new drive, the Russians captured 300 officers and 18,000 men, and on Tuesday and Wednesday probably added several more thousands to the total. Twenty-nine guns and thirty-three machine guns were taken from the Austro-Germans. Violent artillery duels have been in progress on the Kontuck-Ziohoff sector, on the Stokhod, in Volhynia and at Brody, on the Galician-Volhynian border.

In the Champagne on the western front the German crown prince has made another desperate and fruitless effort to break the French lines northwest of Rheims. Attacking in force along an eleven-mile front, the Germans made especially strong efforts around Cerny and Alilles and against the California-Plateau. The French repulsed all attacks with losses.

After checking the Germans the French took the initiative in a strategic operation east of Cerny and captured a strong German salient. German attacks on the left bank of the Meuse were repulsed.

Raid and patrol engagements have occupied the German and British further north. Several Austrian attacks on the Carso south of Gorizia were checked by the Italians, Rome reports.

Chinese President Flees.

Tsin, Tien, China.—Li Yuan Hung, the Chinese president, with two attendants, escaped from the palace and sought refuge in the Japanese legation.

PERR CAPITA WEALTH IN UNITED STATES NOW \$45.88.

Washington.—The average man in the United States is \$11.51 richer than he was three years ago. Total money in circulation, shown in a chart in the July federal reserve bulletin, has risen from \$3,480,000,000 on June 1, 1914, to \$4,742,000,000 on June 1, 1917. The circulation wealth per capita in 1914 was \$34.35; in 1915 \$35.44; in 1916 \$39.29 and in June 1917 was over \$45.88.

INVESTIGATION OF RACE RIOTS IN EAST ST. LOUIS.

East St. Louis, Ill.—A federal investigation of race riots here in which thirty-three negroes and four whites were killed and approximately 310 negro homes were burned was begun by Col. George H. Hunter, chief quartermaster of the central division of the United States army. Colonel Hunter is under instructions to make a full report of the trouble to Maj. Gen. Thomas H. Barry at Chicago, commandant of the central department.

OLD NORTH STATE NEWS

Brief Notes Covering Happenings in This State That Are of Interest to All the People.

Seventy-six marriage licenses were issued in Wake county during June.

Many picnics and barbecues in this state are being postponed until the war is over.

A. Brown Walker, aged 81, well known farmer and Confederate veteran of Cumberland county, died at his home near Linden recently.

Thirty-six counties have reported additional selective draft registrations since June 5 that total 538, of which 255 are white and 283 colored.

Kinston Daughters of the Confederacy set in motion a movement to give impetus to the raising of a fund for a North Carolina monument at Gettysburg.

The actual work of surveying the two proposed cantonment sites near Fayetteville has begun by detachments from engineer companies A and B, of the North Carolina national guard.

Members of the North Carolina division, United Confederate veterans, will hold their annual reunion in Durham August 21 to 23, inclusive, it was announced today by officials of the Durham chamber of commerce.

Major General Leonard Wood, commander of the department of the southeast and ranking officer of the United States army, visited Charlotte, Thursday.

The water has reached the height in the Badin dam where it has commenced to plunge through the flumes and the great turbine wheels commenced to turn and the Badin aluminum factories are now being operated by electricity manufactured by electric power just at hand.

A. L. Fletcher, who is federal paymaster for the North Carolina expense of the selective army draft preliminary work, says there are large numbers of the registrars and board members who make no charge for their service and turn in no expense account to amount to anything.

In the state department of education there are being forwarded to every county seat in the state the official questions for the examination of applicants for licenses to teach school and for county superintendents, the latter being only for incoming superintendents, those already in office being exempted by the legislative act that created the state board of examiners and institute conductors.

The erection of eight modern brick school buildings in Lenoir county to replace about 45 small frame houses now in service was proposed by Dr. J. M. Parrott, retiring chairman of the board of education, just before he relinquished office in favor of G. V. Cowper, named chairman for the coming six years.

Following a personal investigation into the condition of the fishing industry in Eastern North Carolina waters, Governor Bickett announced his determination to make no changes in the personnel of the Fisheries Commission Board save that the necessary filling the vacancy of Mr. W. M. Webb, of Morehead City, caused by resignation. In his place, Governor Bickett appointed S. P. Hancock, ex-sheriff of Carteret county, who lives at Beaufort.

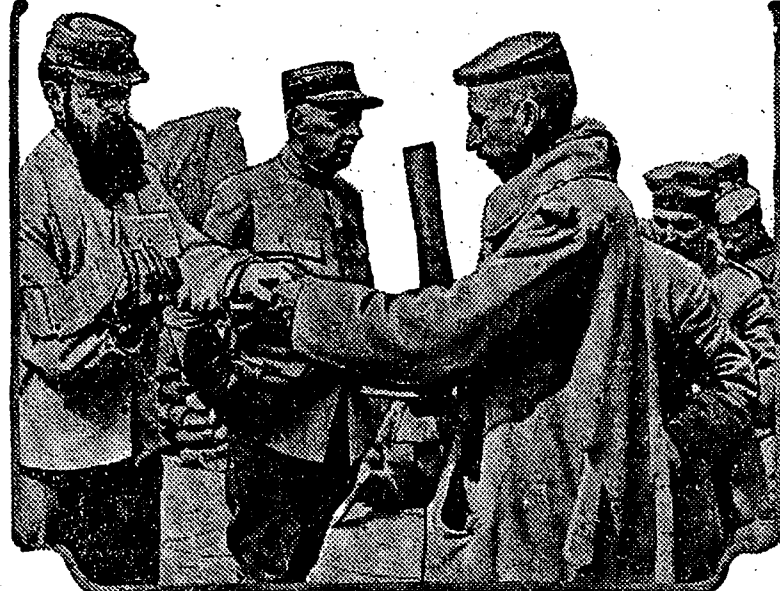
Speeding north at thirty-five miles an hour, Seaboard Air Line extra No. 812 crashed head on into local freight train No. 98 four and one-half miles above Franklinton a few minutes after 6:30 Saturday morning, killing Engineers Samuel G. Linkous and H. Gasikin, Fireman O. L. Wells and brakeman George R. Napier, seriously injuring brakeman T. O. Jones and Fireman John Smith, colored, and demolishing two of the huge Santa Fe engines and twenty-six freight cars laden mostly with watermelons, Irish potatoes and other perishables, destined to northern markets.

Governor Bickett telegraphed to Hon. Newton D. Baker, secretary of war, urging that national guardsmen awaiting muster into the federal service be given temporary employment at the wage being paid to civilians in the construction of concentration camps and cantonments. He believes there are hundreds of guardsmen who would be glad to get this work while they are waiting for the order into war service and that it would stop a lot of the dangerous drain that is being made on other industries in the attraction of laborers.

James T. McAden of Charlotte has received from the President and Secretary of War his commission as captain in the Department of Ordnance, Officers' Reserve Corps, Army of the United States. The commission dates from June 25, 1917. He took the oath of office and is under instructions to report to the Rock Island (Ill.) arsenal. He is a son of Mrs. Ben McAden, of Raleigh.

Two hundred delegates attended the annual convention of Bar Association at Asheville.

POST CARDS FOR GERMAN PRISONERS



Scene in one of the large concentration camps in the Marne district, showing French soldiers distributing post cards to the German prisoners so that they may write home.

MISHAP REVEALS U-BOAT PERISCOPE

New York Man on Menaced Steamer Describes Trip With Many Thrills.

DELAYED BY PERILS AHEAD

Lookout's Glasses Slip and Fall on Precise Spot Where Periscope Was Just Poking Up Its Nose—Ruses to Lure Victims.

New York.—Contrast of the ocean travel of a few years ago when it was but a pleasant and luxurious junket, and practically the only danger was the remote one of icebergs during a certain season of the year, with the thrills and perils, very real and intensely dramatic, that the ocean voyager now undergoes is afforded in an interview given the New York World by George Dwyer of this city.

In this regard it is one of the most vivid first-person stories of passengers that have yet been recorded. Its principal event is an actual battle with a submarine, with the possibility that the passenger steamer sank it after firing 13 shots, to say nothing of the revelation that it was the merest chance—the slipping of a pair of marine glasses in the hands of the ship's lookout—that revealed the presence of the submarine and prevented the accurate firing by her of a torpedo.

The publication of the name of the steamship on which Mr. Dwyer underwent his experience is withheld, for on account of her many successful evasions of the submarines she has been marked by the Germans as an especial object of attack.

Mr. Dwyer has made many trips abroad since the war began. He is in the business of supplying walnut wood for airplane propellers.

U-Boat Two Hours Out.

"The boat on which we sailed from Europe," said Mr. Dwyer, "an ordinary six-day ship, took eleven days to bring us over, this being caused by our having to lay at anchor at different places for periods of from twelve hours to two days, after leaving our dock, under admiral orders, while the path which had been mapped out for us was being cleared of enemy undersea craft, which had been sighted by the patrol boats ahead.

"We made our departure on a warm spring morning, sunny but misty. Our course lay down a certain river through which we sailed slowly on account of the fog. In a few hours we were over the bar and out into the waters of the lurking submarine. The vessel we were on was armed heavily, both fore and aft, and while everybody aboard felt a tightening of the nerves, there was an atmosphere of confidence that, at attack, we would give a good account of ourselves—or our naval gun crews would. On the bridge, at the gun stations, everywhere, officers and men kept a sharp lookout for periscopes.

"We were only two hours out when our first thrill was experienced. We were feeling our way slowly when suddenly the naval lieutenant on the bridge called to the starboard crew: 'Put the gun on that!' pointing to where a little Norwegian steamer lay about a half a mile ahead on our right. The gun was swung around, but I noticed that it was not trained on the steamer, and I asked one of the crew what he was covering. He pointed to a spot, and there I saw a little ripple which moved on the water close by the steamer. It was a submarine just under the surface.

"We expected to hear the command to 'fire,' but the Norwegian steamer suddenly got in front of the ripple, screening it from our view. We ordered her out of the way, and she promptly moved, but by that time the ripple had disappeared. The spot was watched carefully for some time, but nothing more was seen.

"In the meantime, the actions of the Norwegian ship were so suspicious that our captain promptly sent a wireless to have her taken in charge. Several weeks before that a steamer flying the same flag and loaded with lumber was caught red-handed in the dead

of night laying mines, and every man-jack of the 17 of the crew were lined up and shot.

Turned Back.

"The rest of the day passed without incident, but at eight o'clock at night, while under full heavy headway, we descried a dim light some distance in front of us. As it got nearer we could see that it was a destroyer. She hailed us and asked who we were. Our bridge answered, and she then said: 'Turn around and go back to Blank bay. You can't go out tonight.'

We immediately turned around, and when within talking distance of her, were told the reasons for our being detained. A ship two hours ahead of us had been sunk, and during that day six submarines had been charted in the waters for which we were headed.

"The destroyer said she would lead us to our anchor for the night. She warned us to follow her wake exactly, as we were in waters profusely sown with mines. Needless to say, we went slowly, and straight, and anchored in the place picked out for us.

"An order given by an officer to a sailor was reassuring: 'Put two men out instead of one. It is more dangerous here than out to sea.' And dangerous it seemed and smelled! On shore searchlights were continually playing, and out of the darkness Morse signals occasionally flashed.

"Next morning the weather was warm and clear, and the sea perfectly calm. All around us we saw the various agencies at work to combat the submarine, but it would not be proper for me to mention here the methods and devices that are being used.

"Along about noon we noticed something of a commotion on the water about a mile away, ships hurrying and scurrying, and the boom of several guns being heard. What it was all about we (the passengers) could not tell, but some time later it leaked out that it was a submarine trying to get into position to launch a torpedo at us. In this aim she was frustrated by the vigilance of the patrol and aircraft, which forced her away from the locality.

'Periscope!'

"At five that evening we got word to sail. We had no escort, being left entirely to the protection of our own guns. As we passed out to sea we were surprised to note an utter absence of war or aircraft of any description. It assuredly did not conduce to our peace of mind. Our ship was all eyes. Wherever you looked there were lookouts, and passengers vied with ship officers and men in scanning the waters.

"At seven o'clock the lookout on the port gun started us all with the cry of 'Periscope!' It was on the starboard side at the time, and we rushed across the deck in time to hear the lieutenant from the bridge call: 'Two! Let her go!'

"We looked to where the boys were pointing, and there, off our port beam, about half a mile away, lay the periscope, standing about three feet out of water. At the command 'Let her go!' the gun was swung around, and in

less than ten seconds we had fired our first shell at her.

"Passengers hurried for their life preservers, but no one was unduly excited. Some say the first shell we fired hit her, but that was something no one could tell. At any rate our guns continued to fire for seven or eight minutes, letting go thirteen shells in all, and after that, there being no further sign or sight of the U-boat, we continued on our way.

"The captain of our ship, at the first warning, started to hit a zigzag course, and all the other measures now used on liners to circumvent the undersea boats were brought into play while the danger threatened. Some of these measures are very novel and ingenious and have helped other ships as well as ours in warding off attacks. It was the opinion on board that to escape as we did, with the periscope so near us was miraculous.

"The man who sighted the periscope was the lookout on the port gun. He had been scanning the waters some time with his glasses and was about to lay them down for a minute's rest. However, a whim struck him to first count some ships which lay together at anchor close to the shore. He called to his mates as he did so, beginning: 'One—two'—then his glasses accidentally slipped in his grip and fell on the precise spot where the periscope was just poking up its nose. He was so surprised and taken aback that it was some seconds before he could blurt out 'Periscope!' No one else saw it, and it is certain that if he did not spot it at the moment he did it would have gained the necessary time to swing into position to launch its torpedo.

"The remainder of our trip passed without exciting incident, although we received the usual scares that are passing up and down the ocean these days.

"One of the ruses of submarines to lure ships to destruction is to fit a false exterior to the submarine and equip her with a sail to present the appearance of a small fishing boat. Another is to put a collapsible lifeboat in the water filled with dummy figures to look like the survivors of a torpedoed ship and hide the periscope behind her. Another is to capture a small vessel, put an officer aboard and maneuver her to conceal from an approaching ship the half-submerged submarine which lies alongside. There are others which it would not be proper to disclose. A favorite strategy of the submarine, which, however, can only be worked at certain hours of the day, is to lay well off in the path of the sea and when a ship is seen and her course and speed noted, to submerge and come up suddenly at a convenient angle and torpedo her."

7 BROTHERS DEAD OR HURT, PASTOR ENLISTS

Greencastle, Ind.—Rev. Thomas Young has resigned the pastorate of the Presbyterian church of this city to enter the English army. Of eight English brothers, he is the only able-bodied one left. The others have been killed or wounded in the service of the British empire.

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"The jewels, the limousines and the society life he promised me were 'illusions,' said Miss Raymond. 'A society cannibal' is a lovely chap until you find him out. I thought mine was the nicest boy in the world until his father opened my eyes. I met Perry in St. Louis and he followed me to Buffalo. After I had known him six weeks, he proposed and I accepted. He said he would go right out and get the ring. He returned with a beautiful diamond. Later I discovered he had borrowed a diamond stickpin from a friend and had the stone reset into a ring.

"In about six weeks I found out that a married woman in St. Louis was one of the victims of my 'society cannibal' and that she was paying our bills. Back to the stage I went."

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SOCIETY CANNIBAL, SHE CALLS HUBBY

Miss Raymond, Actress, Discovers the Latest Thing in Undesirable Husbands.

Chicago.—A "society cannibal" is the latest thing in undesirable husbands.

Helen Raymond, actress, says that she discovered the variety when she became Mrs. R. J. Perry at Buffalo in November, 1914, and she has begun suit to divorce herself from an "ostensible millionaire" whose chief as-



He Followed Me to Buffalo.

set, she says, consists in his ability to "live on his friends." Men and women are alike to the "society cannibal," Miss Raymond says. Mrs. Perry, or Miss Raymond, as she is known in stageland, recites in her bill for divorce that her married life lasted six weeks, and then she went back to work.

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LATE NORTH CAROLINA MARKET QUOTATIONS

Western Newspaper Union News Service
Prices Paid by Merchants for Farm Products in the Markets of North Carolina as Reported to the Division of Markets for the Week Ending Saturday, June 30, 1917.

Asheville.
Corn \$1.80; oats, 75c; Irish potatoes, \$3.50.

Creamery butter 40c; home-made butter 35c; eggs 28c; spring chickens 22c; hens 16 1-2c.

Eggs 33c; spring chickens 30c; hens 22c; hogs \$12-14.50 cwt.

Charlotte.
Corn \$1.80; oats 90c; peas \$3.25 Irish potatoes \$3.50.

Creamery butter 45c; home-made butter 40c; eggs 30c; spring chickens 25c; hens 15-20c; hogs \$13 cwt.

Middling cotton 26c; cotton seed 60c.

Durham.
Corn \$1.75; oats 75c; peas \$2.75; Irish potatoes \$3.00; apples \$6 (new).

Creamery butter 45c; home-made butter 35c; eggs 30c; spring chickens 25c; hens 12c.

Middling cotton 26c.

Fayetteville.
Corn \$1.80; oats 82c; soy beans \$4; peas \$2.90; Irish potatoes \$7; sweet potatoes \$1.

Creamery butter 40c; eggs 30c; spring chickens 20c; hens 15c; hogs \$15 cwt.

Middling cotton 25c; cotton seed 55c; pounds of meal for ton of seed 2700.

Greenville.
Corn \$1.75; oats 80c; soy beans \$4; peas \$3.75; Irish potatoes \$7; sweet potatoes \$1.

Eggs 25c; spring chickens 30c; hens 60c each; hogs \$11 cwt.

Middling cotton 25.50c; cotton seed 80c.

Hamlet.
Corn \$2; oats 90c; peas \$3.50; Irish potatoes \$8; sweet potatoes \$1.25.

Home-made butter 35c; eggs 35c; spring chickens 25c; hens 18c; hogs \$16 cwt.

Middling cotton 26c.

The Call of the Cumberlands

By Charles Neville Buck

With Illustrations
from Photographs of Scenes
in the Play

(Copyright, 1913, by W. J. Watt & Co.)

SYNOPSIS.

On Moberly creek, a landscape painter, un-
conscious, Jesse Purdy of the Holliman
clan has been shot and Samson is sus-
pected of the crime. Samson denies it.
The shooting breaks the truce in the
Holliman-South feud. Jim Holliman hunts
with bloodhounds the man who shot Pur-
dy. The bloodhounds lose the trail at
Spicer South's door. Lescott discovers
artistic ability in Samson. While sketch-
ing with Lescott on the mountain, Tama-
ruck discovers Samson to a jealous crowd
of mountaineers. Samson thrashes him
and denounces him as the "truce-bus-
ter" who shot Purdy. At the Lescott
cigars dance Samson tells the South
clan that he is going to leave the
mountains. Lescott goes home to New
York. Samson bids Spicer and Sally
farewell and follows. In New York Sam-
son studies art and learns much of city
ways. Drennie Lescott persuades Wil-
fred Horton, her dilettante lover, to do a
man's work in the world. Prompted by
her love, Sally teaches herself to write.
Horton throws himself into the business
world and becomes well liked by preda-
tory financiers and politicians. At a Bo-
hemian resort Samson meets William Far-
bish, a sporty social parasite, and Horton's
enemy. Farbish sees Samson and Dren-
nie dining together unchaperoned at the
Wigwam roadhouse. He conspires with
others to make Horton jealous and suc-
ceeds.

CHAPTER XI—Continued.

Samson did not appear at the Les-
cott house for two weeks after that.
He had begun to think that if his
going there gave embarrassment to
the girl who had been kind to him,
it were better to remain away.
"I don't belong here," he told him-
self, bitterly. "I reckon everybody
that knows me in New York, except
the Lescotts, is laughing at me be-
hind my back."

He worked fiercely, and threw into
his work such fire and energy that it
came out again converted into bold-
ness of stroke and an almost savage
vigor of drawing. The instructor
nodded his head over the easel, and
passed on to the next student without
having left the defacing mark of his
reluctant crayon. To the next pupil,
he said:

"Watch the way that man South
draws. He's not clever. He's elemen-
tally sincere, and, if he goes on, the
first thing you know he will be a por-
trait painter. He won't merely draw
eyes and lips and noses, but character
and virtues and vices showing out
through them."

And Samson met every gaze with
smoldering savagery, searching for
some one who might be laughing at
him openly, or even covertly, instead
of behind his back. The long-suffer-
ing fighting lust in him craved oppor-
tunity to break out and relieve the
pressure on his soul. But no one
laughed.

One afternoon late in November, a
hint of blizzards swept snarling down
the Atlantic seaboard from the polar
floes, with wet flurries of snow and
rain. Off on the marshes where the
Kenmore club had its lodge, the live
decays stretched their clipped wings,
and raised their green necks restively
into the salt wind, and listened. With
dawn, they had heard, faint and far
away, the first notes of that wild
chorus with which the skies would ring
until the southerly migrations ended—
the horizon-distant honking of high-
flying water fowl.

Then it was that Farbish dropped in
with marching orders, and Samson,
yearning to be away where there were
open skies, packed George Lescott's
borrowed paraphernalia, and prepared
to leave that same night.

While he was packing, the telephone
rang, and Samson heard Adrienne's
voice off the other end of the wire.

"Where have you been hiding?" she
demanded. "I'll have to send a truant
officer after you."

"I've been very busy," said the man,
"and I reckon, after all, you can't
civilize a wolf. I'm afraid I've been
wasting your time."

Possibly, the miserable tone of the
voice told the girl more than the words.
"You are having a season with the
blue devils," she announced. "You've
been cooped up too much. This wind
ought to bring the ducks, and—"

"I'm leaving tonight," Samson told
her.

"It would have been very nice of
you to have run up to say good-by,"
she reproved. "But I'll forgive you,
if you call me up by long distance.
You will get there early in the morning.
Tomorrow, I'm going to Philadel-
phia over night. The next night, I
shall be at the theater. Call me up
after the theater, and tell me how
you like it."

It was the same old frankness and
friendliness of voice, and the same
old note like the music of a reed in-
strument. Samson felt so comforted
and reassured that he laughed through
the telephone.

"I've been keeping away from you,"
he volunteered, "because I've had a
lapse into savagery, and haven't been
fit to talk to you. When I get back,
I'm coming up to explain. And, in the
meantime, I'll telephone."

On the train Samson was surprised
to discover that, after all, he had Mr.
William Farbish for a traveling com-
panion. That gentleman explained
that he had found an opportunity to

play truant from business for a day
or two, and wished to see Samson
comfortably ensconced and introduced.

The first day Farbish and Samson
had the place to themselves, but the
next morning would bring others.

The next day, while the mountaineer
was out on the flats, the party of
men at the club had been swelled to
a total of six, for in pursuance of
the carefully arranged plans of Mr.
Farbish, Mr. Bradburn had succeeded
in inducing Wilfred Horton to run
down for a day or two of the sport
he loved. When Horton arrived that
afternoon, he found his usually even
temper ruffled by bits of maliciously
broadened gossip, until his resentment
against Samson South had been fanned
into danger heat. He did not know
that South also was at the club, and
he did not that afternoon go out
to the hills, but so far departed
from his usual custom, as to permit
himself to sit for several hours in the
club grill.

And yet, as is often the case in care-
fully designed affairs, the one element
that made most powerfully for the
success of Farbish's scheme was pure
accident. The carefully arranged meet-
ing between the two men, the adroitly
incited passions of each, would still
have brought no clash, had not Wil-
fred Horton been affected by the flush-
ing effect of alcohol. Since his college
days, he had been invariably abstemious.
Tonight marked an exception.

He was rather surprised at the cordi-
ality of the welcome accorded him,
for, as chance would have it, except
for Samson South, whom he had not
yet seen, all the other sportsmen
were men closely allied to the politi-
cal and financial elements upon which
he had been making war. Still, since
they seemed willing to forget for the
time that there had been a breach, he
was equally so. Just now, he was
feeling such bitterness for the Ken-
tuckian that the foes of a less per-
sonal sort seemed unimportant.

In point of fact, Wilfred Horton had
spent a very bad day. The final straw
had broken the back of his usually
unruffled temper, when he had found
in his room on reaching the Kenmore
a copy of a certain New York weekly
paper, and had read a page, which
chanced to be lying face up (a chance
carefully prearranged). It was an item
of which Farbish had known, in ad-
vance of publication, but Wilfred
would never have seen that sheet,
had it not been so carefully brought
to his attention. There were hints
of the strange infatuation which a
certain young woman seemed to en-
tertain for a partially civilized stran-
ger who had made his entree to New
York via the police court, and who
wore his hair long in imitation of a
biblical character of the same name.

The supper at the Wigwam inn was
mentioned, and the character of the
place intimated. Horton felt this ob-
jectionable innuendo was directly
traceable to Adrienne's ill-judged
friendship for the mountaineer, and
he bitterly blamed the mountaineer.
And, while he had been brooding on
these matters, a man acting as Far-
bish's ambassador had dropped into
his room, since Farbish himself knew

"You mustn't stand that. Go after
him."

"I reckon"—Samson's voice was a
pleasant drawl—"It doesn't make any
particular difference, Mr. Horton."

"Even if what I said didn't happen
to be particularly commendatory?" in-
quired Horton, his eyes narrowing.

"So long," replied the Kentuckian,
"as what you said was your own opin-
ion, I don't reckon it would interest
me much."

"In point of fact"—Horton was gaz-
ing with steady hostility into Sam-
son's eyes—"I prefer to tell you. I
have rather generally expressed the
belief that you are a damned savage,
unfit for decent society."

Samson's face grew rigid and a trifle
pale. His mouth set itself in a straight
line, but, as Wilfred Horton came to
his feet with the last words, the mountaineer
remained seated.

"And," went on the New Yorker,
flushing with suddenly augmenting
passion, "what I said I still believe to
be true and repeat in your presence.
At another time and place, I shall be
even more explicit. I shall ask you to
explain—certain things."

"Mr. Horton," suggested Samson in
an ominously quiet voice, "I reckon
you're a little drunk. If I were you,
I'd sit down."

Wilfred's face went from red to
white, and his shoulders stiffened. He
leaned forward, and for the instant
no one moved. The tick of the clock
was plainly audible.

"South," he said, his breath coming
in labored excitement, "defend your-
self!"

Samson still sat motionless.

"Against what?" he inquired.

"Against that!" Horton struck the
mountain man across the face with
his open hand. Instantly, there was a
commotion of scraping chairs and
shuffling feet, mingled with a chorus
of inarticulate protest. Samson had
risen, and, for a second, his face had
become a thing of unspeakable pas-
sion. His hand instinctively swept
toward his pocket—and stopped half-
way. He stood by his overturned
chair, gazing into the eyes of his as-
sailant, with an effort at self-mastery
which gave his chest and arms the
appearance of a man writhing and
stiffening under electrocution. Then,
he forced both hands to his back and
gripped them there. For a moment,
the tableau was held, then the man
from the mountains began speaking,
slowly and in a tone of dead-level
monotony. Each syllable was portent-
ously distinct and clear clipped.

"Maybe you know why I don't kill
you. . . . Maybe you don't. . . . I don't
give a damn whether you do or
not. . . . That's the first blow I've
ever passed. . . . I ain't going to hit
back. . . . You need a friend pretty
bad just now. . . . For certain reasons,

ously: "You will have to get him, or
he will get you. Are you armed?"
The Kentuckian laughed.

"I reckon I don't need to be armed
amongst gentlemen."

Farbish drew from his pocket a
magazine pistol.

"It won't hurt you to slip that into
your clothes," he insisted.

For an instant, the mountaineer
stood looking at his host and with eyes
that bored deep, but whatever was in
his mind as he made that scrutiny
he kept to himself. At last, he took
the magazine pistol, turned it over in
his hand, and put it into his pocket.

"Mr. Farbish," he said, "I've been in
places before now where men were
drinking who had made threats against
me. I think you are excited about
this thing. If anything starts, he will
start."

At the dinner table, Samson South
and Wilfred Horton were introduced,
and acknowledged their introductions
with the briefest and most formal
nods. During the course of the meal,
though seated side by side, each ig-
nored the presence of the other. Sam-
son was, perhaps, no more silent than
usual. Always, he was the listener ex-
cept when a question was put to him
direct, but the silence which sat upon
Wilfred Horton was a departure from
his ordinary custom.

He had discovered in his college
days that liquor, instead of exhilarat-
ing him, was an influence under which
he grew morose and sullen, and that
discovery had made him almost a total
abstainer. Tonight, his glass was con-
stantly filled and emptied, and, as he
ate, he gazed ahead, and thought re-
sentfully of the man at his side.

When the coffee had been brought,
and the cigars lighted, and the serv-
ants had withdrawn, Horton with the
manner of one who had been awaiting
an opportunity, turned slightly in his
chair, and gazed insolently at the Ken-
tuckian.

Samson South still seemed entirely
unconscious of the other's existence,
though in reality no detail of the brew-
ing storm had escaped him. He was
studying the other faces around the
table, and what he saw in them ap-
peared to occupy him, Wilfred Hor-
ton's cheeks were burning with a dull
flush, and his eyes were narrowing
with an unveiled dislike. Suddenly,
a silence fell on the party, and, as
the men sat puffing their cigars, Horton
turned toward the Kentuckian. For a
moment, he glared in silence, then
with an impetuous exclamation of dis-
gust he announced:

"See here, South, I want you to know
that if I'd understood you were to be
pleased, I wouldn't have come. It has
pleased me to express my opinion of
you to a number of people, and now I
mean to express it to you in person."

Samson looked around, and his fea-
tures indicated neither surprise nor in-
terest. He caught Farbish's eye at
the same instant, and, though the plot-
ter said nothing, the glance was subtle
and expressive. It seemed to prompt
and goad him on, as though the man
had said:

"You mustn't stand that. Go after
him."

"I reckon"—Samson's voice was a
pleasant drawl—"It doesn't make any
particular difference, Mr. Horton."

"Even if what I said didn't happen
to be particularly commendatory?" in-
quired Horton, his eyes narrowing.

"So long," replied the Kentuckian,
"as what you said was your own opin-
ion, I don't reckon it would interest
me much."

"In point of fact"—Horton was gaz-
ing with steady hostility into Sam-
son's eyes—"I prefer to tell you. I
have rather generally expressed the
belief that you are a damned savage,
unfit for decent society."

Samson's face grew rigid and a trifle
pale. His mouth set itself in a straight
line, but, as Wilfred Horton came to
his feet with the last words, the mountaineer
remained seated.

"And," went on the New Yorker,
flushing with suddenly augmenting
passion, "what I said I still believe to
be true and repeat in your presence.
At another time and place, I shall be
even more explicit. I shall ask you to
explain—certain things."

"Mr. Horton," suggested Samson in
an ominously quiet voice, "I reckon
you're a little drunk. If I were you,
I'd sit down."

Wilfred's face went from red to
white, and his shoulders stiffened. He
leaned forward, and for the instant
no one moved. The tick of the clock
was plainly audible.

"South," he said, his breath coming
in labored excitement, "defend your-
self!"

Samson still sat motionless.

"Against what?" he inquired.

"Against that!" Horton struck the
mountain man across the face with
his open hand. Instantly, there was a
commotion of scraping chairs and
shuffling feet, mingled with a chorus
of inarticulate protest. Samson had
risen, and, for a second, his face had
become a thing of unspeakable pas-
sion. His hand instinctively swept
toward his pocket—and stopped half-
way. He stood by his overturned
chair, gazing into the eyes of his as-
sailant, with an effort at self-mastery
which gave his chest and arms the
appearance of a man writhing and
stiffening under electrocution. Then,
he forced both hands to his back and
gripped them there. For a moment,
the tableau was held, then the man
from the mountains began speaking,
slowly and in a tone of dead-level
monotony. Each syllable was portent-
ously distinct and clear clipped.

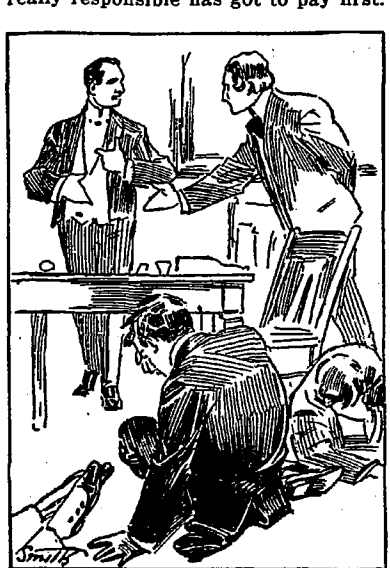
"Maybe you know why I don't kill
you. . . . Maybe you don't. . . . I don't
give a damn whether you do or
not. . . . That's the first blow I've
ever passed. . . . I ain't going to hit
back. . . . You need a friend pretty
bad just now. . . . For certain reasons,

I'm going to be that friend. . . . Don't
you see that this thing is a damned
frame-up? . . . Don't you see that I
was brought here to murder you?"
He turned suddenly to Farbish.

"Why did you insist on my putting
that in my pocket?"—Samson took out
the pistol, and threw it down on the
tablecloth in front of Wilfred, where
it struck and shivered a half-filled
wine-glass—"and why did you warn
me that this man meant to kill me?
I was meant to be your catspaw to put
Wilfred Horton out of your way. I
may be a barbarian and a savage, but
I can smell a rat—if it's dead enough."

For an instant there was absolute
and hushed calm. Wilfred Horton
picked up the discarded weapon and
looked at it in bewildered stupefac-
tion, then slowly his face flamed with
distrusting mortification.

"Any time you want to fight me"—
Samson had turned again to face him,
and was still talking in his deadly
quiet voice—"except tonight, you can
find me. I've never been hit before
without hitting back. That blow has
got to be paid for—but the man that's
really responsible has got to pay first."



"I'm Ready Either to Fight or Shake Hands."

When I fight you, I'll fight for myself,
not for a bunch of damned murderers.
Just now, I've got other business.
That man framed this up!" He pointed
a lean finger across the table into the
stunned countenance of Mr. Farbish.
"He knew! He has been working on
this job for a month. I'm going to
attend to his case now."

As Samson started toward Farbish,
the conspirator rose, and, with an ex-
cellent counterfeit of insulted virtue,
pushed back his chair.

"By God," he indignantly exclaimed,
"you mustn't try to embroil me in your
quarrels. You must apologize. You
are talking wildly, South."

"Am I?" questioned the Kentuckian,
quietly; "I'm going to act wildly in a
minute."

He halted a short distance from Far-
bish, and drew from his pocket a
crumpled scrap of the offending maga-
zine page: the item that had offended
Horton.

"I may not have good manners,
Mister Farbish, but where I come from
we know how to handle varmints." He
dropped his voice and added for the
plotter's ear only: "Here's a little
matter on the side that concerns only
us. It wouldn't interest these other
gentlemen." He opened his hand, and
added: "Here, eat that!"

Farbish with a frightened glance
at the set face of the man who was ad-
vancing upon him, leaped back, and
drew from his pocket a pistol—it was
an exact counterpart of the one with
which he had supplied Samson.

With a panther-like swiftness, the
Kentuckian leaped forward, and struck
with the weapon, which spat one in-
effective bullet into the rafters. There
was a momentary scuffle of swaying
bodies and a crash under which the
table groaned amid the shattering
of glass and china. Then, slowly, the
conspirator's body bent back at the
waist, until its shoulders were
stretched on the disarranged cloth,
and the white face, with purple veins
swelling on the forehead, stared up
between two brown hands that gripped
its throat.

"Swallow that!" ordered the mountaineer.

For just an instant, the company
stood dumfounded, then a strained,
unnatural voice broke the silence.

"Stop him, he's going to kill the man!"

The odds were four to two, and
with a sudden rally to the support of
their chief plotter, the other conspira-
tors rushed the figure that stood thro-
tling his victim. But Samson South
was in his element. The damned-up
wrath that had been smoldering dur-
ing these last days was having a tem-
pestuous outlet. He had found men
who, in a gentlemen's club to which
he had come as a guest, sought to
use him as a catspaw and murderer.

As they assailed him, en masse,
he seized a chair, and swung it fall-
like about his head. For a few mo-
ments, there was a crashing of glass
and china, and a clatter of furniture
and a chaos of struggle.

Samson South stood for a moment
panting in a scene of wreckage and
disorder. The table was littered with
shattered glasses and decanters and
china-ware. The furniture was scat-
tered and overturned. Farbish was
weakly leaning to one side in the seat
to which he had made his way. The
men who had gone down under the
heavy blows of the chair lay quietly
where they had fallen.

Wilfred Horton stood waiting. The
whole affair had transpired with such
celerity and speed that he had hardly
understood it, and had taken no part.
But, as he met the gaze of the dis-
ordered figure across the wreckage of a
dinner-table, he realized that now,

with the preliminaries settled, he who
had struck Samson in the face must
give satisfaction for the blow. Horton
was sober, as cold sober as though he
had jumped into ice-water, and though
he was not in the least afraid, he was
mortified, and, had apology at such a
time been possible, would have made
it. He knew that he had misjudged
his man; he saw the outlines of the
plot as plainly as Samson had seen
them, though more tardily.

Samson's toe touched the pistol
which had dropped from Farbish's
hand and he contemptuously kicked it
to one side. He came back to his
place.

"Now, Mr. Horton," he said to the
man who stood looking about with a
dazed expression, "if you're still of the
same mind, I can accommodate you.
You lied when you said I was a sav-
age—though just now it sort of looks
like I was, and"—he paused, then
added—"and I'm ready either to fight
or shake hands. Either way suits
me."

For the moment, Horton did not
speak, and Samson slowly went on:

"But, whether we fight or not, you've
got to shake hands with me when we're
finished. You and me ain't going to
start no feud. This is the first time
I've ever refused to let a man be my
enemy if he wanted to. I've got my
reasons. I'm going to make you shake
hands with me whether you like it or
not, but if you want to fight first it's
satisfactory. You said awhile ago you
would be glad to be more explicit with
me when we were alone." He paused
and looked about the room. "Shall I
throw these damned murderers out of
here, or will you go into another room
and talk?"

"Leave them where they are," said
Horton, quietly. "We'll go into the
reading-room. Have you killed any of
them?"

"I don't know," said the other, curt-
ly, "and I don't care."

When they were alone, Samson
went on:

"I know what you want to ask me
about, and I don't mean to answer you.
You want to question me about Miss
Lescott. Whatever she and I have
done doesn't concern you. I will say
this much—if I've been ignorant of
New York ways and my ignorance has
embarrassed her, I'm sorry."

"I supposed you know that she's too
damned good for you—just like she's
too good for me. But she thinks more
of you than she does of me—and she's
yours. As for me, I have nothing to
apologize to you for. Maybe, I have
something to ask her pardon about,
but she hasn't asked it."

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

SLEEP WAS NOT FOR HER

Little One Got What Consolation She
Could Out of Foregoing Prom-
ised Reward.

The parentally imposed afternoon
nap has long been childhood's bane.
Harry S. Smith, secretary of the park
board was telling the other day of
difficulties of afternoon napping expe-
rienced by his offspring.

A youthful daughter is especially
given to insomnia at the time in the
afternoon when it is insisted that she
shall nap. It is no fault of hers. She
strives strenuously to woo Morpheus,
but to no avail. The sleep god is co-
quettish and he comes only when he
can steal upon his victims.

The other afternoon the tot was do-
ing her best to sleep. Dutifully she
closed her eyes, breathed rhythmically
and counted sheep jumping over the
fence, as instructed. Sleep would not
come. But it would never do to dis-
appoint a parent. So when the ques-
tion came, "Are you sleeping, daugh-
ter?" she murmured slumberously,
"Uh-huh."

But her message was not convinc-
ing. So she was offered a dime as a
reward for sleeping. Time and again
she made the effort, but always it was
fruitless. Then she began to squirm.
Finally she sat up in her bed. Her
manner was eloquent of conviction of
the futility of further effort, after resig-
nation of claim upon the reward.

"Oh, I don't care; I don't want the
dime," she said. "My bank is a penny
bank, anyhow."—Louisville Times.

Hundred-Foot Standard.

The Western Society of Engineers
has had prepared a 100-foot length
standard, which it has presented to
the city of Chicago. This standard is

a steel rod 102 feet long, two inches
wide and half an inch in thickness,
which rests on rollers secured to sub-
stantial brackets fixed to the wall. The
graduations, which were established
by Prof. L. A. Fischer of the United
States bureau of standards, Washing-
ton, were at zero, one foot, one yard,
one meter, ten feet, 25 feet, 50 feet, 66
feet, 80 meters, 30 meters and 100
feet, and at each of these points a disk
of an alloy of 99 per cent platinum and
ten per cent iridium 5.16 inch in
diameter was inserted in the rod flush
with its surface, the exact division
point being marked on the disk. The
work of graduation proved remarkably
accurate, as is shown by the correction
table furnished for use in connection
with comparisons of measures.

Chicken Thief Wrote Verse.

After cleaning out a chicken coop in
Birmingham, Ala., the chicken thief
left the following note: "Lord, have
mercy on my soul, how many chickens
have I stole, last night and the night
before, coming back tonight and get
25 more; remember coming back to-
night."

Whale a Victim of War.

An enormous whale drifted ashore
near Margate, England, the other day.
It had been killed by a mine in the
North sea.

Girls! Use Lemons! Make a Bleaching, Beautifying Cream



The juice of two fresh lemons strain-
ed into a bottle containing three
ounces of orchard white makes a
whole quarter pint of the most remark-
able lemon skin beautifier at about the
cost one must pay for a small jar of
the ordinary cold creams. Care should
be taken to strain the lemon juice
through a fine cloth so no lemon pulp
gets in, then this lotion will keep fresh
for months. Every woman knows that
lemon juice is used to bleach and re-
move such blemishes as freckles, sal-
lowness and tan and is the ideal skin
softener, smoothen and beautifier.
Just try it! Get three ounces of
orchard white at any pharmacy and
two lemons from the grocer and make
up a quarter pint of this sweetly fra-
grant lemon lotion and massage it
daily into the face, neck, arms and
hands. It naturally should help to
soften, freshen, bleach and bring out
the roses and beauty of any skin. It
is simply marvelous to smoothen
rough, red hands. Adv.

Bathe in Moonlight.

The pale moonlight that bathes each
night the several hundred frame build-
ings at Fort Benjamin Harrison which
house the student officers and the regu-
lar army men, shines also over the
tents of two Indiana National Guard
companies, the First Indiana field hos-
pital and ambulance company No. 1.
Late in the afternoon is bath time
with the student officers, and with the
regulars, and the bathhouses, one for
each company, are about the busiest
places at the fort, especially after a
round of trench-digging. But the men
of the field hospital don't care for
bathing in the afternoon. Night time
is the time for them. Their bath-
houses are as open as the air, the
bathing facilities provided consisting



Not Excepted.
"Are there any piscatorial amusements about here?"
"No, sir; nothin' doin' but fishin'."

Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills are not a "coal-tar product" nor a "confection," but a good, old-fashioned dose of medicine for regulating the stomach, the liver and the bowels. Get a box and try them. Adv.

Few Sheep on Farms.
In the United States only one farm in seven, of more than twenty acres, now supports sheep, and consequently we import nearly a third of a billion pounds of wool yearly.

Important to Mothers.
Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, that famous old remedy for infants and children, and see that it bears the Signature of *Dr. J. C. Fitch* in Use for Over 30 Years. Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria.

Commercial Facility.
"Jones is a regular golden-mouthed speaker."

"I never noticed he was so much of an orator. What made him golden-mouthed? Perseverance?"
"No; his dentist."

To Drive Out Malaria.
And Build Up The System.
Take the Old Standard GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC. You know what you are taking, as the formula is printed on every label, showing it is Quinine and Iron in a tasteless form. The Quinine drives out malaria, the Iron builds up the system. 50 cents.

He Would Pay.
It happened at a Christmas party. A pretty young lady had asked one of the male guests to pass a dish of almonds and raisins.

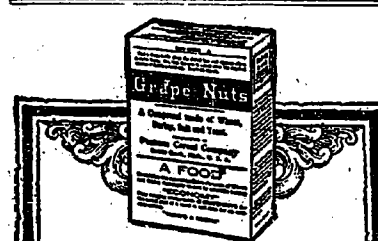
"With pleasure," he replied, "but do you know that what you have asked for is called in the vernacular 'Kiss-miss,' and that the penalty of a kiss attaches to the request?"

"Is that so?" answered the lady, calmly. "I must consult my husband." And she called across the room to him, and repeated the observation.
"Quite so," he replied. "According to custom, it is a just debt and must be paid. But is the gentleman aware of the arrangement made when we were married—that I must settle all my wife's liabilities?"

How Germans Attack.
It has frequently been stated of late that the German troops attack in mass formation even in the face of machine gun and shell fire, a policy little short of suicidal under conditions of modern warfare. A Dutch army officer who has been an observer on the front says that this is not strictly so. He states that the attack has the appearance of a mass attack because it is composed of successive waves of infantry. The rear waves are kept in close formation to heighten the morale of the troops, but the attack is not a mass attack, strictly speaking. The Germans charge in close order when they have located what they consider the weak spot in the line of defense.

Coercion.
"Charley, dear," said young Mrs. Torkins, "do you want me to vote?"
"Certainly I do."
"You're sure you want me to?"
"Yes, indeed."
"Well, then, I won't do it unless you buy me potatoes half a dozen."

What He Did Know.
"Are potatoes hard to raise?"
"I don't know. But the price of potatoes is."

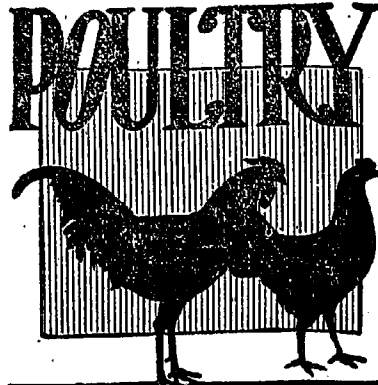


Grape-Nuts

Made from choice whole wheat and malted barley, this famous food retains the vital mineral elements of the grain, so essential for balanced nourishment, but lacking in many cereal foods.

From every standpoint—good flavor, rich nourishment, easy digestion, convenience, economy, health from childhood to old age—Grape-Nuts food.

"There's a Reason"



RAISING TURKEYS ON RANCH

Now Found Only in Unsettled Foothill Regions of California and Some Western States.

Turkey ranching is a new industry born of the decreasing production of turkeys on farms, according to an article in the recently published 1916 Yearbook of the United States Department of Agriculture.

Exclusive turkey ranching is now found practically only in the unsettled foothill regions of California and



Fine Type of Bronze Turkey.

In certain sections of Arizona and other Western states. In these regions a few persons are engaged in raising a thousand or more turkeys a season. The establishments are located where the range is unlimited and the natural food of the turkey, such as grasshoppers and other insects, green vegetation, and the seeds of various weeds and grasses, is abundant. Advantage also is taken on these ranches of the turkey's relish for acorns, and where these are plentiful but little grain need be used for fattening in the fall. The large flocks of turkeys are managed much like herds of sheep, being taken out to the range early in the morning, and brought home to roost at night. They are herded during the day by men either on foot or on horseback, and by dogs especially trained for the work.

BOTHER WITH EARLY CHICKS

Leg Weakness and Bowel Troubles Are Most Common Complaints—Two Ordinary Causes.

Many have had trouble with their early chicks. Leg weakness and bowel trouble are the most common complaints. The general causes for these troubles are overfeeding and too close confinement and the two usually go together. That which would be regarded as overfeeding in small runs would not be overfeeding where the chicks were out on the ground and permitted to run at will. Chicks confined to basement or in buildings continually, should have moist earth to scratch in and even then, should not be long confined to such runs. The cold will not hurt them if they can return to the warm hovel at will, and they will very soon learn where to find it.

LOSS OF INCUBATOR CHICKS

Poultry Specialist Saves Lives of Many Young Fowls by Using Feather Duster in Brooder.

A poultry specialist claims to be able to reduce loss among incubator chicks by providing the brooder with feather dusters. The chicks in coming in contact with the dusters imagine that they are being brooded by a hen and consequently do not become homesick and despondent over the fact that they have no mother to love them.

GOOD DUST BATH FOR FOWLS

Necessary in Every Poultry House That Hens May Get Rid of Vermin—Fine Dust Is Best.

In every poultry house there should be a dust bath where the hens may get rid of lice.

Poultry lice breed through pores in their sides and fine dust fills these pores and suffocates the vermin. Road dust, hard coal ashes or dry dust of any kind will accomplish the purpose.

Salt for Breeding Stock

A little salt in the dry mash for the breeding stock and in the feed for newly hatched chicks will largely prevent the vice of toe-picking and cannibalism.

Eggs for Hen's Board

Forty eggs laid by a hen between November 1st and March 1st amply pays for her year's feed. It takes from 80 to 90 to do so in midsummer.

GOOD SPRAYING EQUIPMENT ESSENTIAL

(By J. G. MOORE, Wisconsin Agricultural Experiment Station.)

Time and money are lost in attempting to spray with poor equipment. First-class machinery in good working order and mixing equipment adequate for the amount of material to be handled and designed to facilitate the preparation of materials and the filling of spray tanks are essential to economical and efficient work.

The mixing equipment will vary with the amount of spraying to be done and the materials to be used. The home orchard will demand less elaborate equipment than a commercial orchard. Bordeaux necessitates more barrels or tanks than lime sulphur. In using bordeaux, four barrels or tanks are almost necessary. Convenient water supply is a time saver in spraying. A creek or pond in proximity to the orchard saves much time in pumping or hauling water. It is important, however, that the water be free from grit.

The character of the pump depends largely on the size of the orchard sprayed. For commercial orchards a power pump is most economical. For the home orchard the hand pump is satisfactory. A good quality hose costs less in the end as it is more durable than the common garden hose.

pressure and the angle at which it strikes the obstructing surface. This nozzle has great driving power and is extensively used in the West for the calyx spray of apples and pears.

The eddy chamber type of nozzle produces the spray by forcing the liquid to rotate rapidly as it is expelled through a small aperture at high pressure which breaks it up into a mistlike form. There are various devices for producing the whirling motion. The character of the spray is regulated to a greater or lesser extent by the pressure, the size of the aperture and the relation of the openings in the whirling device to the aperture. This is the type of nozzle used extensively in the East.

It is desirable to have the opening of the nozzle at an angle to the rod as it greatly facilitates putting on the material. Some nozzles known as angle nozzles are so constructed as to accomplish this. Unless an angle nozzle is used, an angle connection is imperative for efficient work.

An entirely different type of spray pump is now being used by a number of growers. Instead of pumping liquid, the pump compresses air which enters an air-tight tank containing the spray material. The in-rushing air is



HAND PUMP SPRAYING OUTFIT FOR SMALL ORCHARDS.

An extension rod is necessary in spraying trees over 7 or 8 feet high.

Selection of Nozzle Important.

Two general types of nozzles are used in orchard spraying. They may be characterized as the bordeaux and eddy chamber types. The bordeaux which is not extensively used in the East produces its spray by forcing the material through a small aperture against a smooth surface. The character of the spray is regulated by the

made to agitate the spray material and also furnish the pressure to drive it to the nozzle. In the nozzle the stream of spray material is combined with a stream of air under pressure, producing a very fine spray. It is claimed that this machine reduces the amount of material required and the cost for engine operation, that the desired pressure is constantly and evenly maintained and that the spray produced is especially efficient.

FERTILIZERS LEAST REQUIRED BY FRUIT

Are Necessary in Only Few Places, Points Out Horticulturist of Kansas College.

The application of fertilizers is one of the least important factors in fruit growing, in the opinion of F. S. Merrill, assistant professor of horticulture in the Kansas State Agricultural college.

"Some soils are so extremely fertile that orchards planted on them have a tendency to make an excessive wood growth," said Mr. Merrill. "This abnormal growth of wood tends to cut down the size of the fruit crop. On such fertile soil the use of fertilizers is a detriment."

"In a sandy soil where clean cultivation is practiced there may be a lack of humus and organic matter. On such soil it is well to use a fertilizer."

"Except for young peach trees, barnyard manure is the only fertilizer that need be used. It is rich in organic matter and supplies the soil with all the material that is needed for orchard fertilization. The manure should be applied in the fall and winter at the rate of 12 to 15 tons an acre. In the spring the manure should be disked into the ground."

THINNING IS URGED TO IMPROVE APPLES

It Is Necessary to Thin to Point Where Most Desirable Size Can Be Obtained.

(By W. C. EDMUNDSON, Idaho Experiment Station.)

It is the desire of every fruit grower to produce apples of good size, high color, fine quality and uniformity. This is almost impossible without thinning. No orchardist will thin his fruit so as to obtain an abnormally large product, for the market does not demand such fruit. But it is necessary, with a big crop, to thin to a point where the most desirable size for the variety can be obtained.

One of the strongest arguments in favor of thinning is that it secures uniform fruit. Another point in its favor is that in thinning one may do away with a good many worms or scabby apples. If apples are allowed to grow touching one another, they form

an ideal point of entry for the larvae of codling moth.

Thinning also has its direct effect upon the tree. It allows it to make the proper wood growth, prevents breaking of limbs, and allows the tree to produce, as nearly as possible, uniform annual crops. A heavy crop usually follows a light one.

The amount of fruit that should be left on a tree is an exceedingly hard thing to judge and experience is the best teacher. Some try to thin to a certain number of boxes; others try to space their fruit. If spacing is followed, the apples should be no left closer than five or six inches apart, and no apples should be left on the tree that touch each other. Thinning may be done by pinching the apple off with the fingers, but the work may be done quite handily by a pair of thinning shears.

SPRAYING FOR SCAB WITH LIME SULPHUR

May Be Combined With Treatment for Other Diseases, Such as Brown Rot and Curculio.

Peach scab is a fungous trouble which, next to the brown rot, is the most serious among peach diseases, can be successfully controlled at small cost by spraying with self-bolled lime sulphur or a solution of finely divided wettable sulphur, which is a mixture of superfine sulphur, glue and water. The spraying for scab may be combined with treatment for other diseases, such as brown rot and plum curculio.

Spray with arsenate of lead and self-bolled lime sulphur or finely divided wettable sulphur about a month after the petals fall. If the latter fungicide is used, the addition of lime may be a desirable precaution against arsenical injury. Late varieties should be sprayed again in a month.

Where brown rot is injurious spray with finely divided wettable sulphur or self-bolled lime sulphur three to four weeks before the fruit ripens, but not less than four weeks before harvest if self-bolled lime sulphur is used. The strength of spray preparations is arsenate of lead paste, one and a half pounds (or powder, three-fourths pound), in 50 gallons; stone lime, two to three pounds in 50 gallons; self-bolled lime sulphur, eight pounds of lime and eight pounds of flour of sulphur in 50 gallons; and finely divided wettable sulphur, five pounds in 50 gallons in the case of the paste, which is approximately 50 per cent sulphur.

UGH! CALOMEL MAKES YOU SICK! CLEAN LIVER AND BOWELS MY WAY

Just Once! Try "Dodson's Liver Tone" When Bilious, Constipated, Headachy—Don't Lose a Day's Work.

Live up your sluggish liver! Feel fine and cheerful; make your work a pleasure; be vigorous and full of ambition. But take no nasty, dangerous calomel, because it makes you sick and you may lose a day's work. Calomel is mercury or quicksilver, which causes necrosis of the bones. Calomel crashes into your bile like dynamite, breaking it up. That's when you feel that awful nausea and cramping.

Listen to me! If you want to enjoy the nicest, gentlest liver and bowel cleansing you ever experienced, just take a spoonful of harmless Dodson's Liver Tone. Your druggist or dealer sells you a 50 cent bottle of Dodson's Liver Tone under my personal money-back guarantee that each spoonful will clean your sluggish liver better than a dose of nasty calomel and that it won't make you sick.

Dodson's Liver Tone is real liver medicine. You'll know it next morning, because you will wake up feeling fine, your liver will be working, your headache and dizziness gone, your stomach will be sweet and your bowels regular.

Dodson's Liver Tone is entirely vegetable, therefore harmless and cannot salivate. Give it to your children. Millions of people are using Dodson's Liver Tone instead of dangerous calomel now. Your druggist will tell you that the sale of calomel is almost stopped entirely here.—Adv.



Sold for 47 years. For Malaria, Chills and Fever. Also a Fine General Strengthening Tonic. 50c and \$1.00 at all Drug Stores.

WHISTLER WAS MOST ACTIVE

Observer Marvelled at Great Energy Displayed by the Famous Artist in His Studio.

The studio was surprisingly different from the room he previously used in Lindsay row, and entirely unlike the studios usually occupied by other artists, says Hay in "Memories of Whistler." I remember a long, not very lofty room, very light, with windows along one side; his canvas beside his model at one end, and at the other, near the table which he used as a palette, an old Georgian looking-glass, so arranged that he could see his canvas and model reflected in it. Those who use such a mirror (as he did constantly) will know that it is the most merciless of critics.

I marvelled then at his extraordinary activity, as he darted backward and forward to look at both painting and model from his point of view at the extreme end of the long studio. He always used brushes of large size with very long handles, three feet in length, and held them from the end with his arms stretched to their full extent. Each touch was laid on with great firmness, and his physical strength enabled him to do without the assistance of a mahlstick, whilst the distance at which he stood from the canvas allowed him to have the whole of a large picture in sight and so judge the correct drawing of each touch.

FOR ITCHING, BURNING SKINS

Bathe With Cuticura Soap and Apply the Ointment—Trial Free.

For eczemas, rashes, itchings, irritations, pimples, dandruff, sore hands, and baby humors, Cuticura Soap and Ointment are supremely effective. Besides they tend to prevent these distressing conditions, if used for everyday toilet and nursery preparations.

Free sample each by mail with Book. Address postcard, Cuticura, Dept. L, Boston. Sold everywhere.—Adv.

The Point.
Former Premier Rene Viviani of the French commission impressed the country with his eloquence.

They tell a story of M. Viviani's youth. He had accepted an invitation to address a political meeting, and he launched into his maiden speech with trepidation. But he carried all before him, and, when he purposed to sit down, there were loud cries of:

"Go on! Keep her up! Go on!"
"Do you really wish me to go on?" said M. Viviani.

"Yes! Yes! Go on! Go on!" shouted the audience.

"Then this is the exact point," said M. Viviani, "where a capable speaker sits down."

Lovers' Quarrel.
"Jack and I have parted forever."
"Good gracious! What does that mean?"
"Means I'll get a five-pound box of candy in about an hour."

Balks at One Thing.
Biff—He's a pleasure-loving chap.
Buff—But he doesn't enjoy a good reputation, somehow.—Town Topics.

The occasional use of Roman Eye Balsam at night upon retiring will prevent and relieve tired eyes, watery eyes, and eye strain.

Ontario in 1916 mined 496,679 ounces of gold.

When Your Eyes Need Care Try Murine Eye Remedy

Murine Eye Remedy, 50 cents a bottle. Sold by all druggists. MURINE EYE REMEDY CO., CHICAGO

DAISY FLY KILLER placed anywhere, attracts and kills all flies. Satisfies all needs. Contains no poison. Cheap. Lasts all season. Do not buy any other fly killer until you have tried this. Sold by all druggists, or direct from the manufacturer, 50 cents a bottle. Write for free literature. DR. HALE LABORATORY, 50 Walker St., New York.

PARKER'S HAIR BALM A toilet preparation of merit. Helps to eradicate dandruff. For restoring Color and Beauty to Gray or Faded Hair. 50c and \$1.00 a bottle.

KODAKS EXPERT DEVELOPING All roll films developed 10c. Prints 10c. 5c. et cetera. Prompt attention to mail orders. R. O. BERNARD, Greensboro, N. C.

OLD FALSE TEETH WANTED We pay \$2 to \$15 per set for old false teeth. Do not matter if broken. Send by parcel post and receive check by return mail. Ask references. Hays & Tooth Specialty, 207 S. Fifth St., Philadelphia, Pa.

KODAKS & SUPPLIES We also do highest class of finishing. Prices and Catalogue upon request. S. Galecki Optical Co., Richmond, Va.

PILOCURIA CURES PILES The New Internal Treatment Send for a box. Send for sample today. Mailed free. Pilocuria Company, Washington, D. C.

W. N. U., CHARLOTTE, NO. 28-1917.

THE DAVIE

LARGEST CIRCULATION EVER PUBLISHED IN

ARRIVAL of PASS

GOING NO
No. 26 Lv. Mocks
No. 22 Lv. Mocks
GOING SO
No. 25 Lv. Mocks
No. 21 Lv. Mocks

COTTON MA

Good Middling...
Seed cotton...

LOCAL AND PER

There are a number of mumps in town.

Miss Esther Horn friends at Belmont.

R. B. Sanford m trip to the Twin-City.

J. H. and A. M. C Twin-City, were Sun

Chief of Police made a business tr Saturday.

J. B. Johnstone left Friday afternoon New York.

C. O. Foster, of is spending some time his parents.

Fred Clement an spent Saturday in business.

The showers of the been a blessing to the town folks too.

Mr. and Mrs. Ed children, of Monroe, Mrs. Philip Hanes.

Mr. and Mrs. Blay are guests of Mr. J. North Main street.

Plenty No. 2 Whit O. C. WALL, Nor

Mr. and Mrs. Eves Winston-Salem, spe town with relatives.

W. F. Stonestree mail carrier on R. 1 in Louisville, Ky., th

Mrs. J. P. Cloaing of Winston-Salem, s end with Mr. and M

Mrs. H. C. Sprink who has been visiti in town since the 4th Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. C. I rejoicing over the home on Saturday daughter.

Rev. E. P. Bradle new cottage houses Mocksville, near factory.

Mr. and Mrs. C. V Salisbury, were in on their way to vis Sheffield.

Miss May Swice salem, was in town way to visit friend Salem.

Misses Thelma Thompson left Sa for Hot Springs, N. will spend some time

A number of our 4th in the Twin City moving pictures, dr and watching the st

Mrs. W. T. Staree of Charlotte, who h ing some time in to returned to their ho

Mrs. F. L. Gaithe Miss Dorothy and A man went to Lees creek to be with Mr. eek, who is seriously

Mr. H. T. Hunt Miss Johnnie, of Miss Tommie Linel tonia, spent the wee Mary Stockton.

Misses Elsie and entertained about th ple at their beautif Mocksville last Tu Before the guests cream and cake we

J. T. Baily, B. F Foster and the edit through Iredell and day. The crops a but there has been Catawba, and crops some extent on acco

Mr. Mrs. F. H. daughter, of Richm and Mrs. J. S. Frost N. C., and Mr. and Mrs. James Fr

ing ten days with th and Mrs. James Fr It is indeed a happ they are having the lives at the old hom

THE DAVIE RECORD.

LARGEST CIRCULATION OF ANY PAPER
EVER PUBLISHED IN DAVIE COUNTY.

ARRIVAL of PASSENGER TRAINS

GOING NORTH		
No. 26	Lv. Mocksville	7:44 a. m.
No. 22	Lv. Mocksville	1:49 p. m.
GOING SOUTH		
No. 25	Lv. Mocksville	7:19 a. m.
No. 21	Lv. Mocksville	2:40 p. m.

COTTON MARKET.	
Good Middling	26 1/2
Seed cotton	8.00

LOCAL AND PERSONAL NEWS.

There are a number of cases of mumps in town.

Miss Esther Horn is the guest of friends at Belmont this week.

R. B. Sanford made a business trip to the Twin-City Saturday.

J. H. and A. M. Clement, of the Twin-City, were Sunday visitors.

Chief of Police R. A. Blaylock made a business trip to Salisbury Saturday.

J. B. Johnstone and son Knox, left Friday afternoon for a trip to New York.

C. O. Foster, of Winston-Salem, is spending some time in town with his parents.

Fred Clement and B. I. Smith spent Saturday in Greensboro on business.

The showers of the past week have been a blessing to the farmers and the town folks too.

Mr. and Mrs. Edwin Crow and children, of Monroe, are guests of Mrs. Philip Hanes.

Mr. and Mrs. Blaylock, of Oxford, are guests of Mr. J. H. Clement, on North Main street.

Plenty No. 2 White Oats at O. C. WALL, North Coolemees.

Mr. and Mrs. Everette Horn, of Winston-Salem, spent the 4th in town with relatives.

W. F. Stonestreet, the popular mail carrier on R. 1, visited relatives in Louisville, Ky., the past week.

Mrs. J. P. Cloinger and children, of Winston-Salem, spent the week-end with Mr. and Mrs. R. L. Wilson.

Mrs. H. C. Sprinkle, of Mt. Airy, who has been visiting her parents in town since the 4th returned home Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. C. L. Thompson are rejoicing over the arrival at their home on Saturday evening a fine daughter.

Rev. E. P. Bradley has had two new cottage houses erected in South Mocksville, near the old chair factory.

Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Hartman, of Salisbury, were in town Saturday on their way to visit friends near Sheffield.

Miss May Swicegood, of Jeru-salem, was in town Saturday on her way to visit friends in Winston-Salem.

Misses Thelma and Margaret Thompson left Saturday morning for Hot Springs, N. C., where they will spend some time.

A number of our citizens spent the 4th in the Twin City looking at the moving pictures, drinking lemonade and watching the street cars pass.

Mrs. W. T. Starette and children, of Charlotte, who have been spending some time in town with friends, returned to their home Saturday.

Mrs. E. L. Gaither and daughter, Miss Dorothy and Mrs. Julia Heitman went to Leesburg, Va., last week to be with Mrs. H. H. Trunelle, who is seriously ill.

Mr. H. T. Hunt and daughter, Miss Johnnie, of Greensboro, and Miss Tommie Lineberger, of Gastonia, spent the week-end with Miss Mary Stockton.

Misses Elsie and Pauline Horn entertained about thirty young people at their beautiful home in South Mocksville last Tuesday evening. Before the guests left, delicious cream and cake was served.

J. T. Baity, B. F. Hooper, T. P. Foster and the editor made a trip through Iredell and Catawba Thursday. The crops are looking well, but there has been no rain in upper Catawba, and crops are suffering to some extent on account of drought.

Mr. Mrs. F. H. Frost and little daughter, of Richmond, Va.; Dr. and Mrs. J. S. Frost, of Burlington, N. C.; and Mr. and Mrs. W. M. Frost, of Chattanooga, Tenn.; are all spending ten days with their parents, Mr. and Mrs. James Frost, near town. It is indeed a happy reunion and they are having the time of their lives at the old homestead.

Town Board Elects Chief.

The town Board met Tuesday night and transacted routine business. The automobile speed law was discussed and it was decided to make the speed limit 15 miles per hour in the town's crowded thoroughfares. Machines which cannot make that speed will be hauled up before his honor, the Mayor. The town auto license tags are now ready for distribution at \$2.50 and \$5 per plate. Car owners who have that amount are expected to come fourth and purchase a plate or tag. The town fathers, while in session, also elected a new chief of police. No patrolmen were selected at this time. Our popular undertaker and embalmer, Mr. Robert A. Blaylock, was selected as chief, and it is needless to add that you had better be careful or the undertaker will get you. The Board of Aldermen tell us that the town laws are going to be enforced in the future, and we are all ready and willing to see these good intentions carried out. The Sunday slot machines, which collect the children's Sunday school money, was not molested by the Board in any way, shape or form.

To Build Concrete Road.

The town fathers are going to build a road from court square to the depot. The cost will be about \$10,000, and it is hoped to be able to start the work next month. The town is going to issue bonds to pay for this and other improvements. It seems to us that the Board should make an effort to secure lights for town, and also a system of water works. Our town will never amount to much until these improvements are secured. Good streets and side walks, electric lights and water works means a bigger and better town and more factories and shops. We must progress or go backward. Which shall it be?

Who Will It Be? What Will You Do.

With the actual draft upon us, there is much speculation as to who will be first to go from our own community. But whoever it may be, we who remain should see that they are not forgotten by the "folks back home." We should ascertain the camps to which each one is assigned, and then through a home committee see that each is generously supplied with magazines, home papers, comfort bags, cheery letters, anything that will make life more cheerful to them. No single individual going forth from this community to fight for his country should be overlooked, and all should be shown equal courtesy and attention. When the good people of this community organize such a committee the editor will be the first to contribute by furnishing a copy of this paper each week to each soldier who goes from our midst. What will you do.

Mrs. J. D. Cartner Dead.

Mrs. J. D. Cartner died Wednesday about noon, at her home near Center, following a short illness of typhoid fever, aged about 35 years. A husband and two children survive, together with her father, mother and several brothers and sisters. Mrs. Cartner was a consecrated member of Mt. Tabor Methodist church, and she will be missed at the church services and throughout the community. The burial took place at Salem church Thursday afternoon at two o'clock, a large concourse of relatives and friends being present to pay their last respects to a neighbor and friend. A good woman has been called to her reward. The husband and little children have the sympathy of all their friends in this hour of darkness.

Auto Service To Winston.

The Auto Transportation Co., have put on auto service between Mocksville, Winston-Salem and Rural Hall, the first cars being operated Sunday. The schedule is as follows: Going North, leave Mocksville 7 a. m., arrive Winston-Salem 8:40 a. m., leave Mocksville 1 p. m., arrive Winston-Salem 2:40 p. m. Going South, leave Winston-Salem 8:30 a. m., arrive Mocksville 10:10 a. m., leave Winston-Salem 5:00 p. m., arrive Mocksville 6:40 p. m. This is convenient schedule, and no doubt the line will do a good business the remainder of the year. What we need now is a line to Salisbury or Statesville, to take care of the through travel.

Corn, beans, and tomatoes are getting plentiful, but prices remain high.

THE WOMEN ARE FIGHTING GERMANY.

Ladies help win this fight by preserving our food supply.

Get Scotts preserving powder, the only genuine guaranteed preserver sold.

We have a big lot of 25 cents packages we are selling for 20 cents.

Crawford's Drug Store.

"THE BLUE FRONT"

New Schedule Of Trains.

The new schedule of passenger trains went into effect Sunday. No. 25, going South, arrives here at 7:19 a. m., as heretofore; No. 26, going North is due here at 7:44 a. m.; about one hour later than heretofore. No. 22, the through train to Asheville to Goldsboro, is due here at 1:49 p. m.; and the train from Goldsboro to Asheville arrives here at 2:44 p. m. Nos. 21 and 22 carries first-class cars with parlor cars, and also carries mail. No. 26 and 25 are now express trains. These new trains are a great convenience to people traveling East or West, as no changes have to be made at Barbers or Winston. The new conductors through here are Captain Ben Sumery and John Frazier, both clever fellows.

OUR MISSIONARY QUESTION BOX.
EDITED BY
BERTHA MARVIN LEE.

Do you contribute to the American Bible Society?

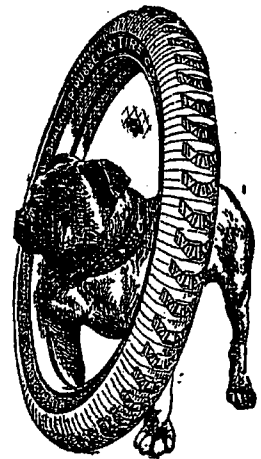
Well, if you do not, now is a good time to begin. You can give to no better cause.

The first modern missionary to India was William Carey, and William Carey translated the Bible, either in whole or in part, into twenty-eight Indian languages. Adoniram Judson is a name you ought to know and remember. He was the great missionary to Burma. It took him twenty-one years to translate the whole Bible into Burmese, and at the age of fifty-six he wrote some words that you ought to commit to memory, they are so fine: "Thanks be to God, I can now say, 'I have attained.'" I have knelt down before him with the last leaf in my hand. May he make his own word, now complete in the Burmese tongue, the grand instrument of filling all Burma with songs of praise to our great God and Saviour, Jesus Christ.

I wonder if you know how great a task it is to translate the Bible into other languages, but what we call dialects. Dialects are just different ways of speaking the same language, and many of these dialects had no alphabet had to be made for them before the Bible could be translated into them. The Bible, or a large part of it, has been translated into seven hundred languages and dialects of the world; and of the seven hundred, one hundred and fifty were for the first time reduced to writing when the Bible was translated into them.

Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Baity spent Saturday in Winston-Salem.

BRAENDER'S Bull Dog Tires



Won the Vanderbilt cup for long endurance trip, and twice crossed the U. S. from shore to shore, without a change. We have a record of one local customer having run this tire over 12000 miles and not a single blow-out.

These tires are extra heavy faced, will not puncture by tacks, and can depend on them under all conditions.

By an error in shipping, we are over stocked on size 33x 4, in both clincher and straight side, and rather than return them, will offer them, while they last, at an extra 10 per cent discount. Look them over and get our prices

Dalton-Tucker Hdw. Co.
433 Trade St. - Winston-Salem, N. C.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Having qualified as administrator of the estate of Joseph G. Hunter, deceased, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against the said estate to present them to the undersigned for payment before July 5, 1918, or this notice will be plead in bar of their recovery. All persons owing the said estate will make immediate payment. This July 5, 1917.
H. F. BLACKWELDER, Adm'r
of Joseph G. Hunter, Dec'd.

Bargains In Furniture.

You don't have to go out of the county to get just what you want. We buy in large lots and are fully prepared to give you as good bargains as can be found anywhere.

Dressers from \$8.00 to \$19.00
Hall Racks \$9.00 to \$12.50
Center Tables \$1.00 to \$7.50
Rockers \$1.50 to 6.00
A complete line of Dining tables.
Just received over 100 Bedsteads from \$3.50 to 12.50. Certainly can please you.

Big line of bed springs and mattresses.
Good line of Porch Swings. Come in and look over our stock. Glad to show you whether you buy or not.
Yours for bargains.

C. C. SANFORD SONS COMPANY.

Two Good Hustlers Wanted

The Record wants two live young men or women to solicit subscriptions in Davie and adjoining counties. A commission of 40 per cent. will be paid. Must begin work this month. Write us at once for particulars.

THE DAVIE RECORD.

Mocksville, N. C.

SAFETY FIRST!

INTEREST IS YOUR BEST SERVANT.

INTEREST NEVER SLEEPS.
IT IS NEVER IDLE.
IT WORKS 24 HOURS EVERY DAY.
IT WORKS 365 DAYS EVERY YEAR.
NO OTHER SERVANT IS SO FAITHFUL.

KEEP YOUR MONEY AT INTEREST.

Start a savings account at once with this bank, and have money accumulating steadily.
We pay 4 per cent interest on all time deposits, and our customers' interests are OURS.

BANK OF DAVIE

J. F. MOORE, Cashier E. L. GAITHER, President
MOCKSVILLE, N. C.

PUTS IT UP TO THE COOK.

A bill of groceries from our house puts it squarely up to the cook. There can be absolutely no excuse for a poor dinner prepared from groceries purchased from us. NOURISHING FOODS were never more necessary than at this time, when you need to conserve every ounce of your strength.

Our Meats are rich and wholesome.
Our Vegetables are fresh.
Our Flour is the very best on the market.
Every article of food in the house is selected with care and eye to the health of our customers.
Every purchase you make is the essence of wisdom in grocery buying—it is the acme of possible economy.
We handle ice all the time.

SWAIM & DAVIS,

ON THE SQUARE PHONE 69

TENNIS SLIPPERS!

Just received 100 pairs white pumps with white soles, for men and women. Also black and white for 50c. per pair, all sizes.

S. M. CALL, Jr., MOCKSVILLE, N. C.
ANDERSON BLOCK.

Mocksville Best Flour.

Every sack is full of satisfaction.

HORN-JOHNSTONE COMPANY

MANUFACTURERS

"THAT GOOD KIND OF FLOUR."

MOCKSVILLE N. C.

Exports And High Prices.

In thinking about the present high cost of living in the United States, we ought not to demand for American breadstuffs abroad, and our enormous export trade in food supplies.

During the ten months ending with last April we shipped to foreign markets, mainly to our allies in Europe, more than a billion dollars worth of food products, horses, mules, and seeds, according to the last report of Federal Department of Commerce. With farm products of this sort going out of the United States at the rate of one and a half billion dollars a year, foodstuffs are bound to be high at home and the South will be unbelievably stupid if she neglects to feed herself this year and perhaps for several years to come, and she will be derelict in patriotism if she does not produce surpluses of food to spare for our armies and our allies abroad.—News-Letter

Piles Cured in 6 to 14 Days

Your druggist will refund money if FAZO OINTMENT fails to cure any case of itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles in 6 to 14 days. The first application gives Ease and Rest. 50c.

A Veteran In The Masters Vineyard.

Rev. F. M. Jordan writes his valedictory to the Recorder. He is 87 years of age, and has baptized 5000 people into the churches of the State. He has never been in a theatre or ball room; never played a card; never sworn an oath, never drunk liquor; never wore whiskers and married the first girl he courted. A birthday present will be thankfully received. His post office is Calvert, N. C.—Charity And Children.

DEAFNESS CANNOT BE CURED

by local applications, as they can not reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by Catarrh which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give one hundred dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by Catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.

HAZARD OF FOREST FIRES

Mental Hazard Attached to Menace Causes Citizens Great Loss.

The loss caused by forest fires in North Carolina while it amounts to a great deal from actual burning is not confined entirely to this class of loss. According to an incident related recently to a representative of the State Insurance Department there is, to use a golf term, a mental hazard attached to the forest fire menace.

A well-to-do farmer sold 20,000 bushels of corn not a great while ago at \$1.10 a bushel. Within 45 days the market price of corn was \$1.90 a bushel. This farmer was in a position to have held the corn and would have held it for the advance but for the fact, as he stated himself, it was the time for burning off land and there had been so many fires in his neighborhood caused by the burning of woods that he dared not take the chance of having the crop burned on his hands after it had been harvested.

No honest citizen would deliberately place an obstruction in the way of a man in the pursuit of his business. Yet the careless making and handling of fires caused this man to lose a tidy sum. It was not the act of a single person that caused it. It was simply the knowledge that so many persons are and have been careless that the farmer was afraid to take the risk and sacrificed his profits in the interest of safety.

The State Insurance Department is very much encouraged at the number of first class school houses being built in the state and being made safe for the children by the Double Tower Standard. Commissioner Young is collecting plans and pictures of these buildings for exhibition and has prepared slides of some of them to be used in connection with the department's illustrated lectures.

How To Serve Your Country.

Being a soldier and fighting in the ranks on the battle field is not the only way by which you can serve your country. One good way and which there is no danger of being killed or wounded, is to pay your debts promptly. This is war of money as well as men and every dollar you keep in your pockets or locked up in your home is dead to your country's interest and welfare. Don't be afraid to turn your money loose. With all that is being spent by this government and foreign governments in this country there is bound to be a big boom in all lines of business. Then pay your debts and help your country by keeping the money on the move.—Exchange.

To Cure a Cold in One Day

Take LAXATIVE BROMO Quinine. It stops the Cough and Headache and works off the Cold. Druggists refund money if it fails to cure. W. W. GROVE'S signature each box, 50c.

FOR A SAFE AND SANE FOURTH OF JULY

The North Carolina Insurance Department has issued a call to citizens, to merchants and to city and town officials in warning against the careless use and in fact the use in any manner of fire works in the celebration of Independence Day, July 4. The use of fire works in this celebration in North Carolina in the past has not been extensive but there seems to have been a tendency in recent years to make more use of them. This display when handled by the most experienced person is dangerous and in the hands of inexperienced people and of children is a menace to both life and property.

Insurance Commissioner Young in a recent statement said:

"In this year when every effort looks to conservation and preparedness it seems to me that the people of North Carolina ought to refrain entirely from the use of fireworks. The kind of patriotism North Carolina and America needs this year is not the kind that burns money uselessly and endangers property and especially property where foodstuffs are stored. The patriotism that will count now is the kind that makes for self denial and the conservation of every energy. The kind that looks to the bending of every effort which lend support to the government in the war of unknown extent upon which it has entered."

"I hope that every city official in North Carolina will see to it that no fireworks are sold or used for the celebration of the Fourth of July. And the sure way to do this is to pass ordinances forbidding their sale. It is a time now when every precaution should be observed to prevent fires. And the handling of fireworks, however careful may be the operator, is hazardous to life and property."

Most smokers would indignantly resent the charge that they are not "good citizens" but the burden of proof would seem to be on them in light of figures prepared by Wilbur E. Mallahan, General Manager National Board of Fire Underwriters, on the causes of fires in the United States for the year 1915, which show a total fire loss of \$4,505,963, attributable to carelessness.—Michigan Fire Marshalls Bulletin.

Why Not.

For secretary of war: Theodore Roosevelt, a man of action. Why not? Lincoln made a war Democrat secretary of war. "The fine vigor and enthusiasm" of Colonel Roosevelt, of which President Wilson has written, is needed in the conduct of our military operations. Vigorous direction may save millions of dollars and hundreds of thousands of lives.—National Republican.

ORIGINAL CRAPE HANGER



The Knecker is Agin improvements, Agin Taxes, Agin Progress, Agin the Weather, Agin everything except himself. He is the original Crape Hanger and never says Anything Good about anyone. Fortunately for all of us, the Knecker lives over in the Next Town.

The Gospel Stands For Peace.

Preachers are ambassadors of peace. A fighting preacher is anomalous. It is a source of constant thankfulness to the writer that he has for his pastor a great preacher of the gospel of peace, and who preaches nothing but that blessed gospel.—Charity and Children.



PRINTING.

We are prepared to handle all kinds of commercial printing, such as

ENVELOPES.

STATEMENTS.

BILL HEADS.

LETTER HEADS.

SHIPPING TACS.

CARDS, POSTERS.

or anything you may need in the printing line. We have the neatest and best equipped shop in Davie county. Our prices are not too high. Phone No. 1, and we will call and show you samples and prices.

THE SOUTHERN RAILWAY COMPANY

An Ambition and a Record

THE needs of the South are identical with the needs of the Southern Railway: the growth and success of one means the upbuilding of the other.

The Southern Railway asks no favors—no special privilege not accorded to others.

The ambition of the Southern Railway Company is to see that unity of interest that is born of co-operation between the public and the railroads; to see perfected that fair and frank policy in the management of railroads which invites the confidence of governmental agencies; to realize that liberality of treatment which will enable it to obtain the additional capital needed for the acquisition of better and enlarged facilities incident to the demand for increased and better service; and, finally—

To take its place in the body politic of the South alongside of other great industries, with no more, but with equal liberties, equal rights and equal opportunities.

"The Southern Serves the South."



Southern Railway System.

Winston-Salem Southbound Railway

Short Line Between

Winston-Salem, Lexington, Albemarle,

Norwood and Points South.

Through train from Roanoke, Va., to Florence, S. C., in connection with the Norfolk & Western Railway and Atlantic Coast Line.

Through Pullman Sleeping Car New York to Jacksonville, Fla., via Winston-Salem.

S. P. COLLIER, JR., Traffic Manager.

Winston-Salem, N. C.

SOUTHERN LUNCH ROOM.

Mocksville, N. C.

"Where Hunger is Satisfied."

The old reliable Southern Lunch Room is again open to the public, and is better prepared than ever to serve the public at all times with hot meals, lunches, fruits, cigars, tobacco, candies, etc. Sanitary cooking, neat dining room and attentive service. If you eat with us once, you will eat with us always.

SOUTHERN LUNCH ROOM.

Depot St. : : Mocksville, N. C.

NORTH CAROLINA STATE COLLEGE OF AGRICULTURE AND ENGINEERING

WEST RALEIGH, N. C.

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NORTH WILKESBORO AND LENOIR, N. C.

VOLUME X

Davie B.

Following those who county on service:

Anderson,

Marshall B.

Lee; Barr

ford; Bar

Barneycas

John Was

Snow; B

Clement

Adolphus

Hanes; C

Clay, Jam

Franklin;

Marvin

Chauncy;

Dwiggins;

gins, Mar

Thos. We

Ralph; D

Gaither,

Willis Ves

Glasscock

Harvey H

Curtis; W

ams; Hor

son, Hun

Elias De

Lafayette

O'Neal, Z

man; P

Wm Cleve

jamin Bla

Wesley;

nolds, Jo

Jno. Hen

Smith, R

Wm. Nath

mond; W

Wooten, F

Pearl Ray

Carter,

Thos. Gle

Frost, M

Jno. Wes

Griffith, N

Jones, Sa

Chas.; K

ler, Jno L

more; K

Daniel, J

Clyde Ri

Harvey;

Smith, A

Chas. Clin

coe; Sha

Stroud, R

Wm. Sam

Smoot, J

Jesse Cle

Kinley; A

derson, G

John; An

Anderson

Clarence;

Millard B

Levi; B

Bailey, V

Carl Flak

ger, Guy;

Brown, P

gar Clare

Beck, Jn

Glenn; B

Frank A

Obeth; C

Carter,

Alonzo; C

Arthur

Cain, Wm

ard Mars

reebe; V

Alphons

Lonnie;

Hill, W

Jesse Le

ther; Hu

ter, Chas

Solomon

Howell,

Noah He

liam; Ha

ell, Wm.

Pinkney;

Ireland,

Henry G

rison; J

Grover, V

Cleveland

Lackey,

mans, G

ner Mil

Hampton

san; O'N

lor; Peo

Rome F

Adam;

Rumma

Ren gar

vis, Jno

Grady;

Reavis,

phus; S

Smith W

Wm. M

Smith, W

Lee; Sto

Snoot, V

terow, R

Harvey

Fletcher

Allen, W

Isaac Br

Boles, W

Henry;

baker, C

The Davie Record.

"HERE SHALL THE PRESS, THE PEOPLE'S RIGHTS MAINTAIN, UNAWED BY INFLUENCE AND UNBRIED BY GAIN."

VOLUME XIX.

MOCKSVILLE, NORTH CAROLINA, WEDNESDAY, JULY 18, 1917.

NUMBER 1

Davie Boys Who Registered.

Following is a complete list of those who registered in Davie county on June 5th for army service:

Anderson, John Frederick; Anderson, Thos. Wade; Anderson, Marshall Edd; Anderson, Charles Lee; Barneycastle, Calvin Sanford; Barneycastle, Carl Holt; Barneycastle, Wm. Harvey; Boyd, John Washington; Beck, David Snow; Brown, John Hanson; Clement, Junius Alonzo; Clay, Adolphus Ray; Chaffin, Stacy Hanes; Crenshaw, Wm. David; Clay, James Pilmore; Clay, Thos. Franklin; Clay, Wm. Asa; Chaffin, Marvin Kenneth; Dwiggins, Chauncey; Douglass, William; Dwiggins, Wm. Thomas; Dwiggins, Marshall Lee; Dwiggins, Thos. Wesley; Dwiggins, Lattie Ralph; Dwiggins, Elijah Frank; Gaither, James Bird; Gobbie, Willis Vestal; Gaither, Edgar Lee; Glasscock, Jas. Grover; Holman, Harvey Wm. Henry; Holbrook, Curtis; Hendricks, Herbert Adams; Horne, Sherrill Wm.; Hodgson, Humphrey Clay; James, Elias Denton; Jackson, Chas. Lafayette; Murphy, Willie Oscar; O'Neal, Zeb; Powell, James Chapman; Powell, William; Parks, Wm. Cleveland; Richardson, Benjamin Blaine; Richardson, Robert Wesley; Reynolds, Robt.; Reynolds, John Alonzo; Sturdevant, Jno. Henry; Seaford, Wm. Maxie; Smith, Robt. Cleveland; Smith, Wm. Nathan; Wilson, Daniel Raymond; Wilson, Marvin Albert; Wooten, Robt. Gaither; Wooten, Pearl Ray; Beck, David Luther; Carter, Grady Wm.; Carter, Thos. Glenn; Frost, Thos. Ralph; Frost, Mitchell Pilmore; Foster, Jno. Wesley; Godby, Jas. Edwards; Griffith, Ney; Jones, Jas. Austin; Jones, Sam'l Allen; Knox, Frank Chas.; Keller, Wm. Franklin; Keller, Jno. Lem; Kinley, Moxie Seymour; Kooztz, Floyd Wilson; McDaniel, Jesse Monroe; Nicholson, Clyde Richard; Nicholson, Jno. Harvey; Pierce, Nathan Numa; Smith, Arthur Lorenzy; Smoot, Chas. Clinton; Stroud, David Roscoe; Shaw, Geo. Washington; Stroud, Robt. Douglas; Seamon, Wm. Samuel; Safriet, Martin; Smoot, Jas. Neapolian; Willson, Jesse Clement; Walker, Wm. McKinley; Anderson, Jackson; Anderson, Geo. Walter; Anderson, John; Anderson, Chas. Spurgeon; Anderson, Avery Samuel; Allen, Clarence; Austin, Roy; Booe, Millard Blackmore; Brackin, Dan'l Levi; Blackwelder, Thos. Alvis; Bailey, Wm. Beal; Blackwood, Carl Flake; Booe, J. Grady; Boger, Guy; Booe, Robt. Braxton; Brown, Phillip Green; Boger, Edgar Clarence; Boger, Jno. Wm.; Beck, Jno. Henry; Boger, Wm. Glenn; Booe, Willie David; Clary, Frank Alexander; Cook, Hiram Obeth; Cook, Frank Morrison; Carther, Silas Hopkins; Collette, Alonzo; Cain, Wade Henry; Cain, Arthur Reece; Campbell, Lee; Cain, Wm. Harrison; Eaton, Richard Marsh; Eaton, Wm. M.; Ferrebee, Wm. Flavius; Ferebee, Alphonse Wade; Gaither, David Lonnie; Hunter, Frank Baker; Hill, Wm.; Hutchens, Clarence; Hutchens, Wm. Gaither; Hutchins, Jno. Blair; Hunter, Chas. Reed; Hepler, George Solomon; Harris, Moses Motie; Howell, Luther Roy; Howell, Noah Henderson; Harding, William; Hanes, Thos. Rufus; Howell, Wm. Harrison; James, Robt. Pinkney; Ireland, Robt. Phillip; Ireland, Jno. Edward; James, Henry Grady; Jones, Henry Harrison; Jones, Cephas; Latham, Grover Winfield; Lowery, Wm. Cleveland; Lowery, Jno. Lewis; Lackey, Roland Winfrey; Laymans, Geo. Austin; Naylor, Warner Milton; McMahan, Wm. Hampton; O'Neal, Benj. Harrison; O'Neal, Chas. Wesley Taylor; Peoples, Jno. Henry; Reavis, Rome Pilmore; Renegar, Sam'l Adam; Ratledge, Wm. Ralph; Rummage, Roy Washington; Renegar, Harvey Caldwell; Reavis, Jno. Grady; Ratledge, Henry Grady; Richardson, Albert Reed; Reavis, Willie Lee; Richie, Adolphus; Smith, Enoch Washington; Smith, Walter Duke; Shoemaker, Wm. Medford; Swisher, Floyd; Smith, Wm. Luther; Smoot, Robt. Lee; Stonestreet, Wade Franklin; Smoot, Willie John; Ratledge, Tutterow, Robert Bradley; Tutterow, Harvey Austin; Whitaker, Robt. Fletcher; Walker, David Pinkney; Allen, Wesley Cleveland; Allen, Isaac Branch; Allen, John Jones; Boles, Walter Henry; Blake, Jno. Henry; Brock, Burr Coley; Brewbaker, Chas. Rand; Butner, Hen-

ry Clay; Beauchamp, Joel Elmer; Boger, Virgil Len; Boles, Lonnie Seaford; Blackwell, Geo. Washington; Dunn, Claud Sherrill; Cope, Jno. Frank; Cope, Andrew Jackson; Cook, Chas. Frank; Cain, Carl Clifton; Driver, Oscar Edward; Dunn, Samuel Thos.; Dunn, Wm. Ollie; Dull, Walter Blaine; Dalton, John; Ellis, Jno. Frederick; Ellis, Wm. Albert; Ellis, Jas. Douglass; Ellis, Ben Caleb; Eaton, Timothy Francis; Eaton, Wm. Henry; Fures, Sam Wade; Furches, Frank Royal; Furches, Ezra Lewis; Furches, Chas. Stephen; Foster, Weldon Edward; Fry, Thomas Clanzell; Foster, Jno. Deleett; Foster, Stacy Sam'l; Foster, Henry Leon; Foote, Geo. Hayes; Griffith, Jno. Frank; Griffith, Willie; Gregory, Thos. Sain; Groce, Levi Frank; Hendricks, Jno. Wade; Hauser, Jas.; Howell, Batry Dillard; Howell, Albert Stephenson; Howell, Robert Lanier; Howell, Willie Glenn; Howard, Theo.; Hauser, Chas. Melvin; Harding, Aaron Speer; Hartman, Geo. Alexander; Hockaday, Wm. Henry; Howard, Ernest Clinton; Harding, Henry Grady; Hutchens, Camillus Grey; Harding, Jno. Thos.; Howell, Manuel; Howell, Jas.; Hill, Rich. Cain; James, Elsie Clarence; James, Moman Cashwell; Jones, Wm. Samuel; James, John Edward; James, Garland Rose; James, Clyde Dockery; Latham, Claude Sanford; Lakey, Fred Robt.; Long, Albert Anderson; Lee, Robt. Sam'l; Lakey, Chas. Anderson; Lehman Henry; Lehman Hal; Nicholson, Thos. Herbert; Markland, Wm. Marion; McClamroch, Edw'd Lee; Mitchell, Jno. Henry; McBride, Simon Branch; McMahan, Ernest; Riddle, Wesley Lewis; Riddle, Chas. Henry; Reavis, Elsie Wm.; Rich, Henry Grady; Smith, Clarence M.; Sparks, Jno. Henry; Seats, Rich'd; Howard; Smith, Jesse Floyd; Smith, Wm. Benj; Smith, Jno. Harmon; Smith, Geo. Armitte; Smith, Wiley Alexander; Smith, Sanford Douglass; Smith, Geo. Wesley; Sofley, Chas. Franklin; Smith, Buford Augustus; Sofley, Henry Hay; Smith, Richmond; Smith, Alvis Douglass; Smith, Robah Gray; Shelton, Wm. Astor; Tucker, Hilory; Tatum, Chas. Buford; Utt, Jno. Martin; Ward, Luther Franklin; White, Benj. Pilmore; Ward, Marion Stacy; Walker, Jacob Tillet; Walker, Wm. Paul; Wood, Rich'd. Weir; Clarence M. Wiseman; Thos. West, Alonzo R. Barnhart; Sam'l Floyd. Bessent, Sam'l Russell. Broadway, Sam'l McArthur; Clement, Albert Teller. Gowan, Fred. Brogdon, Jno. Henry; Coble, Addison. Carriker, Will Franklin. Call, Taylor Bayard. Crofts, David Franklin. Crofts, Jesse Walter. Charles, Jas. Wiseman. Click, Geo. Washing. Daniel, Roy Washington. Davis, Geo. Wesley. Daniel, Wade Hampton. Daniel, Thos. Alexander. Daniel, Robt. Edward. Ellis, Lewis Blair. Everhart, Joe Mathias. Foster, Fred Lafayette. Foster, Fred Maxwell. Graves, Benj. Franklin. Graves, Guy Otho. Gaybard, Chas. Gobbie, Hugh Thos. Garwood. Joe Bonard. Hairston, Raymond. Hairston, Namon. Hobson, James Morris. Jessup, Oliver Bryant. Hollman, Paul. Hutchens, Minter Ellis. Link, Willie Davidson. Link, Baxter Craig. Lagle, Ray Henderson. Lagle, Paul Walter. Livengood, Gowan Gales. McCulloch, Ernest Eugene. McCulloch, Jas. Glenn. Potts, Chas. Arthur. Smith, Will. Spry, Wm. Thos. Swicegood, Carl Ross. Snider, Jno. Abram. Smith, Henry Lugen. Stewart, Vestal Hollow. Sechrest, Wm. Talmage. Stewart, Zeb Vance. Sides, Jos. Burton. Thompson, Frank Leo. Wagoner, Jas. Savannah. Williams, Arch. Wyatt, Jno. Douglass. Williams, Ruth. Williams, Eljah. Young Tom. Allen, Jno. Henry. Bailey, Hugh Bahnsen. Burton, Sam'l Gaston. Burton, Clyde Thos. Burton, Ray Harmon. Beaton, Bert. Bernhart, Geo. Ephraim. Beck, Chas. Wiseman. Beck, Geo. Henry. Bailey, Sam'l Lewis. Burton, Zeb Vance. Burton, Henry Norman. Bailey, Jonah Creed. Bailey, Jno. Swade. Cope, Edward Dan'l. Carter, Victor Wallace. Cope, Wm. Baxter. Parker, Weldon; Pearson, Peter; Rummage, Baxter; Ratledge, Benj. Grady; Ratledge, Devit Clinton; Ratledge, Jno. Wilson; Ratledge, Danil Pink; Ratledge, Arthur Cain; Sanford, Jno. Calvin; Smith, Jno.; Seaford, Chas. Klutz; Safriet, Arthur Eugene; Stone, Thos.; Anderson; Shaw, Frank Brady; Smith, Ellis Beau-

champ; Stonestreet, Wilburn S.; Sain, Albert Harris; Swicegood, Carl McGuire; Summers, Wm. Lawrence; Smith, Willie; Summers, Claud Spencer; Smith, Luke Frank; Stuart, Marion; Sain, Wm. Alvin; Sain, Wm. Grady; Smith, Jno. Wesley; Swicegood, Grover C.; Steelman, Eugene; Stewart, George; Sheek, Jas. Kimbrough; Stonestreet, Wm. Kurfees; Scott, Jno. Clarence; Steele, Abner Turner; Smoot, Virgil; Steele, Elisha Hill; Smith, Wiley; Smoot, Elisha L.; Tutterow, David Geo.; Taylor, Jno. Marion; Tutterow, June Ervin; Taylor, Jas. Oscar; Tutterow, Sam'l; Taylor, Baxter; Cashwell; Tharpe, Ernest; Tomlinson, Chas. Humphrey; Tutterow, Benj. Franklin; Turner, Feller Carl; Turner, Allen; Taylor, Jesse Lee; Tutterow, Shuford Link; Wagoner, Jno. Aulca; Woodward, Jno. Wyckeliffe; Whitaker, Robt. Lee; Walker, Eddie Green; Willson, Rike Odell; Walls, Jas. Wesley; Walls, Philip; Whitaker, Jas. Philip; Walker, Frank Martin; Wilson, Chas.; Williams, Jno. Francis; Allen, Joseph; Barnes, Jas. David; Barney, Jas. Frank; Barneycastle, Wm. Thos.; Barneycastle, Wiley Gibbon; Brendle, Alex. Wm.; Barneycastle, Walter; Cornatzer, Chas. Seborn; Chaplin, Chas. Walker; Carter, Perley Lafayette; Cornatzer, Ross Cleveland; Carter, Sam'l Clarence; Cornatzer, Wiley Alexander; Cornatzer, Romy Shepperd; Cornatzer, Geo. Franklin; Cornatzer, Robt.; Estep, Solomon Wesley; Foster, Jesse Raymond; Hendrix, Isaac Dalton; Hendrix, Lee Andrew; Howard, Benj. Wm. Howard, Wm. Anderson; Hendrix, Lonnie Gaston; Howard, Claud Wm.; Hairston, Joseph; Hartman, Morris Allee; Howard, Lewis Pink; Hendrix, Jno. Franklin; Hendrix, Ernest Grover; Godbey, Jay; Jones, Jno. Walker; Jones, Edw'd McCulloch; Jones, Marvin Roscoe; McDaniel, Jacob Eli Mattheus; McDaniel, Thos.; Merrell, Chas. Benj.; Massey, Thos. Ethelda; Mock, Leon Blair; Myers, Jno. Henry; Milton, Wm. Everett; Massey, Jos. Cleveland; Myers, Jno. Zacharia; Mock, Geo. Washington; McCulloch, Geo. Washington; Orrell, Benj. Stacy; Potts, Nathan Christy; Robertson, Harmon Tucker; Robertson, Jos. Henry; Robertson, Hubert Lee; Stafford, Jos. Franklin; Ernest; Sheets, Casper Lee; Walker, Walter Cleveland; Carter, Jos. Hiram; Atkinson, Earl Thurman; Allen, Sam'l; Allen, George; Beauchamp, Jno. Steve; Beauchamp, Geo. Franklin; Beauchamp, Major K.; Beauchamp, June Bowden, Robt. Orville; Bowden, Grover Cleveland; Bennett, Jos. Arthur; Bailey, Jno. Glenn; Carter, George Albert; Linder, Jasper; Ellis, Wiley Abram; Fry, George Lafayette; Gray, George Franklin; Tucker, Ernest Eugene; Taylor, Manning Hendrix; Williams, Spencer Franklin; Walker, Benj. Harrison; Smith, Robah Selden; Smith, Talmage Wiseman; Smith, Bert Lee; Smith, Jacob; Saunders, Henry Marvin; Smith, Percy Robt.; Spry, Willie Glenn; Smith, Chas. Duke; Potts, Grief; Myers, Duke; Daniel, Walter; Kimbrough, Con Lewis; Hendrix, Haywood Robertson; Hendrix, Ernest Clifton; Horne, Jno. Marshall; Howard, Perly; Hanes, George Clifford; Howard, Jos. Charley; Howell, Boyce; Howard, Ronie; Cope, Walter Leon; Cornatzer, Wm. Pinkston; Boger, Nathan Hugh; Boger, Carl. Blake, Wm. Alex. Broadway, Chas. B. Boger, Wm. Crews; Clifton Hillard; Carter, Philip; Cornatzer, Walter Thurman; Foster, Jno. Frank; Foster, Naylor Carry, Fry, Wm. Anderson. Foster, Clyde C. Hartman, Milton Eugene. Hartman, Lewis Edwin. Hilton, Wiley Swan. Howard, Thos. Hartman, Enoch Hilton. Hartman, Jno. Alfred. Hairston, Oliver Jno. Jarvis, Fred. Jarvis, Ralph Milton. Knox, Henry. Mock, Russell. Myers, Ollie Cletus. Myers, Clarence Odell. Mock, Burly. Markland, Clarence M. Orrell, Luther L. Tucker, Benj. H. Tucker, Chas. B. Wooten, Jno. J. Matthews, Wm. Oliver. Spry, Geo. W. Shutt, Grover Delos. Smith, Wm. Graham. Smith, Fred A. Smith, Thos. Duke, Smith, Dan David. Shutt, Arthur Lee. Sidden, Clyde. Smith, Jno. Dug. Smith, Robt. Lee. Robertson, Noah Alex. Potts, Wiley Jones. Potts, Jas. Henry. Potts, Andy. Phelps, Willie Simson. Phelps, Thos. Abingdon. Potts, Solomon Franklin. Peebles, Clifton. Potts, Arch-

ie, Edw'd. Phelps, Uriah. Austin, Jno. Henry. Branson, Mahaleel. Athey, Jno. Leroy. Alexander, Rob't C. Alexander, Cyrus. Barnes, Milton Arthur; Woodruff, June Arthur.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

Drives Out Malaria, Builds Up System
The Old Standard general strengthening tonic, GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC, drives out malaria, enriches the blood, and builds up the system. A true tonic. For adults and children. 50c.

Demand A Dog Law.
To the Editor of The Landmark.
In this time of conservation of the food supply and elimination of waste, I have wondered that no one has mentioned the dog. Lets eliminate the useless dog and raise sheep.

During the meeting of our last Legislature I wrote one of our Representatives asking that he support a dog tax law. He answered that the people did not want a dog tax, and that until it was demanded it would not be enforced; saying also that we had too many laws now that were dead so far as enforcement is concerned. Now I believe that among our intelligent citizens a dog tax is wanted. Different farmers have so expressed themselves to me because, without protection from dogs, none of us have been able to raise sheep. Every farm could support a small flock, many could support large ones. Let's demand a dog law.

The Quinine That Does Not Affect The Head
Because of its tonic and laxative effect, LAXATIVE BROWN QUININE is better than ordinary quinine and does not cause nervousness nor tingling in head. Remember the full name and look for the signature of E. W. GROVE, 25c.

Texas First Bale.
At Houston, Texas, Monday, the first bale of the 1917 cotton crop sold on that market at auction for \$925. The bale weighed 412 lbs and the price was above \$2 a lb. The cotton was grown by Dr. W. P. Webb of Lyford, Texas and was the fifth successive year Lyford has produced the first bale of Texas cotton.—Ex.

THAT KNIFE-LIKE PAIN.
Is One Of Nature's Warnings Of Weak Or Disordered Kidneys.
Have you a lame back, aching day and night? Do you feel sharp pains after stooping? Are the kidneys acting irregularly? Use Doan's Kidney Pills—the medicine that is recommended by so many people in this locality. Read this nearby resident's experience:
Mrs. H. J. Beck, E. Center St., Lexington, N. C., says: About seven years ago I had a pretty bad time with my kidneys. My back pained me so badly I could hardly get around. I could hardly straighten after stooping and if I lifted anything heavy, sharp twinges darted through me. No matter if I lay down or sat in a chair my back ached. My kidneys were weak and caused me annoyance. My head ached and I felt so dizzy I thought I would fall. My nerves were all unstrung and I didn't have ambition to do anything. The first box of Doan's Kidney Pills did me good and after I had taken three boxes, I felt like a different person. My back stopped aching and my kidneys acted as they should.
Price 50c. at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mrs. Beck had. Foster-Milburn Co., Mfrs., Buffalo, N. Y.

Get's There At Last.
John Jacob Aster, the expatriated scion of the ancient American house of fur buyers, has been made a viscount. It's a long, long way from skunk skin to ermine, but John J. Aster's right there.

Chamberlain's Colic and Diarrhoea Remedy.
Now is the time to buy a bottle of this remedy so as to be prepared in case that any one of your family should have an attack of colic or diarrhoea during the summer months. It is worth hundred times its cost when needed.

The pure and simple brand of Thomas Jefferson democracy is rapidly becoming only a memory.—Claiborne Progress.

Doing Good.
Few medicines have met with more favor or accomplished more good than Chamberlain's Colic and Diarrhoea Remedy. John F. Jantzen, Delme, Sask., says of it: "I have used Chamberlain's Colic and Diarrhoea Remedy myself and in my family, and can recommend it as being an exceptionally fine preparation."

Publicity For Exemptions.
Publication of the names of persons claiming exemption from the draft for military service, together with the grounds on which the claims are based, was favored in a resolution adopted by the State association of secretaries of commercial organizations, in session at High Point. Publicity of the proceedings of local exemption boards and the claims of those asking exemption would, it is contended, tend to prevent granting of exemption to those not entitled to it, but who might obtain a special privilege through influence. The most certain means of insuring the just and fair application of the draft act is an aroused public sentiment that will demand a square deal and no favors—no discrimination. The certainly that all claims to the exemption privilege will be made public, with the action of the board thereupon, will tend to prevent the filing spurious claims and also to prevent any attempt to improperly influence exemption boards in behalf of favored individuals.

Sending men to war is a serious matter. It will mean a death sentence in many cases. Therefore the only thing to do is to apply the law strictly in the spirit in which its authors and the government intend it to be applied. That duty done conscientiously, without consideration for anything except the merits of the case, will leave no just cause or complaint. Any other course will arouse a feeling of dissatisfaction, of indignation and resentment, that will cause serious trouble.—Statesville Landmark.

He Kept Going.
In this life it so happens that we miss our aim in life. A Kentucky paper chronicles the misfortunes of a woman who shot at her husband and killed her \$100 Jersey cow. She will have to buy another cow and get another husband, for her old man kept on going and didn't stop to see if she hit the Jersey.—Wilmington Star.

His Mother Just Died.
Registering at precinct in Reidsville, N. C., a sad-faced young man answered no when asked if he claimed exemption. He said his only dependent in the world, his mother, died five minutes before he left home to register.—Statesville Landmark.

Are You One Of Them?
There are a great many people who would be very much benefited by taking Chamberlain's Tablets for a weak or disordered stomach. Are you one of them? Mrs. M. R. Searl, Baldwinville, N. Y., relates her experience in the use of these tablets: "I had a bad spell with my stomach about six months ago, and was troubled for two or three weeks with severe pains in the pit of my stomach. Our druggist advised me to take Chamberlain's Tablets. I took a bottle home and the first dose relieved me wonderfully, and I kept on taking them until I was cured." These tablets do not relieve pain, but after the pain has been relieved may prevent its recurrence.

Colored Democrat Gets Small Slice Of Pie.
Richmond, Ky.—Prof. J. D. M. Russell, principal of the high school here has been appointed postmaster of Wilberforce, O. Prof. Russell owns land in Wilberforce and having been a life long Democrat was given the job through the efforts of Senator Beckham of Kentucky and Senator Pomerene of Ohio. The place pays \$1,800 a year and under the new postal laws is a life time job. It is the only place of this kind and the biggest of any kind given the colored people by the present administration.—Progressive Messenger.

United States Is Self Supporting.
It we could only get it into the minds of the American public that our situation is entirely different from that of the other nations at war in that we are self-supporting, it would go a good ways toward disarming the sort of semipanic into which we have been thrown.

We are not going to starve in the United States. Prices of food products will be high because all the world is bidding for our supply, but the higher the prices of what we produce the greater the income of the producers and the greater the more they will have to spend. They will have more money with which to buy clothing, automobiles, motor cycles, dresses and articles included in the list of so-called luxuries.—Leslie's Weekly.

Cause Of Despondency.
Despondency is often caused by indigestion and constipation, and quickly disappeared when Chamberlain's Tablets are taken. These tablets strengthen the digestion and move the bowels.

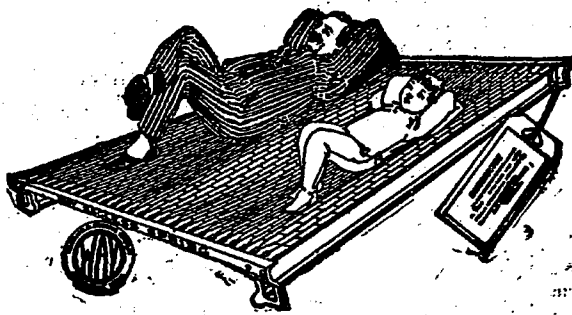
That slacker arrested in New York who proved to be a descendant of a Signer of the Declaration of Independence surely showed that he had descended a long way.—Ex.

Whenever You Need A General Tonic Take Grove's
The Old Standard Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic is equally valuable as a General Tonic because it contains the well known tonic properties of QUININE and IRON. It acts on the Liver, Drives out Malaria, Enriches the Blood, and Builds up the Whole System. 50 cents.

Preserve Your Complexion
The easy, pleasing way by using Magnolia Balm before and after outings. You can fearlessly face the sun, wind and dust because you know Magnolia Balm keeps you safe from Sunburn and Tan.

This fragrant lotion is wonderfully soothing, cooling and a great comfort after a day outdoors. Magnolia Balm is the skin-saving beauty secret which is regularly used when once tried.

Magnolia Balm
LIQUID FACE POWDER.
Pink, White, Rose-Red.
75c. at Druggists or by mail direct.
Sample (either color) for 2c. Stamp.
Lyon Mfg. Co., 40 South Fifth St., Brooklyn, N. Y.



THE WAY SAGLESS SPRINGS ARE THE

KIND YOU REST ON.

They never sag or bag in the middle—never force occupants to roll to the centre, or to lie in a cramped position. The modern spring for all uses. The prices are moderate.

HUNTLEY-HILL-STOCKTON COMPANY
WINSTON-SALEM, N. C.

THE DAVIE RECORD.

C. FRANK STROUD - Editor.

TELEPHONE

Entered at the Postoffice in Mocksville, N. C., as Second-class Mail matter, March 3, 1908.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES:

ONE YEAR, IN ADVANCE \$1.00
SIX MONTHS, IN ADVANCE .50
THREE MONTHS, IN ADVANCE .25

WEDNESDAY, JULY 18, 1917.

The Record is read by too many young people for us to print sacrilegious articles.

We are beholden to our neighbor, The Enterprise, for the use of the type, with the names of all those who registered in Davie June 5th.

The Coliseum Journal has been publishing some Mormon articles in its editorial columns, while The Enterprise has had an article or two from a gentleman who is trying to prove that there is no hell, and that but mighty few are going to heaven. The Record is printing some articles about the old time religion and revivals—the kind that was good enough for Paul and Silas, and that is good enough for us. Step up, boys, and take your choice.

THE RECORD'S BIRTHDAY.

With this issue, The Record begins its nineteenth year, and is the oldest paper in the county by several years. The present editor and owner has been a citizen of the town for ten years. During our ten years as editor The Record has never missed an issue and has never been a day late with one exception. We are proud of this record. Since coming to Mocksville we have made many friends, and we have done a lot in our power to give the people of Davie a good clean paper. Our readers are the judges as to how well we have succeeded. Since The Record was established, more than a million copies have been mailed out to its subscribers throughout the country. It is our purpose to make the paper better than ever before, and with the help of our friends we can do this. The price will remain at \$1 per year as heretofore, but our paper is the largest one printed in Davie and is well worth double the price. We are anxious to secure five hundred new subscribers this summer and fall, and we are able to offer a few hustlers either boys or girls, a commission of 40 per cent on all new subscriptions sent us until further notice. Sample copies will be mailed all who care to earn some extra cash during the summer. The larger our circulation the better paper we can issue.

Call To The Shade.

This year those who answered the call to the soil, which comes to so many every spring, and which call was this year emphasized by the exigencies of war, held out longer than usual, but they are now dropping into the shady places and turning the gardens over to the riotous weeds. The call to the shade has superseded the call to the soil and army of enthusiastic new gardeners who started out so debonairly in the spring is now thinning out as the rank of Napoleon thinned on the retreat from Moscow. But the new gardener has served to add something to the gaiety of nations at a time when gaiety is all too rare—he has afforded the old-timers a lot of amusement.

Fork Rewa.

Mrs. J. C. Call, and little daughters, Madge, Almada and Geraldine, of South River, spent the week-end here with friends.

Mr. and Mrs. Lee Walker and children, of Spencer, spent a few days here with Mrs. Walker's parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Carter.

Miss Notie Myers, of Thomasville, visited friends here last week.

Miss Alma Foster spent a few days in Salisbury with relatives recently.

Mr. and Mrs. A. M. Garwood are visiting relatives at Greensboro this week.

Miss Mabel Sider, of Lexington, spent two weeks here the guest of Miss Virginia Hoyle.

Miss Eliza Chaplin of Bixby spent a few days last week here with relatives.

Miss Lon Foster is visiting in Winston-Salem this week.

Mrs. Lloyd Miller and children, of Winston-Salem are visiting here this week.

"Let everybody come to 'The Fork-Honoring Day' and also revival next Sunday, July 22nd." SOROSIS.

Tom Estes, colored, who has been in jail here charged with being implicated in the attempted bank robbery was carried to Asheville Monday where he was given a hearing before Judge Lane. We have not learned the result of the trial.

To Correspondents.

We are exceedingly anxious to get the news from each locality in the county as often as possible, but community visits are not news. For instance, "Mr. and Mrs. John Doe took dinner Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Henry Blackstone" is of no news value beyond the immediate neighborhood, and if the correspondent should fail to mention that some other party had been out to dinner the chances are ten to one the party mentioned would suspect that his or her name had been purposely omitted. We want to print deaths, marriages, accidents, new buildings, improvements of any kind, out side visitors, births, etc., and we don't give a rap where Henry Brown hung his hat on Sunday.—Plain Talk.

Swats The Journal.

The Winston Journal some time ago took a whack at the sheriff of Yadkin county because he did not collect the taxes on automobiles in this county. Now the sheriff gives notice that all persons not having their tag on the car after July 1, will be arrested, and the Winston Journal had better notify its patrons in Winston and Forsyth of this fact that they may be prepared. It is a fact that one half the automobiles coming through this town without license tags comes from Forsyth county, and yet this dirty rag scrambles around to say something about the sheriff of Yadkin not collecting taxes.—Yadkin Ripple.

Taking Advantage.

The men who traffic in young girls have taken advantage of the war times and the excitement on in other places and proceeded on their work of destruction. It is said that New York alone eight hundred girls between the ages of ten and twenty years have disappeared since January first—just about six months and the police force of New York will be under investigation. The white slave industry has picked up wonderfully in these last few months, because the war has claimed the attention of the people. When one thinks that eight hundred young girls have been allured from their homes and thrown into a life of shame it is enough to make one wonder what would happen if our laws were left inactive for a year. Such evidence of savagery shows that man is not civilized at all—that he is simply restrained fearing punishment.—Every thing.

Davie Boys Who Registered.

(CONTINUED FROM FIRST PAGE)

Carter, Wm. Harrison; Crotts, Jno. Ollie; Carter, Amma Gray; Carter, Ernest Ray; Edwards, Jno. Lewis; Everhart, Dan King; Foster, Thos. Jefferson; Foster, Stephen Lafayette; Foster, Junie Harrison; Foster, Wm. Henry; Foster, Pearl Wilburn; Foster, Arthur Vestal; Foster, Spencer Jones; Foster, Chas. Anderson; Foster, Franklin Kerr; Forrest, Geo. Franklin; Garwood, Wiley Bennie; Grubb, Jacob; Green, Garland Vestal; Hege, Chas.; Hege, Norman Keeling; Hendricks, Atta Emmon; Hendricks, Casper Giles; Hendricks, Lewis Thos.; Hendricks, Chas. Anderson; Holder, Albert Elisha; Jones, Jno. Wesley; Jarvis, Willie Hogan; Jones, Jacob Franklin; Jones, Walter Thos.; Jones, Jno. Noah; Kimmmer, Wm. Alex.; Luper, Lindsay Jonathan; Lanier, Robert Edw.; Livengood, Ernest Webster; Livengood, James Milton; Merrill, Geo. Edgar; Minor, Chas. Walker; Myers, Jefferson Franklin; Myers, Fred Sanford; Peebles, Madison; Peebles, Walter Goldston; Peebles, Rob't Hoyle; Pack, Gurney Ray; Proctor, Junius Commodore; Spry, Ernest Stephen; Sidden, Rob't Burton; Sidden, Henry Clarence; Shutt, Albert Thos.; Starr, Geo. Washington; Stewart, Winfield Scott; Smith, Chas. Lee; Sidden, Wm. Edward; Seaford, Tony Jackson; Seaford, Wiley Columbus; Shuler, Barnett Owen; Wyatt, Rad Carr; Barney, Geo. Anderson; Allen, Calvin Sanford; Anderson, Wm. Franklin; Anderson, Hugh; Angell, Cashwell Jones; Azmon, James Albert; Angell, Hiawatha; Allison, Wm. Alphonso; Anderson, Felix Sylvester; Boger, Oscar Thos.; Bowles, Amos Lee; Blackwood, Hoyt Layman; Baker, Jas. Lee; Beck, Geo. Lee; Boger, Malchus; Boger, Samp; Blackwood, William Holloway; Brown, George Washington; Bowles, Wm. Grady; Baker, Mack Ramon; Beck, Nathan Mitchell; Brown, Jno. Frank; Barker, Lonnie; Bone, Jess Lee; Bowman, Thos.; Brown, Horace; Bryant, George; Bone, Sam; Craven, Geo. L.; Carter, Lonnie Pearl; Cau-

ble, Edward Anderson; Childress, John Wesley; Clement, Fred Lawrence; Cartner, Chas. Minor; Call, Sam'l Milton; Campbell, J. G.; Craven, Jno. G.; Call, Wm. Edward; Campbell, Wm. Walter; Call, Lonnie Ray; Creason, Rob't William; Call, Grady Franklin; Cranfill, Lonnie; Calaham, Commodore; Clark, Buford Glenn W.; Clement, Willie Eugene; Daniel, Jno. Samuel; Daniel, Grant Goshen; Diggins, Willie Franklin; Dyson, Sherman Thos.; Dillard, Alfred; Dulin, Charlie; Douthit, Moses; Foster, Wm. Anderson; Foster, Sam Lee; Foster, Wm. Anderson; Frost, Wm. Milton; Foster, Rob't Lee; Foster, Willie Boone; Foster, Jesse; Fleming, Robert Eugene; Farlett, William Weston; Foster, Bradie G.; Forrest, Jesse Alson; Atwood, Silas Andrew; Barnes, George; Willson, Wm. Birtie; Foster, Jas.; Foster, Ezra Pierson; Godbey, Filmore; Graves, Louie Marvin; Gaither, Rob't Franklin; Gray, Abner; Haneline, Geo. Washington; Horne, Walter Branson; Godbey, Filmore Harbin; Hopkins, Lonnie Phelps; Hutchins, Troy Martin; Holtbouser, Roy Moore; Hutchens, Grover Cleveland; Hunt, Cicero Hanes; Hutchens, Simon Peter; Hester, Josephus; Hicks, Elbure Burse; Holton, Paul Liona; Hepler, Herbert Doll; Harbin, Julian Carl; Holtbouser, Doit; Hendrix, Wm. Paul; Haneline, Joe Frank; Hellard, Grover C.; Hoston, Walter; Hall, Willie Jas.; Holman, Holloway; Holman, Floyd; Hudson, Are; Rone, Allen Harrison; James, Clyde; James, Jas.; James, Herbert Matthew; Julian, Leroy; Jones, Geo. Leonard; Jones, Charles; Jordan, Wm. David; James, Johnson; Keller, Marvin Ellis; Kootz, Pearly Lewis; Long, Wm. Kimbrough; Leach, Chas. Gaither; Lanier, Harrison Henry; Lagle, Eddie Cleveland; Long, Joseph; LeGrand, Wm. Brown; Lagle, Hugh Andrew; Leach, John Frank; Lagle, Chas. Baxter; LeGrand, Jno. Philip; McCubbins, Jno. Frank; McCulloch, Elder Thos.; McClamroch, Oscar; McClamroch, Frank; Meroney, Thos. Flynn; McClamroch, Arthur; Myers, Silas; Miller, Arthur; Mitchell, Rob't Talmage; Neely, Gaston; Neely, Golden; Pass, Maxie Denton; Poplin, Jno. McCole; Pope, Marshall Duke; Bradshaw, Rob't Webster; Brown, Lindsay; Brown, Ernest; Bean, Chas.; Blaylock, Wiley; Blackwelder, Sam'l Allison; Bean, Will; Bradshaw, Eddie; Broadway, Jas. Monroe; Bowles, James; Brown, Will D.; Butler, Chas. Benj.; Brown, Edward; Brooks, Roy; Carter, George Kenneth; Cope, James L.; Combs, Marshall; Clement, Sanga; Carter, Willis B.; Carson, Thos. V.; McDaniel, Henry Alfred; Avery, Sam'l; Alexander, Chas.; Chapel, Geo. Wilson; Wilson, Walter B.; Webb, Dan; Esten; Williams, Bennett; Williams, Thos. Early; Williams, Lon. Gillespie; White, Tom; Wood, Paul Alexander; Wagoner, Henry Hartman; Webster, Jesse; Ward, Morgan S.; Warford, Wm. Franklin; Warford, Jesse; Vogler, Clifford; Vogler, Geo. M.; Vogler, Oscar L.; Truelove, John; Clement, John; Clement, Chas. M.; Copley, Andrew; Canupp, Jno. Anderson; Combs, John Robie; Cope, Kelly L.; Campbell, Clifford; Cappel, Christopher; Cuthrell, George; Campbell, Clark; Click, Eugene C.; Clawson, Herbert; Clawson, Geo. Rome; Clement, Jas. Bailey; Davis, Lee Jefferson; Dudley, Jonas; Durham, John Wesley; Davis, Jas. Henry; Davis, Cecil; Davis, Lewis D.; Davis, John Hodge; Everhart, Rob't E.; Foster, Pink; Fowler, Arthur; Foster, Rufus; Foster, Luther Franklin; Foster, Jas. Rob't; Foster, Filmore; Foster, Duggie; Fleming, Lindsay; Graham, Irwin Patton; Garwood, Charles Anderson; Goin, Jas.; Gullett, Alexander; Gormley, Albert; Granger, Percy Jeffrey; Gales, Pearl Adam; Gwyn, Joe Benton; Grimes, Noah J.; Griffin, John; Garwood, Ray; Grimes, John; Harper, Geo. M.; Hillard, Claude Bailey; Hairston, John; Hellard, Jno. Berry; Hellard, Ervin Talmage; Howard, Rush; Harris, Douglas; Hansel, Frank; Haynes, Oscar Lee; Henderson, Chas. Clifton; Honeycutt, Jno.; Hellard, Floyd; Hepler, Chas.; Heathcock, Adam Will; Holloway, Joseph; Hoyle, Marion H.; Harrison, Jas. C.; Horton, Luther L.; Hepler, Jesse; Howard, Sinclair D.; James, Jas. L.; Isley, Chas. L.; Jordan, Alie; Jarvis, June Franklin; Jones, Henry Spencer; Jordan, Charles Fletcher; Josey, Herman Oscar; Jordan, Benj. F.; Jacobs, Chas. Washington; Jarvis, Jno. Harrison; Johnson, Will; Kennerly, John; King John; King, Lewis; Lineberry, Francis; Ladd, Rome; Lefler, Wade H.; Lovett, Wm. M.; McClemon, John Davis; Moore, Wm. D.; Miller, Roy G.;

Miller, Henry; Maxwell, Brown; McDaniel, David Elijah; Morton, Cull; McDaniel, Sam'l Augustus; Moore, Walter; Motley, Ezra; McSwain, Floyd; McDaniel, Wm. D.; Monday, Sherrill Wm.; Millhollen, Chas. H.; McCulloh, Jas.; Martin, Bonner E.; Messick, Claudius; Messick, Chas.; Myers, Alex.; Mills, Oma E.; Monday, John Espra; McClamroch, Cas. Sanford; Nail, Floyd A.; Nichols, Wilbur; Neely, Sylvester; Neely, Joshua; Pierce, Joe K.; Payne, Rob't; Page, Richard; Phelps, Arthur Wiseman; Peeler, Cleveland; Pierce, Chas. E.; Phelps, Junius Franklin; Prevette, Noah W.; Phelps, Sidney Conrad; Pool, Jas. Ralph; Pressly, Oscar; Pattishall, J. Robert; Powell, Rob't C.; Richardson, Frank Reed; Reavis, B. Spurgeon; Rodden, Rob't; Ridenhour, Cicero F.; Riddle, Lacy; Roseboro, Edd; Soots, Mitchell; Stone, Ebb; Stewart, Frank; Smith, Bragg; Booe; Sales, Lonnie; Sedberry, Eugene E.; Jain, Arthur; Spry, Edd; Spry, Mack; Smith, Willie A.; Shohf, Daniel; Summer, Jas. M.; Saunders, Wm. Shuford; Swicegood, Maxie; Shoaf, Eugene; Sain, Andrew B.; Shores, Woodson Jones; Snider, Noah Ray; Spry, T. Elmer; Shank, Cleveland; Safely, Wm.; Swicegood, Jesse Lee; Spry, Jos. Franklin; Shoaf, Jerome; Link, Jno. Avery; Segmon, Thos. Wm.; Tutterow, Houston F.; Tarr, Jack; Tatum, Roy C.; Tatum, Reuben; Poindexter, Oscar B.; King, Sam.

What is LAX-FOS

LAX-FOS IS AN IMPROVED CASCARA
A Digestive Liquid Laxative, Cathartic and Liver Tonic. Contains Cascara Bark, Blue Flag Root, Rhubarb Root, Black Root, May Apple Root, Senna Leaves and Pepsin. Combines strength with palatable aromatic taste. Does not gripe. 50c.

DR. A. Z. TAYLOR
DENTIST

Office over Merchants' & F. Bank
Good work—low prices.

NOTICE OF BOND SALE.

Farmington High School District 20-year Bonds \$3,000.00 per cent. will be sold by the County Treasurer and County Board of Education at Mocksville, N. C., at noon, Saturday, July 21st, 1917.
Offers must be submitted by sealed bids, each accompanied by a certified check for \$100, as evidence of good faith. No bonded indebtedness.
Bonds to amount \$3,000 authorized. Only \$3,000 now offered for sale.
The right is reserved to reject any and all bids.
Address, J. L. HOLTON,
County Treasurer, Mocksville, N. C.
This June 18th, 1917.

Bargains In Furniture.

You don't have to go out of the county to get just what you want. We buy in large lots and are fully prepared to give you as good bargains as can be found anywhere.

Dressers from \$8.00 to \$19.00
Hall Racks \$9.00 to \$12.50
Center Tables \$1.00 to \$7.50
Rockers \$1.50 to 6.00
A complete line of Dining tables.
Just received over 100 Bedsteads from \$3.50 to 12.50. Certainly can please you.

Big line of bed springs and mattresses.
Good line of Porch Swings. Come in and look over our stock. Glad to show you whether you buy or not.
Yours for bargains.

C. C. SANFORD SONS COMPANY.

JACOB STEWART
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
OFFICES: ROOMS NOS. 1 AND 6
OVER MERCHANTS & FARMERS' BANK,
MOCKSVILLE, N. C.
OFFICE PHONE NO. 67.
PRACTICE IN ALL THE STATE
AND FEDERAL COURTS.

DR. MARTIN,
in connection with general practice,
gives special attention to diseases
of eye, ear, nose and throat and fits
glasses.
Office Over Drug Store.

DR. ROBT. ANDERSON,
DENTIST,
Phones Office No. 71, Residence No. 47
Office over Drug Store

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Having qualified as administrator of the estate of Joseph G. Hunter, deceased, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against the said estate to present them to the undersigned for payment before July 5, 1918, or this notice will be placed in bar of their recovery. All persons owing the said estate will make immediate payment. This July 5, 1917.
H. F. BLACKWELDER, Adm'r
of Joseph G. Hunter, Dec'd.

ROBT. A. BLAYOCK,
Dr. S. S.
MOCKSVILLE, N. C.
Day Phone 23. Night Phone 76.

Let The Record do your printing.

DR. ROBT. ANDERSON,
DENTIST,
Phones Office No. 71, Residence No. 47
Office over Drug Store

5¢

DRINK
Chero-Cola
THERE'S NONE SO GOOD
5¢

Everybody knows it by name

Chero-Cola is sold only in the original bottle, sterilized, sealed and labeled at the plant.

Each bottle is filled by machinery—the syrup and carbonated water are accurately measured by machinery, therefore you get the same uniform pleasing flavor in every bottle, which is absolutely impossible under the ordinary soda fountain method.

You can get your CHERO-COLA, "In a Bottle—Through a Straw" at Soda Fountains and other Refreshment Stands.

Everybody knows it by its name.

WILSON

PRESIDENT
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WILSON MAKES PLEA

PRESIDENT ASKS MANUFACTURERS AND MINE OWNERS TO BACK U. S. IN WAR.

TOLD TO 'FORGET' PRICES

President Declares Victory or Defeat Depends on Prices—Denounces Dollar Patriots—Everyone Must Make Sacrifices.

Washington.—President Wilson appealed to the country's business interests Wednesday to put aside every selfish consideration and to give their aid to the nation as freely as those who go to offer their lives on the battlefield.

In a statement addressed to the coal operators and manufacturers he gave assurance that just prices will be paid by the government and the public during the war, but warned that no attempt to extort unusual profits will be tolerated.

The president's statement follows: "The government is about to attempt to determine the prices at which it will ask you henceforth to furnish various supplies which are necessary for the prosecution of the war, and various materials which will be needed in the industries by which the war must be sustained. We shall, of course, try to determine them justly and to the best advantage of the nation as a whole; but justice is easier to speak of than to arrive at, and there are some considerations which I hope we shall keep steadily in mind while this particular problem of justice is being worked out.

Promises Just Price. "Therefore I take the liberty of stating very candidly my own view of the situation and of the principles which should guide both the government and the mine owners and manufacturers of the country in this difficult matter.

"A just price must, of course, be paid for everything the government buys. By a just price I mean a price which will sustain the industries concerned in a high state of efficiency, provide a living for those who conduct them, enable them to pay good wages, and make possible the expansions of their enterprises which will from time to time become necessary as the stupendous undertakings of this great war develop.

Must Face the Facts. "We could not wisely or reasonably do less than pay such prices. They are necessary for the maintenance and development of industry, and the maintenance and development of industry are necessary for the great task we have in hand.

"But I trust that we shall not surround the matter with a mist of sentiment. Facts are our masters now. We ought not to put the acceptance of such prices on the ground of patriotism."

"Patriotism has nothing to do with profits in a case like this. Patriotism and profits ought never in the present circumstances be mentioned together. It is perfectly proper to discuss profits as a matter of business, with a view to maintaining the integrity of capital and the efficiency of labor in these tragic months, when the liberty of free men everywhere and of industry itself trembles in the balance; but it would be absurd to discuss them as a motive for helping to serve and save our country."

"Patriotism leaves profits out of the question. In these days of our supreme trial, when we are sending hundreds of thousands of our young men across the seas to serve a great cause, no true man who stays behind to work for them and sustain them by his labor will ask himself what he is personally going to make out of that labor.

"No true patriot will permit himself to take toll of their heroism in money or seek to grow rich by the shedding of their blood. He will give as freely and with as unstinted self-sacrifice as they. When they are giving their lives, will he not at least give his money?

Assaults 'Bribery.' "I hear it insisted that more than a just price, more than a price that will sustain our industries, must be paid; that it is necessary to pay very liberal and unusual profits in order to 'stimulate' production; that nothing but pecuniary rewards will do—rewards paid in money, not in the mere liberation of the world.

"I take it for granted that those who argue thus do not stop to think what that means.

"Do they mean that you must be paid, must be bribed, to make your contribution, a contribution that costs you neither a drop of blood nor a tear, when the whole world is in travail and men everywhere depend upon and call to you to bring them out of bondage and make the world a fit place to live in again, amidst peace and justice?"

"Do they mean that you will exact

Asphalt Found by Accident.

Asphalt, with which so many roads are paved, was found by accident. Many years ago, in Switzerland, natural rock asphalt was discovered, and for more than a century it was used for the purpose of extracting the rich stores of bitumen it contained.

Expected to, at Least.

It is in part because we have to pay for it that we value the advice of a physician more than the advice of a friend.—Louisville Courier-Journal.

a price, drive a bargain, with the men who are enduring the agony of this war on the battlefields, in the trenches, amidst the lurking dangers of the sea, or with the bereaved women and pitiful children, before you will come forward to do your duty and give some part of your life, in easy, peaceful fashion, for the things we are fighting for, the things we have pledged our fortunes, our lives, our sacred honor to vindicate and defend—liberty and justice and fair dealing and the peace of nations?"

"Of course you will not. It is inconceivable. Your patriotism is of the same self-denying stuff as the patriotism of the men dead or maimed on the fields of France, or else it is not patriotism at all.

Full Dollar's Worth. "Let us never speak, then, of profits and of patriotism in the same sentence, but face facts and meet them. Let us do sound business, but not in the midst of a mist.

"Many a grievous burden of taxation will be laid on this nation, in this generation and in the next, to pay for this war; let us see to it that for every dollar that is taken from the people's pockets it shall be possible to obtain a dollar's worth of the sound stuff they need.

"Let me turn for a moment to the ship owners of the United States and the other ocean carriers whose example they have followed, and ask them if they realize what obstacles, what almost insuperable obstacles, they have been putting in the way of the successful prosecution of this war by the ocean freight rates they have been exacting.

Making War a Failure. "They are doing everything that high freight charges can do to make the war a failure, to make it impossible.

"I do not say that they realize this or intend it. The thing has happened naturally enough because the commercial processes which we are content to see operate in ordinary times have continued into a period where they have no proper place.

"I am not questioning motives. I am merely stating a fact, and stating it in order that attention may be fixed upon it.

"The fact is that those who have fixed war freight rates have taken the most effective means in their power to defeat the armies engaged against Germany. When they realize this we may, I take it for granted, count upon them to reconsider the whole matter. It is high time. Their extra hazards are covered by war risk insurance.

Warning is Sounded. "I know, and you know, what response to this great challenge of duty and of opportunity the nation will expect of you; and I know what response you will make.

"Those who do not respond, who do not respond in the spirit of those who have gone to give their lives for us on bloody fields far away, may safely be left to be dealt with by opinion and the law—for the law must, of course, command those things.

"I am dealing with the matter thus publicly and frankly, not because I have any doubt or fear as to the result but only in order that in all our thinking and in all our dealings with one another we may move in a perfectly clear air of mutual understanding.

Must Have Same Prices. "And there is something more that we must add to our thinking. The public is now as much a part of the government as are the army and navy themselves; the whole people in all their activities are now mobilized and in service for the accomplishment of the nation's task in this war; it is in such circumstances impossible justly to distinguish between industrial purchases made by the government and industrial purchases made by the managers of industries, and it is just as much our duty to sustain the industries of the country with all the industries that contribute to its life as it is to sustain our forces in the field and on the sea.

Think Not of Self. "We must make prices to the public the same as the prices to the government. Prices mean the same thing everywhere now. They mean the efficiency or the inefficiency of the nation, whether it is the government that pays them or not. They mean victory or defeat. They mean that America will win her place once for all among the foremost free nations of the world or that she will sink to defeat and become a second-rate power alike in thought and in action. This is a day of her reckoning and every man among us must personally face that reckoning along with her.

"The case needs no arguing. I assume that I am only expressing your own thoughts—what must be in the mind of every true man when he faces the tragedy and the solemn glory of the present war, for the emancipation of mankind.

"I summon you to a great duty, a great privilege, a shining dignity and distinction. I shall expect every man who is not a slacker to be at my side throughout this great enterprise. In it he can win honor who thinks of himself."

A Matter of Interest.

The Sick Doctor—When I am dead I want a careful autopsy made. Observe the liver especially—it will interest me greatly to know what really is the matter with it.

Selfishness.

The word selfishness is said to be only 200 years old, but the thing itself dates back to the Garden of Eden, when Adam tried to hide behind the skirts of Eve before she had any—Florida Times-Union.

BETHMANN HOLWEG RETIRES FROM POST

POLITICAL TURMOIL CULMINATES IN RESIGNATION OF THE CHANCELLOR.

GEORGE MICHAELIS SUCCEEDS

Chancellor's Resignation Came Unexpectedly—His Retirement Seems to Have Been Forced by the Crown Prince—May Affect War

London.—(British Admiralty per Wireless Press).—Dr. von Bethmann-Hollweg, the German imperial chancellor has resigned.

Dr. Georg Michaelis, Prussian under secretary of finance, and food commissioner has been appointed to succeed Dr. von Bethmann-Hollweg.

The message relating to the resignation of the imperial German Chancellor was circulated through the wireless stations by the German government and was received by the British admiralty. It says also that the emperor has accepted the resignation of Dr. von Bethmann-Hollweg and named Dr. Michaelis to succeed him.

The political turmoil which has been convulsing Germany ever since Russia's first startling success on the resumption of her offensive, has culminated for the present in the resignation of the imperial chancellor, Dr. von Bethmann-Hollweg, but all indications serve to show that his resignation, far from being the last act in the drama, is but the beginning of far-reaching developments which are bound to affect the fabric of the German empire and have momentous consequences on the progress of the European struggle.

The resignation of the chancellor came in the end quite unexpectedly, for Dr. von Bethmann-Hollweg, in the prolonged party discussions and heated debates of the main committees of the reichstag, which have been proceeding all through the week, seemed to have triumphed over his opponents, who have been clamoring for his head, by making concessions which were tantamount to the formation of a kind of imperial coalition ministry.

NAMES OF HEROES OF FORMER WARS GIVEN TO CAMPS

Washington.—Names of American military heroes of past wars, including several Confederate leaders, have been given by the war department to the thirty-two cantonments in which the national army and the national guard will be mobilized for training. In announcing the designations, the department revealed that one subject has been given consideration by a board of officers headed by Brigadier General Kuhn, chief of the war college division, and the selections were governed by a carefully prepared policy. In each case the name selected is that of a man from the section represented by the troops concerned, but not unpopular in the vicinity of the camp. Short names were chosen for convenience, names like Washington and Lincoln were omitted because of the temporary nature of the camps and other names were avoided because they are duplicated by prominent men now living. In part the names chosen follow:

For National Guards:
Camp Greene, Charlotte, N. C., after General Nathaniel Greene, of the continental army, a native of Rhode Island.

Camp Wadsworth, Spartanburg, S. C., after Brigadier General J. S. Wadsworth, U. S. V., born in New York.

Camp Sevier, Greenville, S. C., after Brigadier General John Sevier, U. S. A. member of congress from North Carolina and first governor of Tennessee.

For National Army.
Camp Jackson, Columbia, S. C., after Major General Andrew Jackson, U. S. A., born in North Carolina and chosen president from Tennessee.
Camp Gordon, Atlanta, after Lieutenant General J. B. Gordon, C. S. A., a governor of Georgia.

SOLDIER TOOK HIS BRIDE TO FRANCE

An Atlantic Port.—"Somewhere in France" is a sergeant in the American army who was married just before he left the United States and ventured to take his bride with him on the transport which carried his regiment overseas. She was with him as a soldier, dressed in regulation khaki and with her hair cut short. The young woman has returned from France, her efforts to pose as a "Sammy" having failed.

HEAVY GUNS USED IN PONTA DELGADO ATTACK

Paris.—Advises from Ponta Delgada in the Azores, regarding the recent attack upon that port by a German submarine declare the shells fired were of fifteen centimeter caliber, indicating that the U-boat was probably of unusual size, probably 1,000 tons. The vessel is said to carry two or three guns. The submarine attack on Ponta Delgado occurred on July 4, the result in casualties being a girl killed.

FORMAL ORDER TO DRAFT MEN IN ARMY

PRESIDENT ISSUES ORDER PROMULGATED BY THE WAR DEPARTMENT.

CALL 687,000 FOR SERVICE

State Apportionments Are Announced. Regular Army and National Guard to Be Filled Up. Credit for Enlistments.

Washington.—A formal order by President Wilson drafting 687,000 men into the military service under the selective conscription law, was promulgated by the war department together with an official allotment showing what part of the total must be furnished by each state and territory.

The only steps now remaining are distribution by the governors of state quotas among the local exemption districts and the great lottery, which probably will be held next week in which registrants are to present themselves for service or exemption. The men summoned for service will be used to fill the regular army and national guard to war strength and to organize the first 500,000 of the new national army. The total of these three forces will be 1,262,985 men. Later another 500,000 will be called out.

In computing the number of men to be required from the various states, the government put to the credit of each state every man it now has in the national guard and every man it has contributed since April 1 as a war volunteer to the regular army.

Apportionment Basis.
Placing on the debit side of the ledger the national army 500,000, the entire national guard at war strength and the number of war volunteers needed April 1, last, to bring the regulars up to war strength, the grand total was apportioned according to population. This gave a gross quota for each state, from which a net quota was computed by checking off the number of national guardsmen available for federal service and the number of men given by the state to the regular army since April 1. The apportionment was made on the basis of an estimated grand total for the United States and its possessions, of 105,366,056 inhabitants. This is a paper estimate, computed from registration returns, which comes within the law requiring distribution of quotas by population, but which equalizes in a great measure the burden that is to fall upon the 459 exemption districts. Each will furnish under this apportionment the men its total registration would indicate as a fair proportion, rather than the actual population in the district would indicate. The total of these gross quotas is 1,152,985 men. Credit is given to the various states for a total of 465,985 voluntary enlistments in the national guard and regulars, making the total net quota for all states 687,000.

South's Quota.
Following are the net and gross quotas for the Southern States:

State.	Net.	Gross.
Florida	6,325	10,126
Georgia	13,327	27,209
Kentucky	14,326	22,152
Louisiana	13,532	18,481
Mississippi	10,801	18,429
North Carolina	15,974	23,482
South Carolina	10,081	15,147
Tennessee	14,523	22,152
Texas	30,545	48,116
Virginia	13,795	21,854

SWEEPING PLANS FOR BUILDING MERCHANT FLEET

Wooden and Steel Ships Will Be Built.

Washington.—Major General Goethals, manager of the shipping board's emergency fleet corporation, took full charge of the government's shipbuilding program and announced sweeping plans for constructing the great merchant fleet with which the United States hopes to defeat the German submarine campaign.

CHANG HSUN IS NOW REFUGEE SEEKING SAFETY

Washington.—Chinese legation dispatches from Peking said that quiet had been restored in the capital after a battle in which the monarchist troops of General Chang Hsun were overwhelmed by republican forces.

The republican victory was complete the dispatch said the last contingents of Chang Hsun's men having been forced to surrender. The monarchist general, himself was reported a refugee in the Dutch legation.

BRITISH BRING DOWN THIRTY GERMAN PLANES

London.—British airmen have been victorious in the most severe aerial fighting since the beginning of the war. On the front in France on Thursday, fourteen German airplanes were brought down and sixteen driven down out of control says the official statement from British headquarters in France. Nine British machines are reported to have been lost in the fighting.

TRAINING CAMPS ARE ALL SELECTED

CHARLOTTE IS OFFICIALLY DESIGNATED AS TRAINING CAMP.

NO CAMP AT FAYETTEVILLE

North and South Carolina and Tennessee, Troops Will Train at Greenville.—Other Assignments Are Made Public.

Washington.—Charlotte, N. C., was chosen as a site for a national guard camp over Fayetteville, N. C., "solely on the ground of the accessibility of an enlarged and adequate water supply," according to a statement from the committee on public information. The statement said that Secretary Baker expressed approval of the hearty co-operation of the people of Fayetteville and their generous attitude, but pointed out a new water supply would have to be tapped to supply the Fayetteville site, and this would take considerable time.

In announcing the selection of Hattiesburg, Miss., and Alexandria, La., as guard sites, the statement says: "This decision was delayed only by consideration of the splendid facilities offered at Jacksonville, Fla., which were highly rated by General Wood. The Jacksonville site is one which has some peculiar advantages and will be considered by the department in connection with further plans."

The Charlotte camp will get the fifth division, composed of Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, Rhode Island and Connecticut troops, thirty thousand men in all.

In addition, there will be an aviation camp with 2,500 men and 1,200 aeroplanes. Twelve thousand horses is another item in the Charlotte camp.

Conservative estimates place the monthly payroll at \$1,225,000. The more enthusiastic say \$1,500,000.

Encampment affairs are now about concluded. North Carolina troops will go to Greenville, along with those of South Carolina and Tennessee, constituting the ninth division.

The tenth division, composed of Alabama, Georgia and Florida will go to Macon.

The sixteenth, Ohio, West Virginia, Indiana and Kentucky, will go to Augusta.

The eighth, New Jersey, Delaware, Maryland, District of Columbia and Virginia, goes to Spartanburg.

The eighteenth, Arkansas, Louisiana and Mississippi, goes to Montgomery.

EVERY TIME WHEEL IS TURNED 4000 MEN CALLED

Washington.—Drawing of lots for the selective draft not only will determine what men are to be called to the colors in the first war army, but will show in what order the others registered will be liable for service when later armies are organized.

It was revealed that a plan of drawing will be followed under which a definite place in the waiting lists will be given every one of the millions who registered. Those standing at the heading of the list in each county or city district will be called before the first examination boards and then the obligation will pass on down the line as long as men are needed. This does not mean that a separate name or number will be drawn for every one of the country's 9,800,000 registrants. In fact, every number drawn, under the theory of the plan, will represent more than 4,000 men, one for each of the registration district.

BETHMANN-HOLWEG SENDS RESIGNATION TO KAISER

Berne.—British Admiralty per Wireless Press.—The Vossische Zeitung, of Berlin, says the German imperial chancellor, Dr. von Bethmann-Hollweg, has resigned. Emperor William, the newspaper adds, has postponed his decision. A telegram from Berlin says that it was the intervention of the crown prince that caused the chancellor to tender his resignation.

STEEL TO BE AVAILABLE AT REASONABLE COSTS.

New York.—Conferences between government and officials and representatives of the steel industry concerning the nation's steel requirements during the war and prices to be paid by the government ended in an understanding announced by Secretary Baker that the country's entire steel output will be made available at reasonable costs to be determined after completion of the steel investigation now being made by the trade commission.

ESCAPE OF GENERAL CHANG IS IMPOSSIBLE.

London.—Peking is surrounded by 60,000 republican troops with seventy heavy guns, says an Exchange Telegraph dispatch from Tien Tsin. This force makes impossible the escape from the capital of Gen. Chang Hsun, the imperialist leader. Chang's soldiers are reported to be entrenching themselves in the imperial city. Mediators apparently had been unable to arrange terms.

SENATE AGREES TO VOTE ON FOOD BILL

MOST DRASTIC FEATURES WERE STRIPPED FROM MEASURE BEFORE AGREEMENT.

VOTE TO BE TAKEN JULY 21

Washington.—A Senate agreement to vote on President Wilson's food control bill on July 21, five weeks after its submission to Congress as an urgent war measure, was followed by issuance from the white house of a detailed report by Herbert Hoover declaring that both the farmers and the public are threatened with serious losses unless food control authority is given quickly to the federal government.

Democratic senators secured the agreement for a vote only after they had consented to strip the bill of some of its more drastic features, including the stringent prohibition provisions. So far-reaching was the revision demanded, in fact, that all-day conferences of the democratic steering committee and the agriculture committee resulted in presentation of a substitute for the entire measure.

There was no expression of opinion from the white house regarding the provisions of the substitute bill, but it is expected to be agreeable to the President in the main. It follows generally the lines of the administration bill as originally introduced, with power to control other industries besides food and fuel eliminated. It would prohibit manufacture of distilled liquors, without provision for government purchase of existing stocks, and would place in the President's hands the power and responsibility to decide whether prohibition shall be extended to beer and wine.

No White House Comment.

Neither was any comment on Mr. Hoover's report available at the white house, but the fact of its publication at this time was regarded as another evidence of President Wilson's disappointment over the failure of Congress to act. He repeatedly has sought to impress upon leaders the importance of quick enactment of the legislation, and was particularly anxious that the food program be complete by July 1. He has made it clear that he regards it as one of the first tasks in the war against Germany.

EDITORS VOICE OPPOSITION TO ALL FREE PUBLICITY

Taxation and Print Paper Are Also Even Consideration.
Minneapolis, Minn.—Opposition to free advertising and publicity by newspapers of the country was voiced by speakers at the session of the National Editorial Association convention here. S. G. Goldthwaite, of Boone, Iowa, president of the Iowa Press Association, recommended the appointment of a field secretary of the organization to conduct a campaign against free advertising.

"Despite the great progress of the last twenty-five years, too many newspapers still run a column of free reading matter to obtain a space advertisement," he declared. He said further that editors should contribute freely their space to the government during the war, but predicted that a new arrangement would be entered into after the war.

"The government has commandeered advertising space in newspapers for many years. Payment should be made for this space."

Necessity for organization, economy and co-operation among newspaper publishers was emphasized in the report of the legislative committee, which was presented by G. E. Hosmer, chairman. His report dealt with the efforts of publishers to obtain print paper at reasonable prices and also touched on economies which should be practiced by publishers.

SECTION STRICKEN FROM TRADING WITH ENEMY BILL

Washington.—A section of the administration's trading with the enemy bill, making it unlawful to mail letters, pictures, maps and similar articles to enemy countries, was stricken from the measure in the House. Republican Leader Mann and Representative Gard, of Ohio, Democrat, led the fight against the provision which was said by its sponsors to be desired by several members of the cabinet.

MUST FIGHT AND CONQUER, SAYS HOLLWEG

Berne, Switzerland.—According to Berlin newspapers the German chancellor, Dr. von Bethmann-Hollweg, said to members of the Reichstag: "I repeat that the formula peace without annexation is unacceptable to us. We cannot declare our terms of peace. We must fight and conquer." The chancellor made a strong attack on Matthias Erzberger, leader of the Catholic center who assailed the plan.

CALOMEL MAKES YOU SICK, UGH! IT'S MERCURY AND SALIVATES

Straighten Up! Don't Lose a Day's Work! Clean Your Sluggish Liver and Bowels With "Dodson's Liver Tone."

Ugh! Calomel makes you sick. Take a dose of the vile, dangerous drug tonight and tomorrow you may lose a day's work.

Calomel is mercury or quicksilver which causes necrosis of the bones. Calomel, when it comes into contact with your bile, crumbles into it, breaking it up. This is when you feel that awful nausea and cramping. If you feel sluggish and "all knocked out," if your liver is torpid and bowels constipated or you have headache, dizziness, coated tongue, if breath is bad or stomach sour, just try a spoonful of harmless Dodson's Liver Tone.

Here's my guarantee—Go to any drug store or dealer and get a 50-cent bottle of Dodson's Liver Tone. Take a spoonful tonight and if it doesn't

straighten you right up and make you feel fine and vigorous by morning I want you to go back to the store and get your money. Dodson's Liver Tone is destroying the sale of calomel because it is real liver medicine; entirely vegetable, therefore it cannot salivate or make you sick.

I guarantee that one spoonful of Dodson's Liver Tone will put your sluggish liver to work and clean your bowels of that sour bile and constipated waste which is clogging your system and making you feel miserable. I guarantee that a bottle of Dodson's Liver Tone will keep your entire family feeling fine for months. Give it to your children. It is harmless; doesn't gripe and they like its pleasant taste.—Adv.

King's Business College Special Summer Rates Are Now On

Boy unlimited life scholarship before Aug. 15th and save \$10 on any course. Book-keeping, Shorthand, Typewriting and English Courses. We train for Business Employment and Success. Great demand for graduates. Send for catalog and full information. Address KING'S BUSINESS COLLEGE, RALEIGH, N. C., or CHARLOTTE, N. C.

ONE FISH IS SOLD FOR \$329

Return of Sturgeon to Delaware River Surprising as It Was Thought to Have Been Extirpated.

Sturgeon fishing in the Delaware river and bay has showed a surprising improvement over past years in the number of catches and size of the fish. The Philadelphia Record states. Old river men are mystified by the return of the sturgeon, as it was thought these big fish had been about exterminated. Recently a number of exceptionally big fish were caught, some averaging well above 200 pounds and a few 300 pound sturgeon have also been caught.

The cow sturgeon are just now filled with roe and some of the big ones yield from 90 to 100 pounds, selling at \$2.75 a pound at the wharves. One fisherman who brought in a 300-pound sturgeon last week was paid \$305 for the roe and \$24 for the fish, his catch netting him \$329.

Harry A. Dalbow of Pennsboro, who has been buying caviar here for many years, says that this is one of the best sturgeon seasons in the bay he has seen for a long time. There is a big demand for the roe this year, as importations of caviar from Russia, where sturgeon are caught extensively, have been cut off by the war.

A Domestic Cataclysm.
He (reading the news)—My dear, I see there's another break in China. She—I can't help it, John. Even taking it out of her wages won't stop her.

Constipation generally indicates disordered stomach, liver and bowels. Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills restore regularity without gripping. Adv.

Most tall stories are extraordinarily thin.

GREEN MOUNTAIN ASTHMA TREATMENT

This treatment is the result of many years of study and experience in the treatment of the most distressing of the lung and throat diseases. It is the only treatment that has been used by the late Dr. J. H. Guild, President of the New York State Medical Society and New York State Chemist, and an eminent physician. Send for a free trial of this treatment on Asthma, its causes, treatment, etc. Send to request, J. H. Guild Co., Report, N. Y.

WINTERSMITH'S GILL TONIC

Sold for 47 years. For Malaria, Chills and Fever. Also a Fine General Strengthening Tonic.

For Two Dollars

I will mail you my Formula of an excellent Furniture Polish. Will give a high polish to all kinds of wood. Can be made at a small cost and sold at a big profit. Send today to F. B. Golder, 165 Christie St., Ridgefield Park, N. J.

PILOCURA CURES PILES

The New Internal Treatment

See and be cured. Send for sample today. Mailed free. Pilocura Company, Washington, D. C.

ECZEMA

Money back without question. HUNT'S CURE falls in the treatment of ECZEMA, RINGWORM, TINEA, itching skin diseases. Price 50c at drug stores, or direct from A. S. Hunt, 1001 N. 10th St., St. Paul, Minn.

OLD FALSE TEETH WANTED

We pay \$10 to \$15 per set for old false teeth. Don't waste 'em! Send by parcel post, and receive check by return mail. Bank reference. Maxey's Teeth Specialty, 301 S. Fifth St., Philadelphia, Pa.

Every Woman Wants

Paxtine

ANTISEPTIC POWDER

For PERSONAL HYGIENE. Dissolved in water for douches stops pelvic catarrh, ulceration and inflammation. Recommended by Lydia E. Pinkham Med. Co. for ten years. A healing wonder for nasal catarrh, sore throat and sore eyes. Economical. The extraordinary cleaning and germicidal power. Sample Free. 50c. all druggists, or postpaid by mail. The Paxtine Toilet Company, Boston, Mass.

FRECKLES

Now Is the Time to Get Rid of These Ugly Spots.

There's no longer the slightest need of feeling ashamed of your freckles, as the prescription ointment—double strength—is guaranteed to remove these homely spots. Simply get an ounce of ointment—double strength—from your druggist, and apply a little at night and morning, and you should soon see that even the worst freckles have begun to disappear, while the lighter ones have vanished entirely. It is seldom that more than one ounce is needed to completely clear the skin and gain a beautiful clear complexion.

Be sure to ask for the double strength ointment as it is sold under guarantee of money back if it fails to remove freckles. Adv.

Joke on Mother.

Returning home one afternoon, little Richard's mother found him apparently in great pain. Careful questioning failed to disclose the cause of the lad's suffering. Previous experience told the mother that Richard probably was in need of that oil so unpopular with children, and she proceeded to administer a generous portion despite the crying resistance of Richard. A few minutes later the boy appeared, apparently in great gloe.

"I've got a joke on mother—I've got a joke on mother," he cried.

Members of the family were curious, of course.

"Mother thought I was sick and gave me oil, but I got the toothache," he exclaimed between laughs.

Richard's earlier reticence was due to "dread of the dentist's chair."—Indianapolis News.

How He Led the Class.

There was some doubt as to whether Johnny, age eight, of Muncie, would be promoted this year, his mind having run largely to baseball and other matters extraneous to school, but he managed to "pull through." As he came home waving his report card his mother asked, rather fearfully, "And how did you stand, son?"

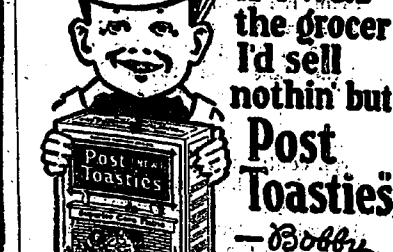
"Right at the head of the class," was the boastful reply. "The teacher told me that if the class were turned upside down I'd be at the head, and it certainly was upside down this morning, because we didn't study or do anything but shoot paper wads, whisper and act up."—Indianapolis News.

The Slacker.

She—Are you going to enlist?

He—Well, I would if I thought I could not pass the examination.

Canada's 1916 trade with Britain amounted to \$821,690,408.



"If I was the grocer I'd sell nothin' but Post Toasties."

LATE NORTH CAROLINA MARKET QUOTATIONS

Western Newspaper Union News Service
Prices Paid by Merchants for Farm Products in the Markets of North Carolina as Reported to the Division of Markets for the Week Ending Saturday, July 7, 1917.

Charlotte.
Corn, \$1.80 bu; oats, 90c bu; wheat, \$2 bu; peas, \$3.50 bu; Irish potatoes, \$8.50 bbl; sweet potatoes, \$1 bu.
Butter—home-made, 40c lb; creamery, 45c lb; eggs, 30c doz; spring chickens, 25c lb; hens, 15-20c lb; hogs, \$15 cwt.
Cotton, middling, 25c; cotton seed, 60c bu.

Fayetteville.
Corn, \$1.85 bu; oats, 85c bu; wheat, \$2 bu; peas, \$2.50 bu; Irish potatoes, \$8 bu; sweet potatoes, \$1 bu.
Eggs, 30c doz; spring chickens, 20c lb; hens, 15c lb.
Cotton, middling, 25c; cotton seed, 85c bu; lbs. of meal for ton of seed, 2700.

Goldsboro.
Corn, \$1.75 bu; peas, \$3.25 bu; Irish potatoes, \$5 bbl.
Creamery butter, 41c lb; eggs, 30c doz; spring chickens, 25c lb; hens, 15c lb.

Greenville.
Corn, \$1.80 bu; oats, 90c bu; soy beans, \$4 bu; peas, \$3.50 bu; Irish potatoes, \$5 bbl; sweet potatoes, \$1 bu.
Eggs, 30c doz; spring chickens, 40c each; hens, 60c each; hogs, \$14 cwt.
Cotton, middling, 24c.

Hamlet.
Corn, \$2 bu; oats, 90c bu; peas, \$3.50 bu; Irish potatoes, \$7 bbl.
Eggs, 35c doz; spring chickens, 20c lb; hens, 18c lb; hogs, \$1 cwt.
Cotton, middling, 25c.

Lumberton.
Corn, \$1.90 bu; oats, 85c bu.
Creamery butter, 45c lb; eggs, 25c doz.
Cotton, middling, 24c.

Maxton.
Corn, \$2 bu; oats, 90c bu; peas, \$3 bu; Irish potatoes, \$5 bbl; sweet potatoes, \$1.10 bu.
Butter—home-made 40c lb, creamery 45c lb; eggs, 30c doz; spring chickens, 25c lb; hens, 18c lb; hogs, \$13 cwt.

Monroe.
Corn, \$2.10 bu; oats, 85c bu; wheat, \$3 bu; soy beans, \$4 bu; peas, \$2.50 bu.
Butter—home-made 30c lb, creamery 40c lb; eggs, 40c doz; spring chickens, 25-30c each; hens, 50c each.

New Bern.
Corn, \$1.80 bu; oats, 80 1-2c bu; soy beans, \$4 bu; peas, \$3.55 bu.
Creamery butter, 43c lb; eggs, 30c doz; hogs, \$10 cwt.

Raleigh.
Corn, \$1.90 bu; oats, 82c bu; wheat, \$2 bu; soy beans, \$4.25 bu; peas, \$2.25 bu; Irish potatoes, \$6 bbl.
Butter—Home-made, 30-35c lb, creamery, 40c lb; eggs, 27c doz; spring chickens, 25-27c lb; hens, 17 1-2c lb.
Cotton, middling, 25.25c; cotton seed 75c bu; lbs. of meal for ton of seed, 2500.

Scotland Neck.
Corn, \$1.95 bu; oats, 85c bu; Irish potatoes, \$6 bbl; sweet potatoes, \$1 bu.
Creamery butter, 45c lb; eggs, 30c doz; spring chickens, 25c lb; hens, 17c lb; hogs, \$15 cwt.
Cotton, middling, 25c; cotton seed, 80c bu.

Statesville.
Corn, \$1.90 bu; oats, 80c bu; soy beans, \$3 bu; peas, \$2.75 bu.
Home-made butter, 25c lb; eggs, 25c doz; spring chickens, 22c lb; hens, 17c lb.

Wilmington.
Corn, \$1.85 bu; oats, 85c bu; Irish potatoes, \$6 bbl; sweet potatoes, \$1 bu.
Butter—home-made 35c lb, creamery, 43c lb; eggs, 35c doz.
Cotton, middling, 24.63c.

Winston-Salem.
Corn, \$1.75 bu; Irish potatoes, \$4.85 bbl.
Butter—home-made 25-30c lb, creamery, 35c lb; eggs, 24.25c doz; spring chickens, 24-26c lb; hens, 15-16c lb.

Chicago.
No. 8 white corn, \$1.7550-\$1.8550 (delivered in Raleigh \$1.9050-\$2.0050); No. 2 yellow corn, \$1.7650-\$1.8550 (delivered in Raleigh \$1.9150-\$2.0050).
Butter, 32-37c (creamery); eggs, 31-32 1-2c (firsts).

New York.
N. C. Irish potatoes, \$6; sweet potatoes, \$2.55-\$2.85 (Jersey basket).
Butter, 32-40c (extra); eggs, 37-38c (extra fine).

Separated Vindication.
The Persians of the time of Cyrus were Zoroastrians. The Persian religion was primitively monotheistic, and they allowed no idols or other material symbols of deity in their temples. There was less enmity on the part of the Jews against the Persians than against the other great nations with whom they came in contact, due probably to the monotheism which characterized the Persian religion. So Cyrus, whatever else may be said of him, was certainly not an idolater.—Christian Herald.

JURY REFUSES TO CONVICT WOMAN

Split on Verdict Where Unwritten Law Is Invoked in Defense.

KILLED SISTER'S BEAU

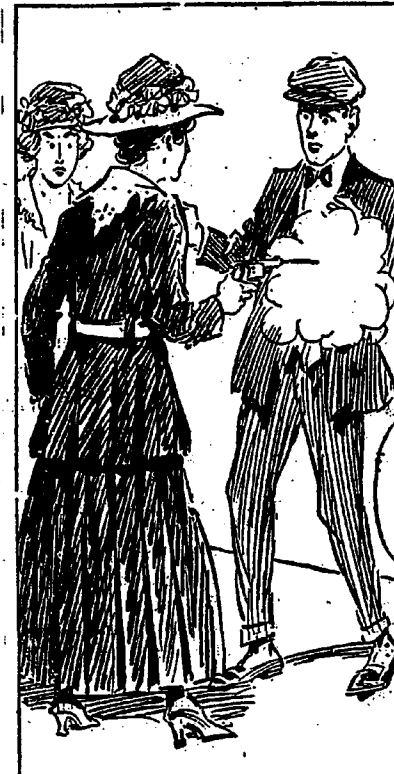
Second Trial Is Ordered by Judge, Who Insists Accused Shall Be Found Guilty in First Degree or Acquitted.

Topeka, Kan.—The jury in the trial of Miss Lena Kinderknecht of Topeka, Kan., charged with the murder of Frederick P. Richardson, her sister's wooer, failed to reach a verdict after deliberating three days, and a mistrial resulted. The case was one of the most unusual ever placed before a Kansas jury and involved the question of whether a woman had the right to invoke the unwritten law to protect the honor of her sister. Eleven members of the jury said she had. One was opposed to this novel application of the law.

As a result of the mistrial Miss Kinderknecht will have to stand trial again, because of the ruling made by Judge Ruppenthal that she must either be convicted of murder in the first degree or acquitted. He allowed no alternative degree for the jury to consider.

Unusual Features of Tragedy.
The circumstances preceding the Kinderknecht tragedy, as adduced by the evidence, indicate that Miss Mary Kinderknecht, aged twenty-three years and strikingly pretty, was interested in Frederick P. Richardson, a traveling insurance agent. He was good looking, dressed well, had plenty of money and a motorcar and called often to take her riding. The members of the Kinderknecht family did not like him. The father, a brother and Miss Lena, a sister of Mary, suspected the man's intentions as not being of the best.

Early last winter the Kinderknecht family decided to break up the rela-



Miss Lena Fired Two Shots.

tions of the younger sister and Richardson and succeeded for a time. Then several clandestine meetings followed, and on February 5 Mary disappeared from home. Miss Lena Kinderknecht and her brother located and followed the couple as they alighted from Richardson's car, they began an argument.

Fired Two Shots.

Miss Lena fired two shots and when she, her sister and brother started for home, Richardson was standing by his car. Later Richardson found that he had been shot in the abdomen. He died two days later.

Miss Kinderknecht insists that she did not know she had shot her sister's sweetheart, as there had been no outcry and she saw no blood. Miss Mary explained to the authorities that she liked Richardson because he had given her flowers and candy and had a "nice automobile."

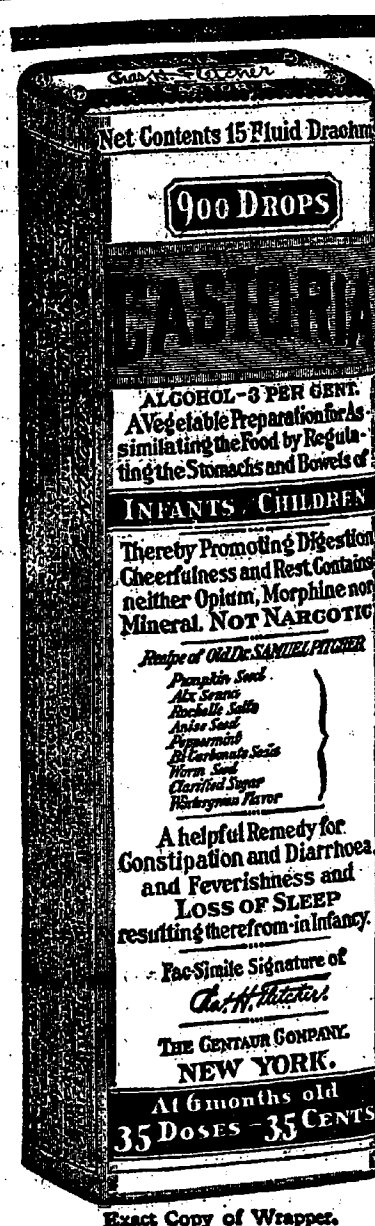
GIRLS WHO LOST ARE MOURNERS AT WEDDING

Cleveland, O.—Wedding mourners are the latest addition to indoor sports among the social elite of this city. They made their appearance at the wedding of Dorothy Krepes and Arthur McArthur, society favorites.

The plan calls for each girl who has ever been courted by the groom, even though he did it half-heartedly, to drive to the wedding dressed in black and carrying a black handkerchief. Rejected male suitors haven't followed suit as yet.

Firemen Called to Soak Deserter.

London.—An army deserter in London was captured after a five-hour battle with police, when firemen turned two streams of water on him. He had climbed to the roof of a house and kept the policemen away with bricks, ripped from the chimney.



CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

Mothers Know That Genuine Castoria

Always Bears the Signature of

Dr. J. C. Hathorn

In Use For Over

Thirty Years

CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

OXIDINE

Kills Chills

Good for Malaria, constipation, biliousness—a fine tonic. Guaranteed or money back.

Behrens Drug Co., Waco, Tex.

LABORERS—White and Colored

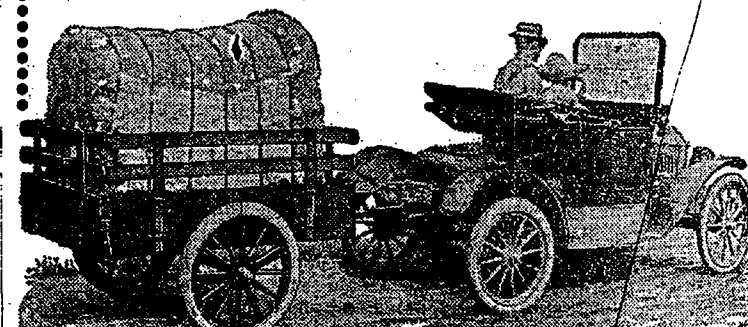
Steady Work—Good Wages

Excellent opportunity for handy men to advance in all trades. Can also use all classes of Mechanics at Good Wages.

Apply in person to Bethlehem Steel Co., Sparrow's Point, Md.

W. N. U., CHARLOTTE, NO. 22-1917.

Make the Auto Do Your Hauling



Nothing like it for quick, light hauling. Always ready for instant use, and no trouble to leave behind when not needed. Attached easily and quickly to any car. A great convenience for use on the farm or for general hauling.

Saves Time, Teams and Money

Can make a dozen trips while a team makes one, and at less expense. Anyone who can run a car can do hauling with a DIXIE TRAILER while the team is earning for you in the fields.

The Dixie Trailer has a capacity of 50 to 1,000 pounds. The body is 4 by 5 feet inside measurement. There are 12-inch side boards and 12-inch removable racks. All parts are carefully and strongly made. Why—Ford type.

Mail the attached coupon for price and full information.

Council Tool Co., Yvanish, N. C.

Just the thing for hauling milk to the creamery.

COUNCIL TOOL CO., Yvanish, N. C. Please send me prices and description with full information regarding the Dixie Trailer.

THE DAVIE

LARGEST CIRCULATION EVER PUBLISHED

ARRIVAL of PAS

GOING

No. 26 Lv. Mock

No. 22 Lv. Mock

No. 25 Lv. Mock

No. 21 Lv. Mock

COTTON

Good Middling.

Seed cotton

LOCAL AND PE

Mr. and Mrs. Ro

joining over the arr

of a fine son.

Jacob Stewart

trip to Charlotte

last week.

C. I. Penry, of

who travels for the

Tob. Co., is spending

his parents on R.

Mrs. R. L. Wilson

Frankie, and Mr.

McIver spent last

bury with friends.

Dr. R. T. Lowe

came up last week

father, whose death

other column.

Mrs. A. F. Duck

who has been visiti

Mr. and Mrs. W. K

4, has returned hom

Plenty No. 2 Whit

O. C. WALL, Nor

Mrs. W. E. Jones

ter Adeline, of Eklin

Kurpees, of Coole

spent Friday with M

If you haven't got

what you are due

bushel of wheat or a

need your help now

W. G. Clement, m

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Laundry Tablets.

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THE DAVIE RECORD.

LARGEST CIRCULATION OF ANY PAPER
EVER PUBLISHED IN DAVIE COUNTY.

ARRIVAL OF PASSENGER TRAINS

GOING NORTH		
No. 26	Lv. Mocksville	7:44 a. m.
No. 22	Lv. Mocksville	1:49 p. m.
GOING SOUTH		
No. 25	Lv. Mocksville	7:19 a. m.
No. 21	Lv. Mocksville	2:40 p. m.

COTTON MARKET.	
Good Middling	26 1/2c
Seed cotton	3.00

LOCAL AND PERSONAL NEWS.

Mr. and Mrs. Roy Walker are rejoicing over the arrival at their home of a fine son.

Jacob Stewart made a business trip to Charlotte and Greensboro last week.

C. I. Penry, of Corsicana, Tex who travels for the R. J. Reynold's Tob. Co., is spending two weeks with his parents on R. 2.

Mrs. R. L. Wilson and daughter, Frankie, and Mr. and Mrs. James Melver spent last Thursday in Salisbury with friends.

Dr. R. T. Lowery, of Raleigh, came up last week to be with his father, whose death appears in another column.

Mrs. A. F. Duckett, of Raleigh, who has been visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. K. Clement, on R. 4, has returned home.

Plenty No. 2 White Oats at O. C. WALL, North Cooleemee.

Mrs. W. E. Jones and little daughter Adeline, of Elkin, and Miss Mabel Kurfess, of Cooleemee Junction, spent Friday with Mrs. G. F. Stroud.

If you haven't got the cash to pay what you are due us, bring us a bushel of wheat or a few dozen eggs, need your help now.

W. G. Clement, general salesman of the Dr. LeGear Medicine Co., of St. Louis, after a ten days visit to his parents on R. 4, returned Friday to resume his work.

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. LeGrand returned home Friday from a two weeks visit to friends and relatives in Richmond and Union counties.

I have an anti-choleric hog remedy that will cure your hogs. Makes them eat up their trough.

J. L. HOLTON.
Mr. and Mrs. Mack Galbreath, of Cadiz, Ky., are rejoicing over the arrival of a fine daughter. Mrs. Galbreath was Miss Edith Swicegood, of Mocksville, before her marriage.

M. R. Chaffin has returned from a seven week's visit to his daughter, Mrs. S. M. Holton, of Durham, and reports a pleasant sojourn. Mr. Chaffin is nearly 90 years of age, but gets about the same as a youngster.

Try a package of "N. R. G." Laundry Tablets. Washes clothes spotlessly clean in 15 minutes without rubbing, and makes them white as snow. For sale by J. L. Holton, sale agent for Davie county.

The annual Pa.Sa.La. singing will be held as usual, at Providence church, Scotch Irish Township Rowan county on Saturday before the first Sunday in August, which, this year will be the 4th day of the month. Everybody is invited.

WANTED—To buy for cash large or small track of pine timber with or without land, write giving full descriptions, location, number of acres and price. Address Lock Box 128, Statesville, N. C.

Mrs. Mary Jane Foster, of near Farmington, died Thursday afternoon at 4 o'clock, of paralysis, aged 58 years. The funeral and burial services took place at Smith Grove Friday afternoon at 3 o'clock. Rev. D. C. Ballard conducting the services. A husband and several children survive.

G. T. Baily, of Courtney, unloaded last week at the depot, about 45,000 tin cans which the people of lower Yadkin and upper Davie will fill with all kinds of fruits and vegetables this summer. We understand that N. A. Martin, of Yadkin, also has a car load of cans. Mocksville needs a canning factory, and we hope by next spring to have one.

Mrs. A. M. Stroud, of near County Line, celebrated her 63rd birthday on Wednesday, July 4th. All of her children and a host of relatives and friends were present, and it was indeed an enjoyable occasion. The editor had an invitation and meant to attend, but the rain kept him at home and he missed a square meal thereby. We hope for better luck the next time.

Mr. D. L. Lowery Dead.

Mr. D. L. Lowery, of County Line, one of Davie county's oldest and most highly respected citizens, died on Monday night, July 9th aged 78 years. Mr. Lowery had been suffering for a long time with stomach trouble, but had been up and about until a few days before death. The funeral and burial services were held last Tuesday afternoon at 4 o'clock, at Salem Methodist church, Rev. C. P. Goode, of Iredell county, conducting services. A wife and three children survive, they being Mrs. Will Beard, of Winston-Salem, Dr. Robert Lowery, of Raleigh, and Mr. M. T. Lowery, of River Hill. Mr. Lowery was a Confederate soldier and served through the Civil War in Dr. Baxter Clement's cavalry company from Davie. In his death, the community has lost a good citizen and a good man. He will be missed by a large circle of friends and acquaintances. Peace to his ashes.

JURORS FOR AUGUST COURT.

The following jurors have been drawn for the August term of Davie Superior Court, which convenes in Mocksville, on Monday, Aug. 27th. His Honor, Judge E. B. Cline, of Hickory, will preside over the court:

Jas N. Eaton, D T Baker, W G Cope, J L Baker, P W Hairston, J Ed Smith, Spencer Foster, R W Kurfess, J B Johnstone, W H Barneycastle, E G Hendrix, E E Vogler, R L Copley, J M Grainger, A J Lagle John Anderson, J L Howard, T A Blackwelder, S R Foster, A T Leller, G M Hammer, V L Beger, P J Waggoner, C E Smith, W M Seaford, W M Essix, E L Freeman, J H Angell, M D Pope, J F Garwood, C E Blackwood, Lee West, J D Nail, Will Seats, W A Byerly, E F Dwiggins.

Philatheas Elect Officers.

The Philatheas class of the Mocksville Baptist Sunday school elected new officers, and they took charge the first Sunday in July and will serve six months. They are:

President—Miss Annie Hall Baily. Vice Pres.—Miss Lizzie Campbell. Sec. Treas.—Miss Pauline Horn. Teacher—Mr. Frank Foster. Press Reporter—Mrs. R. A. Blaylock.

The President appointed the following committees:

Volunteer—Janet Stewart, Essie Call.

Membership—Mrs. Blaylock, Lizzie Naylor, Lizzie Campbell.

Social—Ivies Horn, Ruth Rodwell, Pauline Horn.

CLASS REPORTER.

Davie Makes Big Gain.

All of the tax-listers in Davie county with the exception of Shady Grove, have turned in their reports for 1917, which shows a substantial gain in the value of personal property. The gain by townships is as follows: Calahain, \$13,443; Clarksville, \$2,920; Farmington, \$20,827; Fulton, \$3,764; Jerusalem, \$154,571; Mocksville, \$20,245. This makes a total gain of \$220,771, in the county exclusive of Shady Grove.

Mr. and Mrs. M. L. Spry are rejoicing over the arrival of twins at their home Sunday—a boy and a girl. This is their second set of twins.

While going to Statesville Sunday afternoon G. E. Horn turned his automobile over just at the curve beyond the Yadkin river. In the car were Mr. and Mrs. Horn, Misses Pauline and Regina Horn and Miss Bonnie Brown. None of the party were hurt much but the car was damaged to some extent, the top and wind shield being smashed up. It is fortunate that the passengers escaped.

The advertisement of the North Carolina State College of Agriculture and Engineering appears in this issue of The Davie Record. That great institution offers comprehensive courses in Agriculture, Chemistry, Civil, Mechanical, and Electrical Engineering, and Textile Industry. At no time in the history of our country has the value of training in technical lines been so clearly understood and appreciated. Young men who desire to fit themselves for personal success and for efficient service to their country, will do well to investigate the courses offered at the State's technical college.

To The Farmers!

To correct a false report that has been spread abroad, we wish to say that we are giving 38 pounds of flour, and 14 pounds of good rich bran for every bushel of wheat brought us. We would be pleased to see you any time, and will strive to give you good service as well as good flour, feed stuff etc.

J. P. GREEN MILLING CO.

Can Food In Anything

You do not have to use air tight cans when you can with SCOTTS PRESESVING POWDER.

Get it for 20 cents at

Crawford's Drug Store.

"THE BLUE FRONT"

Excursion Will Be Run To Masonic Picnic.

Winston-Salem Journal, 14.
Announcement was made yesterday morning that a special train had been secured for excursion to the annual Masonic picnic at Mocksville on August 9. Arrangements will be made to carry 1,000 people from this city and intermediate points.

The committee in charge of securing the train has received notice that plenty of coaches and a refreshment car will be furnished. The local committee in charge of the excursion is composed of Messrs. J. A. Bolick, J. S. Bergman and C. A. Jenkins.

Lieutenant O. Max Gardner will deliver the annual address which will prove one of the big attractions of the program. Mr. Gardner has the reputation of being one of North Carolina's best orators.

Lighting Burns Academy.

During the electric storm Sunday afternoon lightning struck the old Quaker Academy building at Augusta, which is owned by Prof. J. D. Hodge, and set it on fire. Prof. Hodge had about 70 bushels of wheat, some rye and peas, and some household goods stored in the building, which was totally destroyed. There was no insurance on the building or contents, and the loss falls heavily on Prof. Hodge.

Miss Hazel Lawson, of Spencer, is the guest of Miss Pauline Casey this week.

Farms for sale, three miles North of Mocksville. Will sell, 50, 70 or 88 acres or will sell the whole 208 acres. If interested see or write me for description, prices and terms. W. B. ANGELL, Mocksville, N. C.

Miss Willie Miller is spending this week with her sisters at Mt. Ulla.

Miss Mary Hodge, who holds a position in Winston, spent the week-end with her parents on R. 4.

Mr. and Mrs. Troy Peters, and babe, of Charlotte, are guests of Mr. and Mrs. B. F. Hooper.

John Johnson, a respected colored man of the town, died Friday night, following a short illness.

Miss Ivey Nail, of Winston-Salem, who came home ill last week, is very much improved, her friends will be glad to learn.

E. E. Hunt, Jr., and Misses Koppelia, Marie and Alveta Hunt and Miss Ossie Allison spent Sunday at Taylorsville.

This section was visited by a severe rain, electric and wind storm Saturday night, but so far as we can learn, but little damage was done.

Prof. Holmes, of Graham, has been elected Superintendent of the Mocksville graded school.

There will be preaching at St. Matthew next Sunday morning at 11 o'clock. The public is cordially invited to be present.

Miss Margaret Allison returned Sunday from a delightful visit to her sister, Mrs. Phil Johnson, at Charlotte.

Jennie Comer, an aged colored woman of the town, died Saturday night after a long illness with tuberculosis. She leaves considerable property.

Mr. and Mrs. L. G. Horn and daughters Misses Ivey and Edna L. G. Jr., and A. Z. Taylor. Dodged down to Badin Sunday and spent the day with their son Claude who holds a position there.

It is not an uncommon sight to see an auto load full of revenue officers pass through town with a still or two. They seem to be making lots of the "O be joyful" in upper Davie and lower Yadkin.

Mr. and Mrs. B. F. Hooper, Miss Mary Bailey Moneys and Messrs. Fred Wilson and W. I. Leach motored up to Blowing Rock Saturday night and spent Sunday enjoying the cool mountain breezes.

A series of meetings are in progress at Davis Chapel last and this week.

During the electric storm Saturday night lightning struck the residence of T. L. Kelly, in South Mocksville, but did little damage.

OUR MISSIONARY QUESTION BOX.

EDITED BY
BERTHA MARVIN LEE.

Shall the Indians receive justice? For the Indians in general the Government holds a billion dollars in property and finds, all open to constant attack from the cupidity and greed of the whites and recreant red men. There is no hope of ultimate justice save through an improvement in our laws and in a more rigid enforcement of them.

The Indian's Friend.
Did you know that an Indian woman lawyer had the right to practice before the Supreme Court of the United States? Well, she has, in the person of Miss Lydia B. Conley, of Kansas City, Missouri.

LAW

University of North Carolina Law School.

Excellent Faculty
Reasonable Cost.

Write For Catalogue.
The President,
Chapel Hill, N. C.

Good And Cheap Lands In Bladen County.

Soil that grows corn, cotton, tobacco, wheat, oats, and all kinds of clover and grasses, with good climate. The health and water are as good as in North Carolina. This land is very productive, and easily cultivated. The county is building an excellent system of sand clay roads now. Write me for a list of my farm and timber lands.

J. C. HENLEY, Real Estate & Insurance.

Elizabethtown, N. C.

Two Good Hustlers Wanted

The Record wants two live young men or women to solicit subscriptions in Davie and adjoining counties. A commission of 40 per cent. will be paid. Must begin work this month. Write us at once for particulars.

THE DAVIE RECORD.

Mocksville, N. C.

SAFETY FIRST!

INTEREST IS YOUR BEST SERVANT.

INTEREST NEVER SLEEPS.
IT IS NEVER IDLE.
IT WORKS 24 HOURS EVERY DAY.
IT WORKS 365 DAYS EVERY YEAR.
NO OTHER SERVANT IS SO FAITHFUL.

KEEP YOUR MONEY AT INTEREST.

Start a savings account at once with this bank, and have money accumulating steadily.
We pay 4 percent interest on all time deposits, and our customers' interests are OURS.

BANK OF DAVIE

J. F. MOORE, Cashier

E. L. GAITHER, President

MOCKSVILLE, N. C.

PUTS IT UP TO THE COOK.

A bill of groceries from our house puts it squarely up to the cook. There can be absolutely no excuse for a poor dinner prepared from groceries purchased from us. NOURISHING FOODS were never more necessary than at this time, when you need to conserve every ounce of your strength.
Our Meats are rich and wholesome.
Our Vegetables are fresh.
Our Flour is the very best on the market.
Every article of food in the house is selected with care and eye to the health of our customers.
Every purchase you make is the essence of wisdom in grocery buying—it is the acme of possible economy.
We handle ice all the time

SWAIM & DAVIS,

ON THE SQUARE

PHONE 69

TENNIS SLIPPERS!

Just received 100 pairs white pumps with white soles, for men and women.

Also black and white for 50c. per pair, all sizes.

S. M. CALL, Jr., MOCKSVILLE, N. C.
ANDERSON BLOCK.

Mocksville Best Flour.

Every sack is full of satisfaction.

HORN-JOHNSTONE COMPANY

MANUFACTURERS

"THAT GOOD KIND OF FLOUR."

MOCKSVILLE

N. C.

Big Profits.

The growers of early Irish potatoes are reaping a harvest of profits this year. Up to June 4, 383 car loads went out of North Carolina, and they brought prices ranging from \$10 to \$11 a barrel in jobbing lots; which is around \$6 a barrel more than they were last year at the same time, according to the last Federal Market report.

In spite of something like a 50 per cent increase in shipments from the early potato areas, these prices continue to hold firm. The small farmers in Currituck who usually clear from two to three hundred dollars a year on white potatoes have already cleared this year from two three thousand dollars apiece.

North Carolina shipped nearly 3,000 car loads last year, and this year indications point to a total of nearly 5,000 car loads.—News Letter.

Col. Armfield's Law Office.

Yadkin Ripper.

The office which was at one time occupied by Col. Frank Armfield, who was later judge of Superior Court, is now being torn away after many years of service as office and lodge room.

The little office, which was situated on the corner of Hamilton lot, was about 10 by 12 feet, was built long before the War between the States, and was used by Judge Armfield for a law office. After Col. Armfield left Yadkinville his office was used by Attorney Reese for a time and was later lived in by Lum Sprinkle. It was one of the oldest buildings in the town and the friends of the late judge regret to see it go.

DEAFNESS CANNOT BE CURED

by local applications, as they can not reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed, you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by Catarrh which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give one hundred dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by Catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.

Better Farming in the South**Pushing Crops Up To Maximum Yields**

Best Way to Increase Food Crops of the South Now is to Cultivate Thoroughly and Make Side Applications of Fertilizers.

By J. N. Harper, Director Farm Service Bureau, Atlanta, Georgia.



Not a day passes that the farmer is not reminded of the vital necessity of producing more food crops, and he is urged to put forth his best effort in doing his "bit," but the question is—
"How?"

It is now too late to increase the acreage devoted to food crops, as practically all of the land has been planted, but large yields can be obtained just the same, provided good cultivation is given and fertilizers are liberally applied as side applications. Potatoes have advanced 250 per cent, corn 100 per cent, hay 33 per cent, beef and pork 100 per cent, whereas the cost of fertilizer has advanced only 25 per cent.

The wheat crop this year is short, and it has been estimated that 300,000,000 bushels of the 1917 wheat crop has been bought by European countries for future delivery. Unless the corn crop of the South is a "bumper," bread will be a luxury instead of the staple of life.

The farmer is being advised on every hand to increase production, but he is limited in his credit and he finds it hard to obtain sufficient labor. The best way to increase the production of corn and other food crops, as well as cotton, is to cultivate thoroughly and often make side applications of fertilizers. If the farmer hasn't the money to hire labor, under present conditions, it will pay him to borrow money on his crop to pay sufficient labor to cultivate and fertilize his crops adequately. After each rain a dust mulch should be made with the cultivator. We need not expect a bountiful harvest unless the soil moisture is conserved. As a general rule, the amount of corn produced is in direct proportion to the amount of water conserved in the soil by thorough cultivation.

Hon. J. A. Wade, Commissioner of Agriculture of Alabama, in a circular letter issued to the farmers, makes this statement:—"It is evident that the acreage planted to corn in the State of Alabama has been increased 40 to 50 per cent and the farmers are to be congratulated for taking such a wise step. A large yield of corn is greatly needed and is probably the most profitable."

Those inclined to criticize Governor Rye for naming his son for a lieutenant in the new Tennessee regiment to be organized, should desist and apologize. It was only the governor's extreme modesty that prevented his naming his son for Colonel of the regiment.—Bill Montgomery.

When in doubt what to say, the wise thing is not to say it.

To Cure a Cold in One Day

Take LAXATIVE BROMO Quinine. It stops the Cough and Headache and works off the Cold. Druggists refund money if it fails to cure. R. W. GROVE'S signature—each box, 25c.

able crop that can be grown under the present food and feed emergency. A great part of the increased acreage is poor upland which will make a profitable yield only by the use of commercial fertilizer. It has always paid me to apply 200 or 300 pounds of fertilizer around my corn the second or third plowing, or when the corn was between one and three feet high.

The corn crop is the bread of the South, and its yield should be increased to the limit. This fall and next winter the southern people should eat more corn bread and less wheat bread.

Our farmers must not fail to produce all the hay possible, and it will pay to fertilize a patch of sorghum and peas with a fertilizer containing from 10 to 12 per cent phosphoric acid and 1 1/2 to 2 per cent nitrogen.

Cotton is not generally recognized as a food crop, but the country must not overlook the fact that an acre of cotton that will produce a bale will yield almost as great a food and feed value in the seed as the same land planted to corn. Therefore, an increased yield in that crop means increased food and feed products.

Fertilizers are used for the plant food they contain, and it will be impossible to produce profitable yields without ample plant food. Just what fertilizer to apply and how much to use as a side application will depend on the soil type, the crop planted, and the kind and amount of fertilizer used at the time the land was prepared. On Piedmont soils and clay soils we would recommend from 200 to 300 pounds of fertilizer for cotton and corn, analyzing 6 to 8 per cent phosphoric acid and 2 to 4 per cent nitrogen. For field crops in the coastal plain, we would recommend from 300 to 400 pounds of a fertilizer analyzing from 4 to 7 per cent phosphoric acid and from 4 to 6 per cent nitrogen. This fertilizer should be applied to corn when it is from knee to waist high and to cotton at the time the first squares are forming.

For the silk farms in Alabama, Louisiana and Mississippi, we would recommend for cotton or corn 100 to 200 pounds of a fertilizer analyzing 12 per cent available phosphoric acid and 2 1/2 per cent nitrogen. This is to be applied to the corn when about knee high and to the cotton when squares begin forming. Under most favorable conditions a pound of fertilizer means three pounds of seed cotton. From this we can see that \$1.00 invested in fertilizer at this time means from \$6 to \$8 next fall, and a badly needed commodity is brought into existence.

Republican.

This is a great old church in Bertie county entirely surrounded by democrats. The church was organized as a Baptist church in 1803; but long before that it was a union church where any kind of preacher could hold a service with none to molest or make him afraid. On account of his freedom it was called Republican church and although it changed its name when it passed into the hands of the Baptist it did not change its name.—Charity and Children.

KNOWS WHAT TO EXPECT

The Tired Fisherman has a Fine String of Fish. Yet he does not look Happy, for he knows that when he Gets to Town, the Fellows will ask, "Where did you Buy them?" and he will have to Grin Sheepishly, whereas he would like to Wallop them Fore and Aft with his string of Finny Beauties.

The government spent thousands of dollars in an alleged investigation of the practical paper trust, but the skyline prices still prevail.—Clairborne Progress.

Piles Cured in 6 to 14 Days
Your druggist will refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure any case of itching, blind, bleeding or protruding piles in 6 to 14 days. The first application gives ease and rest. 50c.

**PRINTING.**

We are prepared to handle all kinds of commercial printing, such as

ENVELOPES,
STATEMENTS,
BILL HEADS,
LETTER HEADS,
SHIPPING TAGS,
CARDS, POSTERS,

or anything you may need in the printing line. We have the newest and best equipped shop in Davie county. Our prices are not too high. Phone No. 1, and we will call and show you samples and prices.

THE SOUTHERN RAILWAY COMPANY**An Ambition and a Record**

THE needs of the South are identical with the needs of the Southern Railway; the growth and success of one means the upbuilding of the other.

The Southern Railway asks no favors—no special privilege not accorded to others.

The ambition of the Southern Railway Company is to see that unity of interest that is born of co-operation between the public and the railway; to see that the public and the railway are united in the management of railroads which involves the confidence of governmental agencies; to realize that liberality of treatment which will enable it to obtain the additional capital needed for the acquisition of better and enlarged facilities incident to the demand for increased and better service; and, finally,

"To take its niche in the body politic of the South alongside of other great industries, with no more, but with equal liberties, equal rights and equal opportunities."

"The Southern Serves the South."

**Southern Railway System.****Winston-Salem Southbound Railway****Short Line Between**

Winston-Salem, Lexington, Albemarle,

Norwood and Points South.

Through train from Roanoke, Va., to Florence, S. C., in connection with the Norfolk & Western Railway and Atlantic Coast Line.

Through Pullman Sleeping Car New York to Jacksonville, Fla., via Winston-Salem.

S. P. COLLIER, JR., Traffic Manager.

Winston-Salem, N. C.

SOUTHERN LUNCH ROOM.

Mocksville, N. C.

"Where Hunger is Satisfied."

The old reliable Southern Lunch Room is again open to the public, and is better prepared than ever to serve the public at all times with hot meals, lunches, fruits, cigars, tobacco, candies, etc. Sanitary cooking, neat dining room and attentive service. If you eat with us once, you will eat with us always.

SOUTHERN LUNCH ROOM.

Depot St. : : Mocksville, N. C.

NORTH CAROLINA STATE COLLEGE OF AGRICULTURE AND ENGINEERING

WEST RALEIGH, N. C.

"An institution where young men of character, energy and ambition may fit themselves for useful and honorable work in many lines of industry which require training and skill for success. Thorough and practical courses are offered in Agriculture; Horticulture; Animal Industry; Civil, Mechanical and Electrical Engineering; Chemistry; Dyeing and Textile Industry. Faculty of 64 instructors. Twenty-seven buildings. Eighteen departments. Military features. For catalogue and entrance blanks, write

E. B. OWEN, Registrar.

FOR MONUMENTS AND TOMBSTONES

CEMETARY WORK OF ALL KINDS.

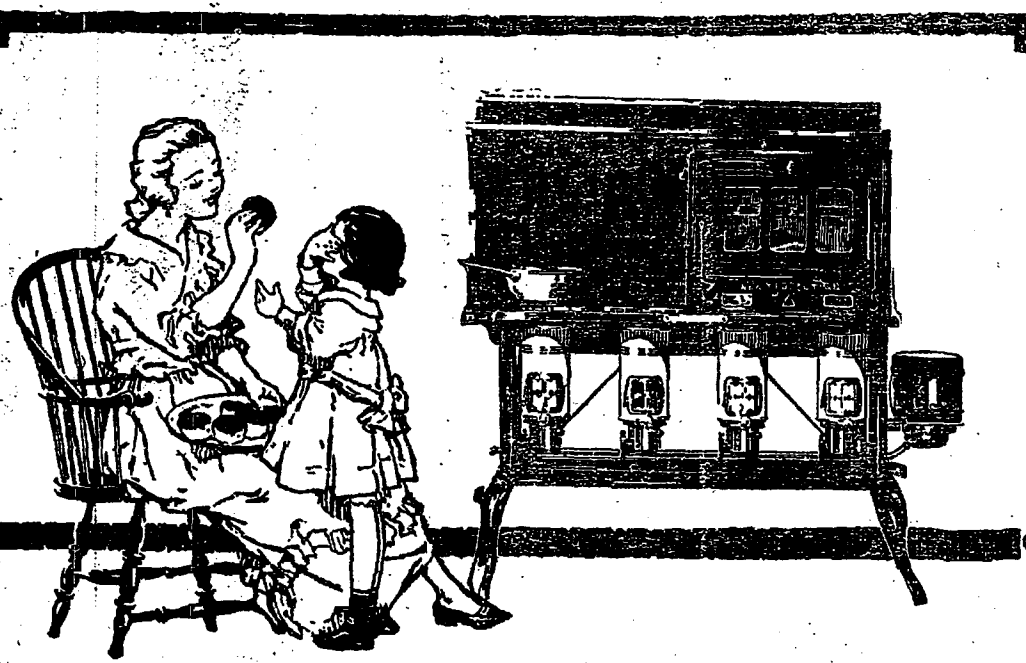
Investigate our Prices and Work.

Careful Attention Given to Special Designs.

REINS BROTHERS,

(Successors to Miller-Reins Company)

NORTH WILKESBORO AND LENOIR, N. C.



"Open Your Mouth and Shut Your Eyes and I'll Give You Something to Make You Wise!"

Crisp, delicious cookies—and never a burnt one! The steady, even flame stays put—you don't need to watch the New Perfection.

Twice as convenient as a coal or wood range and costs no more. No coal or wood to lug, no dirt, no ashes. A quick fire or a simmer, just as you like, and a cool kitchen all the time.

Ask your dealer to show you the new

feature, the reversible glass reservoir. Use

ALADDIN SECURITY OIL

a superior kerosene, for best results. It's always clean and clear-burning.

STANDARD OIL COMPANY

Washington, D. C. (New Jersey)
Baltimore, Md. Charlotte, N. C.
Richmond, Va. Charleston, W. Va.
Cleveland, Ohio. Charleston, S. C.

NEW PERFECTION
OIL COOK STOVE

VOLUME XIX**Nominating Made In**

Seated on with the fun as incense, they veiled the mirrored spirits. In from their universe to reach that they have plish or that genuity they plan. From worlds where been striving the evil in through the they had fe came the lea dom.

One by on the favor of telling of trying to sur told of sins been heard of all regions. these chosen hellborn dev tue and upli his countena of a smile in ter is unknow of satisfactio sengers had and improve

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The Davie Record.

"HERE SHALL THE PRESS, THE PEOPLE'S RIGHTS MAINTAIN; UNAWED BY INFLUENCE AND UNBRIED BY GAIN."

VOLUME XIX.

MOCKSVILLE, NORTH CAROLINA, WEDNESDAY, JULY 25, 1917.

NUMBER 2

Nominating Speech Yet To Be Made In Behalf Of Kaiser Wilhelm.

Seated on his throne of flame, with the fumes of burning sulphur as incense, the Ruler of Hell surveyed the mighty throng of kindred spirits. They had been called in from their work throughout all universe to report on all the evil that they had been able to accomplish or that in their devilish ingenuity they had been able to plan. From myriads of peopled worlds where Satan's minions had been striving to put into action all the evil influences upon which, through the unnumbered centuries, they had fed their imagination, came the leaders of Satan's kingdom.

One by one they sought to win the favor of the Ruler of Hell by telling of diabolical deeds, each trying to surpass the other as they told of sins that had never before been heard of even in these infernal regions. As Satan listened to these chosen spirits, with all their hellborn devices to pull down virtue and uplift vice, there crossed his countenance the faint glimmer of a smile in a region where laughter is unknown—the Satanic smile of satisfaction at how well his messengers had learned their lessons and improved on his teachings.

Presently, however, there came one who, despite the effort to suppress him, demand a full hearing. "This region," said he, "has too long been ruled by in income and mediocrity."

"Through the ages we have been taught that Satan held his position and his power because in all the wide universe there had never been found a demon who could match him, in viceless or who could, sometimes in the guise of a saint and sometimes in that of a fiend, work such indescribable horrors upon all of God's creatures."

"We have been told that no other demon in all the universe had the imagination to plan or the power to wreak up on the innocent such sorrow and suffering as Satan."

"We have been told that for devilish ingenuity in devising new and new ways of destroying virtue, in tearing down all that is good, and in spreading broadcast through unnumbered worlds unending sin and suffering, Satan had never been matched."

"But though this may all have been true, in past, it is no longer true. The right of rulership by reason of superiority in evil no longer belongs to him who has dominated us."

"I have come from earth, where for nearly three years it has been my mission to study the work of one who has devised more evils and more sin and more sorrow and suffering than any of us have ever before known in all our wide travels from world to world."

"I have found one who outclasses Satan."

"I have found one in comparison with whom as a deviser of evil and sin and the creator of sorrow Satan is but a cheap piker."

"I have brought with me the one who, by reason of his abilities murder innocent women and children and to cause such outrages upon them that murder itself seems gentle by comparison, and with a matched hypocrisy claims that he is a copartner with the Almighty in his devilish work, is justly entitled to rule this region."

"Since the beginning of time there has never before been one who gloried in such campaigns of murder and outraging of women and children as he has gloated over."

"Other men have committed these crimes, but in doing so they have shrunk back abashed before even the devil themselves."

"But I have found one who

glories in these achievements.

"I have found one who has rejoiced in unspeakable outrages committed by his army upon innocent women; one who has covered the world with voiceless woe; one who has made rape an honor and murder a crown of glory."

"I have found one who has made the name of his people, honored in the past, now a hissing and a byword, hated by all the world; despised as have been no other people in human history, a stench in nostrils of all decent men and women; one who turned his army and navy into cold-blooded murderers and ravishers of women and child red, and made them glory in their deeds of evil."

"I have found one who, in times of peace, covered all the world with his spies; one who, under the guise of friendship, was for years preparing to stab to death every one who stood between him and his lust of world power; who has educated his once well-meaning people into active agents to commend his devilish work, even some men and women who preferred to be followers of the Son of God."

"I have found one who bought the services of men and women in other lands who sold themselves to try to betray civilization for even less than Judas demanded, and who, like Judas, claimed to be doing good when they new the rottenness of their own hearts."

"Indeed, I have found one who has planted in every land the Judas fruit of treachery and deceit, even among those who professed to higher things, and who have made even Judas mourn that out-matched him, since he betrayed his Lord only once, while the Kaiser and his crowd have unceasingly betrayed all humanity."

"I have found one who, by these pre-eminent abilities in out-lassing Satan, has a right to assume rulership of Satan's kingdom."

The Satanic smile had faded the face of Evil One. At first bit-ter and relentless hatred possessed him as he listened to one who had dared to suggest a new ruler, and he sent forth his minions of fire with intense heat the lower depths of the lower hells into which to drive this traitor; but just then the doors of Hell swung wide and Satan saw the spirit of Kaiser-Wilhelm enter. Instantly he realized that his rule was at an end. He saw that his vaunted superiority in sin and devilry was as nothing when matched against that of the Kaiser. As he slunk away, he saw escorted to his seat of burning brimstone the one who on earth out-matched him, and whom he felt was justly entitled to the rulership of his kingdom.

And then as the new ruler took his seat upon the throne of blazing brimstone there appeared in the flames that played around his head a picture of a great ship in whose side there was a gaping hole. Standing in the center of this there appeared Kaiser Wilhelm calling to his demons to bring to him the helpless babies and innocent women. With fiendish glee he taught them and gloatingly fed them to the ravenous sharks below. The onlookers shuddered at the sight, realizing even Hell had sunk to hitherto unknown depths of depravity.

Suddenly, however, the fiends of the lower world, who for moments had been dazed by the appearance of the new ruler upon the throne, aroused themselves to this degradation of Hell and determined to rid even that region of one who had so surpassed in devilry all that Hell had ever known. In mad rebellion they rose. With one great convulsion Hell vomited him forth, for even its inhabitants of murderers and thieves, the lowly the lascivious and all the unpendent throng could not sink to such depths as permit him to remain.—Manufacturers Record.

Hamstrung And Strangled.

Not long ago a train of fourteen cars of potatoes, billed to the Chicago market, were discovered at a small town near that city, where they had been side tracked and left to rot—at a time when potatoes were selling at \$4.00 a bushel.

For a number of two years now we have been learning of the willful destruction every season of such commodities as potatoes, cabbage, melons, apples, and other fruits when there was a opportunity by so doing to force the prices up in interest of the speculators.

These food pirates have purchased acres and acres of fruit on the trees and then refuse to allow them to be picked—kept them there to rot—in order to keep them from the open market.

In other ways the campaign of pillage and loot at the expense of the consumer has been going merrily on.

Of course, merely to designate the perpetrators of these outrages as robbers and pirates does not one particle of good except to afford some slight relief to our feelings. There seems to be nothing the country can do to prevent these outrages.

But there SHOULD be, and if we mistake not the temper of the American people, there soon will be.

When the countries of Europe first adopted the policy of government control of food stuffs we in this country congratulated ourselves that we live in a Free country. Lately, however, we are beginning to learn a few things—that instead of the freedom of which we boast, we are hamstrung and strangled by a horde of piratical food speculators who have no conscience, know no law, and are devoid of the first element of humanity.

With the proof clearly before us that the people are being systematically and outrageously plundered, our congress has the monumental effrontery to dawdle around and haggle over minor details while the poorer classes of our population are being driven to distraction.

With such examples before us, the action of President Wilson in demanding food control by the government—even a dictator, if necessary—looks good to us. It will not keep the producer from receiving a fair and just price for his products, neither will it injure the consumer. But it will everlastingly put a crimp on the golden tail of the remorseless speculator.

It is time for congress to enact adequate laws whereby the president can once and for all put an end to this hamstringing and strangling of the American consumer.

Chamberlain's Colic and Diarrhoea Remedy.

Now is the time to buy a bottle of this remedy so as to be prepared in case that any one of your family should have an attack of colic or diarrhoea during the summer months. It is worth hundred times its cost when needed.

When?

They are said to be crying for Teddy on the firing line in France, and a little later a way may be found for getting him over there. He surely has a certain quality about him that arouses enthusiasm.—Chattanooga Times.

"IN A BAD WAY"

Many A Mocksville Reader Will Feel Grateful For This Information.

If your back gives out; Becomes lame, weak or aching; If bladder troubles set in; Perhaps your kidneys are "in a bad way."

Don't delay—use Doan's Kidney Pills. Here is good evidence of their worth. Mrs. D. A. Holbrook, 213 S. Lee St., Salisbury, N.C., says: "Some years ago I had attacks of lumbago that nearly put me down and out. My back ached constantly. Doan's Kidney Pills were recommended to me by a friend and I began taking them. They helped me at once. Whenever my back causes me any misery now, I use Doan's Kidney Pills and get prompt relief."

Price 50c. at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mrs. Holbrook had. Foster-Milburn Co., Mfrs., Buffalo, N. Y.

They Say We Are Slow.

They say North Carolina is slow in enlisting.

Yes, North Carolina is slow; and yet, somehow, she usually manages to reach the front in time for the crucial moment.

In February, 1776, the people of Wilmington, N. C., were only seven years ahead of the rest of the colonies; perhaps they should have seen their duty sooner. And incidentally, it is the fault of none but ourselves that the whole world does not give due credit this wonderful, open, armed resistance to the infamous Stamp Act, seven years in advance of the Boston Tea Party.

On the 20th of May, 1775, the people of Mecklenburg County, in North Carolina, were only a year ahead of the rest of the country. Perhaps they should have set the example sooner.

Yes, North Carolina was slow in the War Between the States; she weighed the pros and cons deeply. But somehow, after she did secede, North Carolinians were always so near the front that the first to fall in pitched battle was a North Carolinian, Henry L. Wyatt, at Bethel; so near the front that, after Gettysburg, 30 per cent of North Carolina's men were left on the field of honor, many of them lying further within the enemy's line than the men of any other Southern State.

So slow is North Carolina that she could not even be made to surrender until most of the other States had done so. One-fourth of the muskets laid down at Appomattox were in the hands of North Carolina soldiers.

After a while came the Spanish American War, and North Carolina managed in her slow way to do a few things. Lieutenant Richmond Pearson Hobson and Lieutenant Victor Blue might talk on the subject, and some of the comrades of Worth Bagley, the first officer to fall in that war, might also have something to say.

Only two weeks ago the first shot against Germany was fired, and, according to official report, it sent a submarine down. That was fired by James A. Goodwin, from eastern North Carolina. He took time to prepare slowly and carefully for just that emergency, and so, at the psychological moment, he was ready.

Yes, North Carolina may have been slow to enlist in the present war; but she has made up her mind now, and when Tuesday came it was found that her sons had done her duty; and if God wills that the worst come to us N. Carolina men will be found dead or alive where the fighting is the fiercest and the risks deadliest; and North Carolina women will be found at home or elsewhere if duty calls, loving their men, praying for them, and trying to do their men's work as well as their own.—Wilmington Star.

Full Crop Of Advice.

The man who is farming has been up against it good and hard this year. The hard freeze in February killed his oats. The early spring was cold and wet and it was difficult to get seed planted. The frosts as late as the middle of May killed a large portion of the cotton crop and more than half of the crop in this part of the country has been replanted. But there is one thing the farmer is getting in "plentiful abundance" and that is advice. The frosts do not nip the storms do no destroy, nor pestilence wither the annual agricultural advice crop.—Monroe Enquirer.

Cause Of Despondency.

Despondency is often caused by indigestion and constipation, and quickly disappeared when Chamberlain's Tablets are taken. These tablets strengthen the digestion and move the bowels.

Latest War News.

An editor in the far west dropped into church for the first time in many years. The minister was in the very heart of the sermon. The editor listened for a while, and then rushed to his office.

"What are you fellows doing? How about the news from the seat of war?"

"What news?"

"Why, all this about the Egyptian army being drowned in the Red Sea. The minister up at the church knows all about it, and you have not a word of it in your latest. Bustle around, you fellows, and get out and extra special edition."

Roosevelt Message In Bibles For Troops.

A message from Theodore Roosevelt to the soldiers and sailors of the United States who go to the front signed by Roosevelt will be given to every one of Uncle Sam's fighting men who pass through New York city, in a copy of the Holy Bible donated by the New York Society. The following is the message:—

"The teachings of the New Testament are foreshadowed in Micah's verse: 'what more doth the Lord require of thee than to do justice, to love mercy, and to walk humbly with thy God.'"

"Do justice; and therefore, fight valiantly against the armies of Germany and Turkey, for these nations in this crisis stand for the reign of Micah and Beelzebub on this earth."

"Love mercy; treat prisoners well; succor the wounded; treat every woman as if she was your sister; care for the little children, and be tender with the old and helpless."

"Walk humbly; you will do so if you study the life and teachings of the Saviour."

"May the God of my Justice and mercy have you in his keeping."

The Real Trouble.

A bunch had congregated around the stove in Mr. W. P. Neely's store last Thursday night and the discussion soon got on the war question and from that to the more vital questions of the food supply. The idle fields around in his community received some attention and there was voiced some opposition to the War Department plans for taking the workmen out of the fields and sending them to the army. One of the men said that the trouble was not the scarcity of laborers so much as the scarcity of labor; in other words the biggest trouble with most of us is just "damned laziness." And we expect he is about right.—Wax-bow Enterprise.

Doing Good.

Few medicines have met with more favor or accomplished more good than Chamberlain's Colic and Diarrhoea Remedy. John F. Jantzen, Delme, Sask., says of it: "I have used Chamberlain's Colic and Diarrhoea Remedy myself and in my family, and can recommend it as being an exceptionally fine preparation."

Are You One Of Them?

If this war continues long enough a lot of our soft soap patriots will be smothered in their own suds. They won't have the age limit as an excuse.

There are a great many people who would be very much benefited by taking Chamberlain's Tablets for a weak or disordered stomach. Are you one of them? Mrs. M. R. Seal, Baldwinville, N. Y., relates her experience in the use of these tablets: "I had a bad spell with my stomach about six months ago, and was troubled for two or three weeks with gas severe pains in the pit of my stomach. Our druggist advised me to take Chamberlain's Tablets. I took a bottle home and the first dose relieved me wonderfully, and I kept on taking them until I was cured." These tablets do not relieve pain, but after the pain has been relieved may prevent its recurrence.

These Are Patriots.

On the day of registration for the select draft a married man employed in a cotton mill in Iredell county reported for registration.

"Don't you claim exemption?" asked the registrar, who knew the man was married.

"No," was the firm answer. "I have no children. My wife worked in a cotton mill before we were married. She can do that again if it is necessary to earn her support. We have talked it over and she thinks as I do that under the circumstances I should answer the country's call and she will manage to make her way."

That may not be the exact language employed, but it is the substance of the answer. Here are two patriots who deserve all honor. The wife knew she could make her way and she was willing to make the sacrifice and give her husband to his country's service.

That is a record to make one proud. It shows that patriots are not dead and that the country's call finds those ready to make sacrifice. And isn't it a rebuke to the slackers—to those who are seeking excuses to evade the service this husband and wife have cheerfully offered to perform? How many childless wives who are not absolutely dependent on husbands for support will volunteer to take up the burden that the country may have another defender? How many husbands will voluntarily relinquish the claim they might have as supporters of wives, when their support is not necessary, to serve the country? Not many in either case. On the contrary husbands who do not support their wives and children, but who in some cases are supported by them, are willing to claim exemption on the claim of having dependents.

The Landmark would like to put on record the names of these people, but it does not know them, and it does not feel warranted in naming the location unless it was privileged to make the names public. But the facts are vouched for and as the case deserves to be put on record, this mention is made.—Statesville Landmark.

An effort is being made to compel the affixing of a two cent war tax stamp to all checks and drafts exceeding \$5.00. It will likely succeed, but it will not materially affect us as we are seldom able to draw a check for more than \$4.98.—Bill Montgomery.

When a fellow has bats in his belly the bats are about the only things that count.

We insist, however, that some day their will be an end to all wars—when the earth is destroyed.

Whenever You Need a General Tonic Take Grove's
The Old Standard Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic is equally valuable as a General Tonic because it contains the well known tonic properties of QUININE and IRON. It acts on the Liver, Drives out Malaria, Enriches the Blood and Builds up the Whole System. 50 cents.

Preserve Your Complexion

the easy, pleasing way by using Magnolia Balm before and after outings. You can fearlessly face the sun, wind and dust because you know Magnolia Balm keeps you safe from Sunburn and Tan.

This fragrant lotion is wonderfully soothing, cooling and a great comfort after a day outdoors. Magnolia Balm is the skin-saving beauty secret which is regularly used when once tried.

Magnolia Balm

LIQUID FACE POWDER.
Pink, White, Rose Red.
75c. at Druggists or by mail direct.
Sample (either color) for 2c. Stamp.
Lyon Mfg. Co., 40 South Fifth St., Brooklyn, N. Y.



THE DAVIE RECORD.

C. FRANK STROUD - Editor.

TELEPHONE 1.

Entered at the Postoffice in Mocksville, N. C., as Second-class Mail matter, March 3, 1903.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES:

ONE YEAR, IN ADVANCE - \$1.00
SIX MONTHS, IN ADVANCE - \$.50
THREE MONTHS, IN ADVANCE - \$.25

WEDNESDAY, JULY 25, 1917.

The wheat market is said to be dull, but the bread market is doing a big business and the price remains high.

We want the name and address of the man who promised to put up a dozen jars of blackberries for us, and forgot all about it. A liberal reward offered for his capture.

There is some talk of the town fathers putting a tax of \$1. on each dog. It all depends on how much back-bone they have. We will keep our readers posted.

It is but two weeks until the big picnic. Everybody will be here. The Record is anxious for all its friends from outside the county, as well as inside, to call around and renew old acquaintances.

Just to show how the mail travels through this section we will cite the fact that on March 8th we mailed a letter to a gentleman whom believed to be in Winston-Salem. On July 12th, the letter reached us, with "uncalled for," stamped on it. It took the letter 4 months and 4 days to travel 54 miles.

High Point is still growing because trains Nos. 21 and 22 are running by Mocksville and Winston-Salem, instead of through their town. Hoggish thing! If we had as many trains a day as High Point has we wouldn't give a hang for 21 and 22. But the way it is, we are going to hang on to what we have.

If the seasons continue good and no freshets visit us, Davie will make the largest yield of corn ever harvested since the world began. The wheat crop in the county turned out well, and if all the other counties in the State would do as well as Davie we would be shipping provisions to the west instead of ordering from them. Keep your eye on Davie, Mr. Outsider. We have the best farming county in the State.

IT IS A SHAME.

There are many reasons why an editor pays his debts promptly, always has plenty of money and is able to wear good clothes and smoke 25 cent cigars; give to every charitable object and support a big family. The first of these reasons is that when a fellow wants a copy of our paper he never thinks to hand us a nickel, because he thinks it doesn't cost us anything for the paper, ink and labor that it takes to produce it. Another reason is that when a fellow wants us to run an ad or print some stationery, he writes us to do the work and he will pay us when he comes to town—and he never comes. But the greatest reason of all is the fellow who subscribes for the paper and lets it run a year and then won't pay for it. We have men in Davie county who are worth from five to fifty thousand dollars, who have enjoyed our paper for a year or more, and will not pay us. Since 1908 we have been robbed of more than two thousand dollars by good people—preachers, lawyers, doctors, merchants, capitalists, mechanics and even farmers, who took our paper for a year or more and refused to pay us. Should we publish a list of these robbers names, it would raise the biggest howl that ever went up in this country, and there would be a big funeral the next day and the editor would be chief mourner. We have the names of those who took our bread from us, and some day we may print them—when the pangs of hunger gnaw too deep into our vitals and we can restrain ourselves no longer. Is it any wonder that we have money to burn?

A Correction.

In the article written by J. F. Click in our issue of July 11th, we had one of his quotations wrong. Instead of being Isa. 12:2, it should have been Isa. 25:4 and 9. This correction is made for the benefit of both Mr. Click and Rev. Ketchie.

Dock Your Car Till After Service.

As everybody knows, the automobile is playing smash with the Sunday schools and church services in all sections of our fair land today. Thousands of men and women, boys and girls are out all day Sunday riding over the country when they are needed at church. Your pastor is disappointed when you are absent from service. Suppose you leave your car at home until after the Sunday school and morning service. You will have the entire afternoon to ride around over the country and enjoy the cool breezes. The automobile is a good thing in its place, and it is a pleasure to own one, but we believe they are doing more to reduce church attendance than any other one thing. Ask your pastor if we are right. We know numbers of people who were once regular attendants at church, but they are seldom seen there now. Some of the church services have actually been dispensed with because the church members couldn't quit riding over the country long enough to attend the short service. It is no wonder that hundreds of people are being killed on Sundays while joy-riding. The people have forgotten God in their mad rush through the land in a gas wagon. What has become of the young man and young lady whose used to get credit for being at Sunday school every Sunday for a year in succession? Ask your Superintendent if he has any such on roll today, and his answer will prove that we are correct. Go to Sunday school and preaching next Sunday morning and renew your allegiance to the "Giver of all good gifts." It will prove a blessing to you in this world, and in the world to come.

A Birthday Dinner.

The friends and relatives of Mrs. Alice Renegar gathered Sunday, July 22d, at her home near Calabash, and gave her a surprise birthday dinner. Mrs. Renegar was 56 years old, and the many friends and relatives all wish her many more such happy birthdays. Despite the threatening attitude of the weather, a large crowd was in attendance, and at 7:30 a chapter was read from the bible by Mr. Daniel Brown, and prayer was led by the husband, Mr. Renegar. After prayer those present partook of the bounteous feast that was spread under the trees on tables. Among those present from some distance were Mr. and Mrs. Martin Wilson, of Linwood, and Mr. Thos. P. Wilson, of Spencer. On account of illness, Mrs. C. L. Maiden, of Thomasville, a daughter of Mrs. Renegar, could not be present. Let us all hope that Mrs. Renegar will see many more such birthdays and live to a ripe old age.

ONE PRESENT.

Courtney News.

The threshers are heard in every direction these days. Mrs. Alonzo Bagby and children, of Winston-Salem are visiting relatives here for a few days. Mrs. Harrison Craven, of Boonville, who has been in the Twin City hospital for sometime has been removed to the home of her father, Mr. John Baily. There will be an all-day old-folks singing at the church fifth Sunday, July 29. Everybody come and bring their Christian harmony and help make the day an enjoyable one. Mr. Darwin Essie and family, of Winston-Salem, Motored over Sunday and spent the day with home folks. Mr. Earnest Baily who holds a responsible position in the Twin-City-visited home folks Sunday. The Philathea class will give an ice cream supper fifth Saturday night July 28, 1917. Everybody is cordially invited. Come boys and bring your girls and treat them to some of the best ice cream there is going.

A PHILATHEA GIRL.

M. C. Kurfess will preach at Jericho next Sunday at 11 o'clock. Everybody is invited to attend.

J. F. Eaton, of Cana, dumped a beet into our sanctum Monday which weighed 7 pounds and five ounces. If you have a bigger one, bring it along.

James Penry, of R. 2, has our thanks for a bushel of good apples, which he sent us Monday. If we can secure a bag of flour and a little sugar we can manage to live.

Mrs. Luther Bailey, of Cooleemee, died Sunday afternoon, and was buried at Fork Church Monday afternoon. A husband and nine or ten children survive. Mrs. Bailey was a Miss Caudell before marriage, and leaves a sister, Mrs. Wm. Grotz, of Mocksville, and several brothers.

Sunday Reflections.

Today the 3rd Sunday in July one year ago, the bulk of the flood fell. It poured rain all day here. Today we have had a small shower. All our rains for a month or so, have been small showers. Around us, they have had good rains. As "it rains alike on the just and the unjust," then it follows that we are neither.

If one has an auto, and on Sunday morning he cranks up and goes away visiting or a pleasure riding, his excuse for not being at church is considered a valid one. But if a fellow who has no auto, decides to crank up and stay at home, his excuse for not being at church is a direct violation of God's law which says: "Remember the Sabbath day to keep it holy."

An editor asked a fellow if he knew of anything good. The fellow said he knew of three good things, viz: "Money, woman and liquor." The editor asked him to mention three bad things that had raised more hell in the world than the three good things he had mentioned. The fellow gave it up. There is but one answer that he could have given, and that is: "Man, sin and the devil."

That fellow was an average town boy. He had failed to learn to think. He could have said health, food and raiment; or home, mother and sister; or the Bible, Christ and heaven. Too many depend on the little uncultivated talent that happens to be rattling around in their gully-washed craniums. If a man's soul is his ability to think and to reason—as some say—then some folks have no souls, while some hogs, dogs and cats do.

Treason is the same in all countries. One is as mean as the other. Sometime ago, a prominent man in Germany kicked against a certain war measure there, and claimed that the people should be allowed to vote on the question. We called him a patriot, one who believes in democracy. But when our own Tom Watson, an American lawyer, scholar and christian, says the conscription law is unconstitutional and should be voted on by the people, we yell treason, treason! Such inconsistencies are enough to drive God from us.

Across the street, is a mother alone sitting at the piano playing beautiful, sacred songs. When we see people in the church, plays and other public places singing and playing beautiful songs, we are often forced to ask is it real? or simply to be seen and heard? But when we pass a home and hear a mother singing her babe to sleep, or at the piano playing and singing: "Nearer my God to Thee," we exclaim that is real and attracts the ear of God and the angels. We have heard some fine choir singing that we fear never got higher than the ceiling.

J. F. C.

Is It Wise? Is It Right? Is It Just?

Mr. Editor:—I have just read the bond issue ordinance passed by the board of town commissioners. It calls for an issue of twelve thousand dollars worth of bonds for building and repairing Depot street and other streets, etc., and the sidewalks of North Main Street. Why North Main Street? I am not opposed to public improvements, but as a citizen and taxpayer I enter my protest against a twelve thousand dollar bond issue for the town of Mocksville at this time. Why \$12,000 will not do as much work on our streets now as \$5,000 would have done 3 or 4 years ago. Why saddle this debt upon the taxpayers at this time, when the great majority of our people are not able to earn a decent living for their families? Why take bread and clothes from the children and wives of the poor laborers of our town in order to build an expensive street about 1-4 of a mile long? Do not our town commissioners know that with the high price of labor and the more than high price of everything entering into the construction of streets and sidewalks, that the people will get mighty little for their \$12,000? Why not postpone this larger issue of bonds until after the war is over and prices become normal and do this much needed repairing and building of streets and sidewalks all over the town, just as fast as we can do it without making it too burdensome to our people? "Rome was not built in a day," neither can we do everything for the improvement of our town in one or two years. I notice that other public improvements in other places are being postponed on account of the high cost of everything. It is said in the good book that "the poor we shall have with us always," and in another place it says, "and they placed burdens upon them grievous to be borne," and it looks like in nation, state, county and towns that those in authority are determined to make the burdens of taxation so heavy that the average poor man cannot live and own a humble home. I have almost reached the point that I am opposed to bond issues at all,

and for any purpose without a majority vote of the people. It's a dangerous power to lodge in the hands of 4 or 5 men that they can meet and issue bonds, thus placing a mortgage upon not only every taxpayer's home, but upon his income without his consent and against his protest. It's a dangerous power, and unless a halt is called, sooner or later there is going to be a reckoning by the people. I have been a citizen of Mocksville for more than 20 years. I have waded through mud and slush on my way to and from my work all these years and I am willing to put up with it a few more years rather than place additional burdens on our people at this time—a time when the great majority of us are barely earning enough to keep soul and body together. It's the wrong time, gentlemen, to place feathers on the camel's back, for it is already at the breaking point. Borrow a few hundred dollars and repair the street to the depot, and wait until the war clouds roll by for your bond issue. About every man on the board can bear his part of the increase of taxes without having to deny himself or his family of a single luxury, while the additional burden you propose to place upon the poor men of our town will cause them to have to give up some of the necessities of everyday life. Let's forget ourselves and just for once think of others. A few hundred dollars will make the depot street passable, and not hurt anyone, and \$12,000 will make a mighty poor showing at this particular time. Some one may call me a knocker. Call me one if you wish, but in the future as in the past my time will be spent doing that which I believe is right, just and best for my fellowman. I shall stand for and with those who need help.

E. H. MORRIS.

Letter From Burke County.

Editor Record:—I will try to write a few words in regard to the not very well known soy bean and its uses. Many of us know something of it as a cow feed, but few know of its merits as a food for man, and what I will say about it I have tried out in our own home, and being a Davieite, thought it might interest some of my friends and be a real help to some in these days of high priced food and especially meat. The soy bean will nearly fill the place of meat, and I recommend it to some that are not vegetarians. There is much in knowing about the use of things. The soy bean may be roasted as peanuts, and compare favorably with them. Soak in soda water 24 hours then in salt water one hour, then roast to a light brown. To make postum or cereal coffee, roast to a dark brown and mash and use as coffee. To use as navy beans, soak over night and cook slowly for several hours. Don't season till done, and you won't need but little if any, as they are very rich. Get acquainted with the soy bean. It can be combined with many foods and will fill a long felt need.

J. P. BURTON.

Bargains In Furniture.

You don't have to go out of the county to get just what you want. We buy in large lots and are fully prepared to give you as good bargains as can be found anywhere.

Dressers from \$8.00 to \$19.00

Hall Racks \$9.00 to \$12.50

Center Tables \$1.00 to \$7.50

Rockers \$1.50 to 6.00

A complete line of Dining tables.

Just received over 100 Bedsteads from \$3.50 to 12.50. Certainly can please you.

Big line of bed springs and mattresses. Good line of Porch Swings. Come in and look over our stock. Glad to show you whether you buy or not. Yours for bargains.

C. C. SANFORD SONS COMPANY.

JACOB STEWART

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW

OFFICES: ROOMS NOS. 1 AND 6

OVER MERCHANTS & FARMERS'

BANK,

MOCKSVILLE, N. C.

OFFICE PHONE NO. 67.

PRACTICE IN ALL THE STATE

AND FEDERAL COURTS.

DR. MARTIN.

In connection with general practice, gives special attention to diseases of eye, ear, nose and throat and fits glasses.

Office Over Drug Store.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Having qualified as administrator of the estate of Joseph G. Hunter, deceased, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against the said estate to present them to the undersigned for payment before July 5, 1918, or this notice will be placed in bar of their recovery. All persons owing the said estate will make immediate payment. This July 5, 1917.

H. F. BLACKWELDER, Adm'r.

of Joseph G. Hunter, Dec'd.

ROBT. A. BLAYOCK,

Dr. S. S.

Funeral Director and Embalmer.

MOCKSVILLE, N. C.

Day Phone 23. Night Phone 76.

Let The Record do your printing.

DR. ROBT. ANDERSON,

DENTIST,

Phones Office No. 71. Residence No. 47

Office over Drug Store

DRINK

CHERO-COLA

CHERO-COLA is sold only in the original bottle, sterilized, sealed and labeled at the plant.

Each bottle is filled by machinery--the syrup and carbonated water are accurately measured by machinery, therefore you get the same uniform pleasing flavor in every bottle, which is absolutely impossible with the ordinary soda.

Everybody knows it by name

You can get your CHERO-COLA, "In a Bottle--Through a Straw" at Soda Fountains and other Refreshment Stands.

Everybody knows it by its name.


SELECTIVE
HAS BEEN
AT WASOrder for Liability
ice Establish
Historic L

258 FIRST NU

Secretary Baker T
tial Number—Dra
tinues All Day F
ThroughoutLong List of Numbers
as Drawn, From Wh
Will Be Called to
First Army Se
Selected

Washington, July 23
for the big United S
not completed until
morning. The drawi
Friday morning, a
throughout the day an
together 10,500 numbe
from the big fish bowl,
stated that the first
drawn represented me
800 men, and it is
probable that men re
number drawn after
will be called before
board for the first a
eight numbers were dr
by Secretary of War
Chairman of the
committee, Congress
house military comm
Warren and Repres
ranking minority mem
ate and house milita
Maj. Gen. Tasker H
chief of staff of the
Brook Crowder, prov
the army; and Major C
adjutant general of th
the first eight numbe
the regular tellers t
worked through until
was completed.

In only a small num
est districts will the n
few thousand affect r
the 4,557 registra
throughout the country
something over 10,200
the smallest has only
the average is about
drawing proceeded, 157
withdrawn before one
affect the smallest dis
It was 120, placing 4,5
ed 120 on their local
order of liability.

The following list s
bers in the order in w
drawn. The first num
represents the order in
out, or red-ink registra
taken from the bowl.
are given in each ite
with the first number
drawn by Secretary Ba

1-235	2-252
3-10218	4-458
5-3300	6-3894
7-4762	8-554
9-5597	10-5977
11-4501	12-9922
13-10039	14-10425
15-6422	16-10425
17-30222	18-3383
19-14230	20-3382
21-4220	22-7203
23-10249	24-6767
25-30222	26-3383
27-14230	28-3382
29-4220	30-7203
31-10249	32-3383
33-30222	34-1313
35-14230	36-3382
37-4220	38-7203
39-10249	40-3383
41-30222	42-1313
43-14230	44-3382
45-4220	46-7203
47-10249	48-3383
49-30222	50-1117
51-14230	52-2762
53-4220	54-7203
55-10249	56-3383
57-30222	58-7203
59-14230	60-3382
61-4220	62-7203
63-10249	64-3383
65-30222	66-1117
67-14230	68-2762
69-4220	70-7203
71-10249	72-3383
73-30222	74-1313
75-14230	76-3382
77-4220	78-7203
79-10249	80-3383
81-30222	82-1313
83-14230	84-3382
85-4220	86-7203
87-10249	88-3383
89-30222	90-1117
91-14230	92-2762
93-4220	94-7203
95-10249	96-3383
97-30222	98-7203
99-14230	100-3382
101-4220	102-7203
103-10249	104-3383
105-30222	106-1313
107-14230	108-3382
109-4220	110-7203
111-10249	112-3383
113-30222	114-1313
115-14230	116-3382
117-4220	118-7203
119-10249	120-3383
121-30222	122-1117
123-14230	124-2762
125-4220	126-7203
127-10249	128-3383
129-30222	130-1313
131-14230	132-3382
133-4220	134-7203
135-10249	136-3383
137-30222	138-7203
139-14230	140-3382
141-4220	142-7203
143-10249	144-3383
145-30222	146-1313
147-14230	148-3382
149-4220	150-7203
151-10249	152-3383
153-30222	154-1313
155-14230	156-3382
157-4220	158-7203
159-10249	160-3383
161-30222	162-1117
163-14230	164-2762
165-4220	166-7203
167-10249	168-3383
169-30222	170-1313
171-14230	172-3382
173-4220	174-7203
175-10249	176-3383
177-30222	178-7203
179-14230	180-3382
181-4220	182-7203
183-10249	184-3383
185-30222	186-1313
187-14230	188-3382
189-4220	190-7203
191-10249	192-3383
193-30222	194-1117
195-14230	196-2762
197-4220	198-7203
199-10249	200-3383
201-30222	202-7203
203-14230	204-3382
205-4220	206-7203
207-10249	208-3383
209-30222	210-1313
211-14230	212-3382
213-4220	214-7203
215-10249	216-3383
217-30222	218-7203
219-14230	220-3382
221-4220	222-7203
223-10249	224-3383
225-30222	226-1313
227-14230	228-3382
229-4220	230-7203
231-10249	232-3383
233-30222	234-1117
235-14230	236-2762
237-4220	238-7203
239-10249	240-3383
241-30222	242-7203
243-14230	244-3382
245-4220	246-7203
247-10249	248-3383
249-30222	250-1313
251-14230	252-3382
253-4220	254-7203
255-10249	256-3383
257-30222	258-7203
259-14230	260-3382
261-4220	262-7203
263-10249	264-3383
265-30222	266-1117
267-14230	268-2762
269-4220	270-7203
271-10249	272-3383
273-30222	274-1313
275-14230	276-3382
277-4220	278-7203
279-10249	280-3383
281-30222	282-7203
283-14230	284-3382
285-4220	286-7203
287-10249	288-3383
289-30222	290-1313
291-14230	292-3382
293-4220	294-7203
295-10249	296-3383
297-30222	298-7203
299-14230	300-3382
301-4220	302-7203
303-10249	304-3383
305-30222	306-1313
307-14230	308-3382
309-4220	310-7203
311-10249	312-3383
313-30222	314-1117
315-14230	316-2762
317-4220	318-7203
319-10249	320-3383
321-30222	322-7203
323-14230	324-3382
325-4220	326-7203
327-10249	328-3383
329-30222	330-1313
331-14230	332-3382
333-4220	334-7203
335-10249	336-3383
337-30222	338-7203
339-14230	340-3382
341-4220	342-7203
343-10249	344-3383
345-30222	346-1117
347-14230	348-2762
349-4220	350-7203
351-10249	352-3383
353-30222	354-7203
355-14230	356-3382
357-4220	358-7203
359-10249	360-3383
361-30222	362-1117
363-14230	364-2762
365-4220	366-7203
367-10249	368-3383
369-30222	370-7203
371-14230	372-3382
373-4220	374-7203
375-10249	376-3383
377-30222	378-1313
379-14230	380-3382
381-4220	382-7203
383-10249	384-3383
385-30222	386-7203
387-14230	388-3382
389-4220	390-7203
391-10249	392-3383
393-30222	394-1117
395-14230	396-2762
397-4220	398-7203
399-10249	400-3383
401-30222	402-7203
403-14230	404-3382
405-4220	406-7203
407-10249	408-3383
409-30222	410-1313
411-14230	412-3382
413-4220	414-7203
415-10249	416-3383
417-30222	418-7203
419-14230	420-3382
421-4220	422-7203
423-10249	424-3383
425-30222	426-1117
427-14230	428-2762
429-4220	430-7203
431-10249	432-3383
433-30222	434-7203
435-14230	436-3382
437-4220	438-7203
439-10249	440-3383
441-30222	442-1117
443-14230	444-2762
445-4220	446-7203
447-10249	448-3383
449-30222	450-7203
451-14230	452-3382
453-4220	454-7203
455-10249	456-3383
457-30222	458-1117
459-14230	460-2762
461-4220	462-7203
463-10249	464-3383
465-30222	466-7203
467-14230	468-3382
469-4220	470-7203
471-10249	472-3383
473-30222	474-1313
475-14230	476-3382
477-4220	478-7203
479-10249	480-3383
481-30222	482-7203
483-14230	484-3382
485-4220	486-7203
487-10249	488-3383
489-30222	490-1117
491-14230	492-2762
493-4220	494-7203
495-10249	496-3383
497-30222	498-7203
499-14230	500-3382
501-4220	502-7203
503-10249	504-3383
505-30222	506-1313
507-14230	508-3382
509-4220	510-7203
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513-30222	514-1117
515-14230	516-2762
517-4220	518-7203
519-10249	520-3383
521-30222	522-7203
523-14230	524-3382
525-4220	526-7203
527-10249	528-3383
529-30222	530-1313
531-14230	532-3382
533-4220	534-7203
535-10249	536-3383
537-30222	538-7203
539-14230	540-3382
541-4220	542-7203
543-10249	544-3383
545-30222	546-1117
547-14230	548-2762
549-4220	550-7203
551-10249	552-3383
553-30222	554-7203
555-14230	556-3382
557-4220	558-7203
559-10249	560-3383
561-30222	562-1117
563-14230	564-2762
565-4220	566-7203
567-10249	568-3383
569-30222	570-7203
571-14230	572-3382
573-4220	574-7203
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577-30222	578-1313
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581-4220	582-7203
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601-30222	602-7203
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607-10249	608-3383
609-30222	610-1117
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617-30222	618-7203
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623-10249	624-3383
625-30222	626-1313
627-14230	628-3382
629-4220	630-7203
631-10249	632-3383
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639-10249	640-3383
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663-10249	664-3383
665-30222	666-7203
667-14230	668-3382
669-4220	670-7203
671-10249	672-3383
673-30222	674-1313
675-14230	676-3382
677-4220	678-7203
679-10249	680-3383
681-30222	682-7203
683-14230	684-3382
685-4220	686-7203
687-10249	688-3383
689-30222	690-1117
691-14230	692-2762
693-4220	694-7203
695-10249	696-3383
697-30222	698-7203
699-14230	700-3382
701-4220	702-7203
703-10249	704-3383
705-30222	706-1313
707-14230	708-3382
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711-10249	712-3383
713-30222	714-1117
715-14230	716-2762
717-4220	718-7203
719-10249	720-3383
721-30222	722-7203
723-14230	724-3382
725-4220	726-7203
727-10249	728-3383
729-30222	730-1117
731-14230	732-2762
733-4220	734-7203
735-10249	736-3383
737-30222	738-7203
739-14230	740-3382
741-4220	742-7203
743-10249	744-3383
745-30222	746-1313
747-14230	748-3382
749-4220	750-7203
751-10249	752-3383
753-30222	754-7203
755-14230	756-3382
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759-10249	760-3383
761-30222	762-1117
763-14230	764-2762
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767-10249	768-3383
769-30222	770-7203
771-14230	772-3382
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777-30222	778-1313
779-14230	780-3382
781-4220	782-7203
783-10249	784-3383
785-30222	786-7203
787-14230	788-3382
789-4220	790-7203
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793-30222	794-1117
795-14230	796-2762
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799-10249	800-3383
801-30222	802-7203
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99 W.M.

Dinner

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0041-0001	0042-0001	0043-0001	0044-0001	0045-0001	0046-0001	0047-0001	0048-0001	0049-0001	0050-0001
0051-0001	0052-0001	0053-0001	0054-0001	0055-0001	0056-0001	0057-0001	0058-0001	0059-0001	0060-0001
0061-0001	0062-0001	0063-0001	0064-0001	0065-0001	0066-0001	0067-0001	0068-0001	0069-0001	0070-0001
0071-0001	0072-0001	0073-0001	0074-0001	0075-0001	0076-0001	0077-0001	0078-0001	0079-0001	0080-0001
0081-0001	0082-0001	0083-0001	0084-0001	0085-0001	0086-0001	0087-0001	0088-0001	0089-0001	0090-0001
0091-0001	0092-0001	0093-0001	0094-0001	0095-0001	0096-0001	0097-0001	0098-0001	0099-0001	0100-0001
0101-0001	0102-0001	0103-0001	0104-0001	0105-0001	0106-0001	0107-0001	0108-0001	0109-0001	0110-0001
0111-0001	0112-0001	0113-0001	0114-0001	0115-0001	0116-0001	0117-0001	0118-0001	0119-0001	0120-0001
0121-0001	0122-0001	0123-0001	0124-0001	0125-0001	0126-0001	0127-0001	0128-0001	0129-0001	0130-0001
0131-0001	0132-0001	0133-0001	0134-0001	0135-0001	0136-0001	0137-0001	0138-0001	0139-0001	0140-0001
0141-0001	0142-0001	0143-0001	0144-0001	0145-0001	0146-0001	0147-0001	0148-0001	0149-0001	0150-0001
0151-0001	0152-0001	0153-0001	0154-0001	0155-0001	0156-0001	0157-0001	0158-0001	0159-0001	0160-0001
0161-0001	0162-0001	0163-0001	0164-0001	0165-0001	0166-0001	0167-0001	0168-0001	0169-0001	0170-0001
0171-0001	0172-0001	0173-0001	0174-0001	0175-0001	0176-0001	0177-0001	0178-0001	0179-0001	0180-0001
0181-0001	0182-0001	0183-0001	0184-0001	0185-0001	0186-0001	0187-0001	0188-0001	0189-0001	0190-0001
0191-0001	0192-0001	0193-0001	0194-0001	0195-0001	0196-0001	0197-0001	0198-0001	0199-0001	0200-0001
0201-0001	0202-0001	0203-0001	0204-0001	0205-0001	0206-0001	0207-0001	0208-0001	0209-0001	0210-0001
0211-0001	0212-0001	0213-0001	0214-0001	0215-0001	0216-0001	0217-0001	0218-0001	0219-0001	0220-0001
0221-0001	0222-0001	0223-0001	0224-0001	0225-0001	0226-0001	0227-0001	0228-0001	0229-0001	0230-0001
0231-0001	0232-0001	0233-0001	0234-0001	0235-0001	0236-0001	0237-0001	0238-0001	0239-0001	0240-0001
0241-0001	0242-0001	0243-0001	0244-0001	0245-0001	0246-0001	0247-0001	0248-0001	0249-0001	0250-0001
0251-0001	0252-0001	0253-0001	0254-0001	0255-0001	0256-0001	0257-0001	0258-0001	0259-0001	0260-0001
0261-0001	0262-0001	0263-0001	0264-0001	0265-0001	0266-0001	0267-0001	0268-0001	0269-0001	0270-0001
0271-0001	0272-0001	0273-0001	0274-0001	0275-0001	0276-0001	0277-0001	0278-0001	0279-0001	0280-0001
0281-0001	0282-0001	0283-0001	0284-0001	02					

39th ANNUAL MASONIC PICNIC

Benefit of the Oxford Orphanage

MOCKSVILLE, N. C.

AUGUST 9, 1917

MUSIC BY BAND

ENTERTAINMENT BY THE SINGING CLASS

Address by Hon. O. MAX GARDNER of Shelby, N. C.

Dinner and Other things of Interest on the Picnic
Grounds at Clement Grove

EXCURSION TRAINS

Will be run from Winston-Salem, Salisbury and Charlotte on the Southern Railway

Lawn Party at Night

9870-3556 9871-6554 9872-4032
9873-4728 9874-3556 9875-4032
9876-3556 9877-4728 9878-3556
9879-4728 9880-3556 9881-4728
9882-3556 9883-4728 9884-3556
9885-4728 9886-3556 9887-4728
9888-3556 9889-4728 9890-3556
9891-4728 9892-3556 9893-4728
9894-3556 9895-4728 9896-3556
9897-4728 9898-3556 9899-4728
9900-3556 9901-4728 9902-3556
9903-4728 9904-3556 9905-4728
9906-3556 9907-4728 9908-3556
9909-4728 9910-3556 9911-4728
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9918-3556 9919-4728 9920-3556
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9951-4728 9952-3556 9953-4728
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9981-4728 9982-3556 9983-4728
9984-3556 9985-4728 9986-3556
9987-4728 9988-3556 9989-4728
9990-3556 9991-4728 9992-3556
9993-4728 9994-3556 9995-4728
9996-3556 9997-4728 9998-3556
9999-4728 10000-3556

Mocksville Hardware Company

The Only Hardware Store in Davie County

WE HAVE SUPPLIED THE PEOPLE OF
DAVIE COUNTY

WITH

HARDWARE

OF QUALITY

For the Past Six Years and are Better Prepared Today Than Ever Before to Supply Anything in the Hardware Line. We carry the John Deere and Walter A. Wood Farming Machinery, also Buggies and Harness.

We appreciate the patronage you have given us in the past, and will do all in our power to merit a continuance of same. We keep what you want, when you want it, at a price that suits your purse.

MOCKSVILLE HARDWARE COMPANY

"HARDWARE OF QUALITY"

B. F. HOOPER, Manager

The Call Cumber

By Charles N

With Illus
from Photograph
in the

(Copyright, 1913, by V
11

SYNOPSIS

On Misery creek George Lescott, a large, powerful man, was shot and killed. The shooting broke the peace of the county. The artist's ability in thrashing Tamarack Spence as the "true-bust" Samson tells the story of going to leave the county home to New York. Spicer and Sally farrow New York Samson still much of city ways. The sunder Wilfred Horton lover, to do a man's. Prompted by her love, self to write. Horton the business world hated by predatory financiers. At a hotel meets William Farish, a state, and Horton's espies with others to ous, and succeeds. Far and Samson together club's shooting lodge, rupture, expecting Sam and so rid the political of the crusader. Some and thrashes the const advised by his teacher trait painting. Drenni to paint her portrait. Samson goes to Paris.

CHAPTER XII

"No," she said, "that, yet. I guess I think he'd rather be. If I was sure that he loved me, I'd—there is the other. . . . And, besides, I want myself. . . . I'm afraid I'm going to be both."

Horton stood silent time, and from below of the ship's orchestra muffled passengers on the deck.

"You won't lose up," he said, steadily. "You choice—but, if you fall back on such there, waiting."

For once he did not tiny, or know of it. He fixed on the slow gray-green waters. but it is as a man sm fronts despair and pre thing is quite all looked at him with throat.

"Wilfred," she said, on his arm, "I'm not over. Really, I'm not. South proposed to me that I should refuse at all sure that I am bit in love with him. see I can't be quite would be horrible if mistake. May I have to make up my mind tell you then, dear, wait."

CHAPTER

Tamarack Spicer sat in a box car, swinging his side. He was clad in the pockets of his coat a bulging flask of rum. unbulging pay envelope had been "railroaded" months this time. new record for sustaining industry, but now joining him to the mount bond yearnings for sure. Many things had Almost four years had Samson had left the in four years a woman mind. Sally might, on the road, greet him as man and agree to a method of courtship, would be more diplom he had gone to the for his time." Today and a free lance.

As he reflected on fellow-trainman came of the car and sat down side. This brakeman recruited from the man from another section—Virginia line.

"So yer quitin'?" asked the comer.

Spicer nodded.

"Goin' back thar on?"

Again Tamarack asked.

"I've been layin' off thar, Tam'rack."

"Cut her loose."

"I laid over in Hixson some, fellers that use."

A Souvenir of

The recent Solferino

called not only the occ

victory by Italians over

also the birth of the

Souvenir de Solferino

of the work that stirred

Europe. It was writ

Swiss, Henri Dunant,

among the nurses at

teen the sufferings of

that "souvenir" brought

to Dunant from the Ge

Public Utility to prop

CALOMEL WHEN BILIOUS? NO! STOP! ACTS LIKE DYNAMITE ON LIVER

I Guarantee "Dodson's Liver Tone" Will Give You the Best Liver and Bowel Cleansing You Ever Had—Doesn't Make You Sick!

Stop using calomel! It makes you sick. Don't lose a day's work. If you feel lazy, sluggish, bilious or constipated, listen to me!

Calomel is mercury or quicksilver which causes necrosis of the bones. Calomel, when it comes into contact with your bile, crashes into it, breaking it up. This is when you feel that awful nausea and cramping. If you feel "all knocked out," if your liver is torpid and bowels constipated or you have headache, dizziness, coated tongue, if breath is bad or stomach sour just try a spoonful of harmless Dodson's Liver Tone.

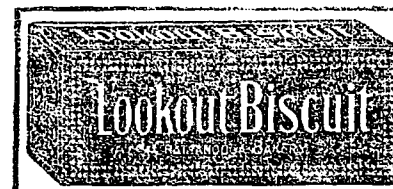
Here's my guarantee—Go to any drug store or dealer and get a 50-cent bottle of Dodson's Liver Tone. Take a

spoonful and if it doesn't straighten you right up and make you feel fine and vigorous I want you to go back to the store and get your money. Dodson's Liver Tone is destroying the sale of calomel because it is real liver medicine; entirely vegetable, therefore it cannot salivate or make you sick. I guarantee that one spoonful of Dodson's Liver Tone will put your sluggish liver to work and clean your bowels of that sour bile and constipated waste which is clogging your system and making you feel miserable. I guarantee that a bottle of Dodson's Liver Tone will keep your entire family feeling fine for months. Give it to your children. It is harmless; doesn't gripe and they like its pleasant taste. Adv.

WINTERSMITH'S CHILL TONIC

Sold for 47 years. For Malaria, Chills & Fever. Also a Fine General Strengthening Tonic. 50c and \$1.00 at all Drug Stores.

Special Summer RATES ARE NOW ON
Buy unlimited life scholarship before Aug. 31st and save \$10 on any course. Bookkeeping, Shorthand, Typewriting and English Courses. We train for Business Employment and Success. Great demand for graduates. Send for catalog and full information. Address KING'S BUSINESS COLLEGE, RALEIGH, N. C., or CHARLOTTE, N. C.



FRESH - CRISP - WHOLESOME - DELICIOUS
THE SANITARY METHODS APPLIED IN THE MAKING OF THESE BISCUITS MAKE THEM THE STANDARD OF EXCELLENCE
Lookout Biscuits are the best you can get. Ask him, or write us giving his name. CHATTANOOGA BAKERY, CHATTANOOGA, TENN.

That Was Different.
"I want," said the grim-faced commander, "a dozen men who will give their lives to their country." The entire regiment stepped forward. The commander selected twelve.

"Now," said he, "you are to hold this position until you are wiped out."
"But we shall be killed!" quavered one.

"Did you not volunteer to give your life to your country?" asked the commander sternly.
"Oh, life!" I thought you said, "wife!"

Anoint the eyelids with Roman Eye Balm upon retiring at night, and in the morning observe the refreshed and strengthened sensation in your eyes upon arising. Adv.

Proof to the Contrary.
"There is no patent, they say, on folly."
"How about patent absurdities?"



Don't take chances this year! Use **GOOD LUCK** RED RUBBERS
They fit All Standard Jansons. Experts testify: "Good Luck" rubbers because they won't "blow-out" during stimulation nor harden, shrink or crack after the job is ended. Send 2 rubbers for 10c. 5 rubbers for 25c. 10 rubbers for 45c. 25 rubbers for 1.00. Write for full particulars to BOSTON WOOLLEN RUBBER CO., Cambridge, Mass.

Wool Wanted For Cash
The Baltimore Industry is still buying grease wool and paying the freight on it to Asheville. We have bought about four tons and we are always in the market when we can get it at a fair price. If you have any black sheep's wool let us know how much you have and what you will take for it. We can use it.
F. L. SEELY, ASHEVILLE, N. C.

KODAKS & SUPPLIES
We also do highest class of finishing. Prices and Catalogue upon request. S. Gaskin Optical Co., Richmond, Va.

Salesman Wanted
Lubricating oil, grease, specialties, paint. Part or whole time. Commission basis until ability is established. Permanent position and wide field when qualified if desired. MAN WITH BIG PREFFERED RIVERSIDE REFINING COMPANY, Cleveland, O.

PARKER'S HAIR BALM
A toilet preparation of merit. It is the best for restoring color and beauty to the hair. 50c and \$1.00 at all Drug Stores.

OLD FALSE TEETH WANTED
We pay \$2 to \$10 per set for old false teeth. Doan's rubber is broken. Send by parcel post and receive check by return mail. Bank reference. Free Book by request. 207 E. Fifth St., Philadelphia, Pa.

AVIATION SERVICE MEASURE ADOPTED

THE SENATE PASSES HOUSE BILL WITHOUT AMENDMENT ON RECORD VOTE.

\$640,000,000 APPROPRIATED

Only Dispute in Upper House Was Over Amendment to Strike out Draft Clause—Provides for About 22,000 Airplanes.

Washington.—The House bill appropriating \$640,000,000 for the aviation service was passed by the Senate without amendment or a record vote and with less than one hour's discussion. It now goes to the President.

The Senate's only dispute, with many members expressing a desire to pass the bill immediately, was over an amendment by Senator Hardwick, of Georgia, to strike out a clause authorizing drafting of the men for the aerial service. The amendment was rejected sixty-seven to twelve after Senators LaFollette and Gurnea made brief speeches opposing the draft.

Details for plans for expending the huge sum appropriated have been withheld, but it is known that it provides for about 22,000 airplanes and nearly 100,000 men.

The President is expected to sign the bill Monday, and the work of building one of the greatest air fleets the world has seen will be pushed with vigor. During the first year of officials hope to produce at least 3,500 machines, with a great increase the next year. For the first few months, virtually the entire attention will be centered on construction of student planes, and there has been talk of bringing British and French aviation student officers to the United States for training.

Opposed the Draft.

In rejecting the Hardwick amendment, the dozen senators voting to strike out the draft clause were: Borah, Broussard, Curtis, Gore, Gurnea, Hardwick, Kirby, LaFollette, McKeylar, Norris, Owen and Vardaman.

In a vigorous speech opposing the draft clause, Senator LaFollette said that any war prosecuted by democracy ought to be without compulsory service.

"Democracy ought never enter a war that it cannot prosecute with volunteers," he said, particularly objecting to compulsion for the extra hazardous air service.

OFFICERS TRAINING CAMP PLANS ARE REVISED

Fort McPherson, Logan H. Roots, and Riley Abandoned.

Washington.—A complete revision in the plans for location of the second officers' training camps to open August 27, has been decided on by the war department as a result of a reinspection of the sites previously chosen.

Under the new arrangement, there will be nine camps instead of eight: Fort McPherson, Ga.; Fort Logan H. Roots, Ark.; and Fort Riley, Kan., being dropped from the list and Plattsburg barracks, New York; Fort Niagara, New York; Fort Snelling, Minn.; and Fort Sheridan, Ill., added. The Fort Myer, Va., Fort Oglethorpe, Ga., Fort Benjamin Harrison, Ind., Presidio at San Francisco and Leon Springs, Texas, designations remain unchanged and a reassignment of state personnel among the various camps has been ordered.

"Some of the locations originally ordered are objectionable for various reasons," said a report on the subject transmitted to Secretary Baker by Adjutant General McCain. "Fort McPherson is already overcrowded and has poor facilities for training camp work. Fort Logan H. Roots is decidedly unsuitable and Fort Riley, Kan., is objectionable because of the scattering of the buildings; furthermore it is to become a large cantonment."

ENGLISH COAST AGAIN RAIDED BY GERMAN AIRMEN

London.—Another daylight raid, carried out over the east coast of England resulted in the repulse of about twenty German airplanes after they had dropped a number of bombs over Felixstowe and Harwich.

An alarm was sounded in London, but before the Germans could reach any point near the city they were attacked heavily by defending squadrons of aircraft, which speedily caused the mto retreat.

The total casualties in the raid, according to an official statement issued number eleven killed and twenty-six injured. The damage to property is insignificant.

A correspondent in Essex of the Exchange Telegraph Company reports that he witnessed an aerial battle that lasted about an hour. A squadron of seven German aircraft, traveling in a westerly direction, encountered a number of British planes, which compelled them to turn northward. They went in this direction about half a mile and then swerved to the east.

Lemon Juice For Freckles

Girls! Make beauty lotion at home for a few cents. Try it!

Squeeze the juice of two lemons into a bottle containing three ounces of orchard white, shake well, and you have a quarter pint of the best freckle and tan lotion, and complexion beautifier, at very, very small cost.

Your grocer has the lemons and any drug store or toilet counter will supply three ounces of orchard white for a few cents. Massage this sweetly fragrant lotion into the face, neck, arms and hands each day and see how freckles and blemishes disappear and how clear, soft and white the skin becomes. Yes! It is harmless. Adv.

All the Same to Him.

"Going down to hear that virtuoso at the opera house tonight?" asked the suburbanite of a neighbor.

"What's that?" replied the old man. "Why, a celebrated violinist is to play tonight."

"Now, I'm not going. My boy plays one of them."

"Yes, but this man is celebrated."

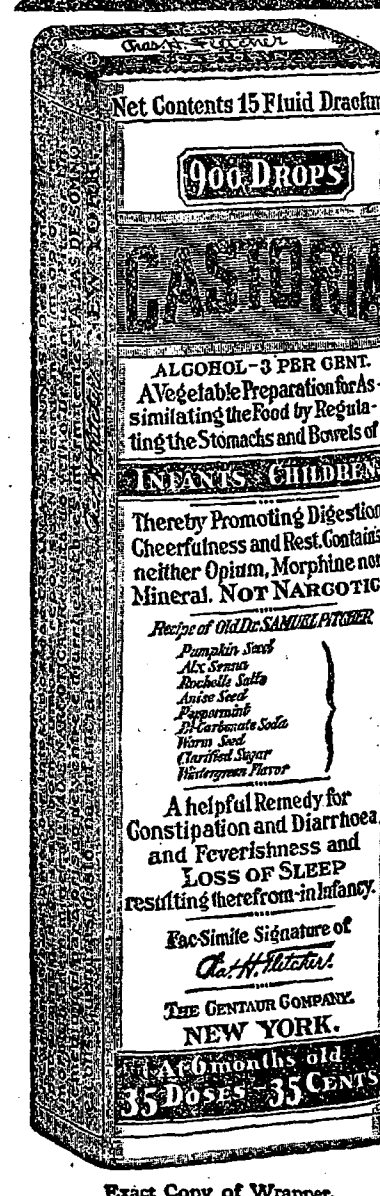
"Oh, well, what's the difference? Fiddlin' is fiddlin' ain't it?"

To Drive Out Malaria

Take the Old Standard GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC. You know what you are taking, as the formula is printed on every label, showing it is Quinine and Iron in a tasteless form. The Quinine drives out malaria, the Iron builds up the system. 50 cents.

"He was the hero of two wars," read the inscription of a tombstone. He had been married twice.

Long Beach, Cal., is to have a tuna fish cannery.



Exact Copy of Wrapper.

Where Life Is Cheap.
"You found out that there is a tremendous lot of people living in Kansas City, didn't you?" asked old Riley Rezzidew.

"There is a heap more of 'em living than it looks possible there could be, when you see the thousands of motor cars that go ripsnorting up and down Grand avenue," grimly replied Burt Blunt, who had just returned from the Big Burg. "And with sewers blowing up under 'em, footpads slugging 'em, people falling out of seventh-story windows on 'em, elevators dropping 'em into cellars, and all this and that, b'jimminy, I wonder everybody that lives in Kay see six months ain't dead long before the end of that time!"—Kansas City Star.

FOR PIMPLY FACES

Cuticura is Best—Samples Free by Mail to Anyone Anywhere.

An easy, speedy way to remove pimples and blackheads. Smear the affected surfaces with Cuticura Ointment. Wash off in five minutes with Cuticura Soap and hot water, bathing some minutes. Repeat night and morning. No better toilet preparations exist.

Free sample each by mail with Book. Address postcard, Cuticura, Dept. L, Boston. Sold everywhere. Adv.

An Unusual Request.
Mrs. Bunny—Oh, Mr. Turtle, won't you come down to our laundry and let me use your back for a washboard?"

Disappointed.
"I only know that I love you."
"Oh dear! I thought you knew I was a money bag."



It's Poor Economy to Endure a Bad Back

IN these days of rising prices, we need every ounce of strength and the ability to do a full day's work every day. The man or woman with weak kidneys is half crippled. Sore, aching kidneys; lame, stiff back, headache, dizzy spells, a dull, tired feeling and urinary disorders are daily sources of distress. You can't afford to neglect kidney weakness and make it easy for gravel, dropsy or Bright's disease to take you. Get a box of Doan's Kidney Pills today. They have helped thousands. They should help you.

Personal Reports of Real Cases

A NORTH CAROLINA CASE.

J. F. Williams, Johnson St., Marion, N. C., says: "I was in such bad shape with kidney trouble that hope for my recovery was given up. My nerves were a wreck and the pains in my limbs were terrible. I was confined to bed four weeks and never expected to be out again. After everything else had failed, Doan's Kidney Pills took hold of my case and cured me. I have never had the slightest return of the trouble since."

A SOUTH CAROLINA CASE.

Mrs. Anna E. Deane, 1012 Marion St., Columbia, S. C., says: "Kidney trouble came on me without warning and the pains almost paralyzed me. For months I was confined to bed and doctors gave me up. I had awful dizzy spells and I lost weight until I was but a shadow. I was helpless and thoroughly discouraged. At this critical time, Doan's Kidney Pills came to my aid and restored me to good health. I have never had any kidney trouble since."

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS

Sold At All Stores. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., Mfg. Chemists

Children Cry For



What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. For more than thirty years it has been in constant use for the relief of Constipation, Flatulency, Wind Colic and Diarrhoea; allaying Feverishness arising therefrom, and by regulating the Stomach and Bowels, aids the assimilation of Food; giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over 30 Years

The Kind You Have Always Bought

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

Might Happen Again.

Mrs. Euphemia Johnson was attended by a confidential colored friend of her own sex when the railroad company called her in to effect a cash settlement for the death of her husband, killed on his honeymoon.

Mrs. Johnson had clouded her features with a heavy veil up to the time the corporation attorney had mentioned the sum, but when he produced the bills she threw back the badge of mourning and gazed eagerly on the bundle that flashed green and yellow in thick streaks.

The lawyer withdrew after the signing of the release and the two were left alone.

"Euphemia," said the companion, "I suppose you'll be gettin' married again, now that you're so rich."

Euphemia paused, with a thick thumb half-way to her mouth for moisture and reflection. "Ef Ah do," she observed before resuming the counting of the roll, "it'll be some pusson on de Seabode Ayeh Line."

Sartorial Distinction.

"You can't judge a man by his clothes."
"Not only," replied Miss Cayenne; "but the uniform helps some in distinguishing a soldier from a slacker."

A torpid liver condition prevents proper food assimilation. Tone up your liver with Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills. They act gently and surely. Adv.

Good-natured criticism is the kind a man always dishes out to himself.

When Your Eyes Need Care

Try Murine Eye Remedy

No Stinging—Just Eye Comfort. 50 cents at all druggists or mail order. Write for Free Eye Book. MURINE EYE REMEDY CO., CHICAGO

THE DAVIE

LARGEST CIRCULATION EVER PUBLISHED IN D.

ARRIVAL OF PASSE

GOING NO

No. 26 Lv. Mocksv

No. 22 Lv. Mocksv

GOING SO

No. 25 Lv. Mocksv

No. 21 Lv. Mocksv

COTTON MAR

Good Middling—

Seed cotton

LOCAL AND PERS

Miss Fannie Caudell

is the guest of Mrs. V

Dog days are in

fine rains are falling

C. G. Hutchins at

Sabia, of near Pino,

Thursday.

John L. Foster, Es

the classic shades of

in our midst Thursd

Miss Ethel Wood

is visiting her brothe

holds a position in E

The North Car

Union will meet in

Nov. 10-15, 1917.

FOR SALE—Seed

bushel, Abruzzi Rye

WALTER

Mrs. Eliza D. Nich

ville, Va., is visiting

M. E. Rose.

And the Chief cap

to start with in a d

phor wanted.

Mr. and Mrs. Ph

Jack Allison, of Cha

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R. S. Kelly, of

been visiting his p

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W. A. Weant has o

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Dr. B. C. Clemen

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Plenty No. 2 White

O. C. WALL, Nor

Mr. and Mrs. Ma

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Grove, spent Thu

with friends.

Jacob Stewart, E

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Mrs. B. F. Hooper

Mrs. Troy Peters

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Miss Esther Ho

week from a visit

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on the train that

Huntersville, but sh

John Woodward,

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and went over to

spend a few days

week.

Rev. Lewis W

Guilford College,

Dutchman Creek

Sunday in Augus

The public is cordi

We have a numb

who are due us \$

would earnestly r

send or bring us

early as possible,

are badly in need

Try a package

Laundry Tablets.

spotlessly clean in

out rubbing, and

as snow. For sale

sale agent for Dav

The 22-months-o

Mrs. Claud Dunn,

ton, died Thursda

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Mr. and Mrs.

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Our boys who b

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hoping that the w</

THE DAVIE RECORD.

LARGEST CIRCULATION OF ANY PAPER
EVER PUBLISHED IN DAVIE COUNTY.

ARRIVAL OF PASSENGER TRAINS

GOING NORTH	
No. 26	Lv. Mocksville 7:44 a. m.
No. 22	Lv. Mocksville 1:49 p. m.
GOING SOUTH	
No. 25	Lv. Mocksville 7:19 a. m.
No. 21	Lv. Mocksville 2:40 p. m.

COTTON MARKET.	
Good Middling	26 1/2c
Seed cotton	8.00

LOCAL AND PERSONAL NEWS.

Miss Fannie Caudell, of Charlotte, is the guest of Mrs. Wm. Crofts.

Dog days are in full force, and fine rains are falling almost daily.

C. G. Hutchins and sister, Miss Sebia, of near Pino, were in town Thursday.

John L. Foster, Esq., who lives in the classic shades of Calahala, was in our midst Thursday.

Miss Ethel Woodward, of R. 2, is visiting her brother Frank, who holds a position in Elkin.

The North Carolina Farmers Union will meet in Winston-Salem Nov. 10-15, 1917.

FOR SALE—Seed wheat \$2.75 per bushel, Abruzzi Rye \$3.00.
WALTER CLEMENT.

Mrs. Eliza D. Nichols, of Clarksville, Va., is visiting her sister Mrs. M. E. Rose.

And the Chief captured 13 quarts to start with in a dry town. Camphor wanted.

Mr. and Mrs. Phil Johnson and Jack Allison, of Charlotte, spent the week-end in town with home folks.

R. S. Kelly, of Duke, who has been visiting his parents here, returned home last week.

W. A. Weant has our thanks for a nice basket of plums, which he dropped into our office one day last week.

Dr. B. C. Clement returned last week from a short visit to his daughter, Miss Linda Clement, at Lexington.

Plenty No. 2 White Oats at
O. C. WALL, North Coolemeec.

Mr. and Mrs. Marshall Horn and little daughter Lucile, of Smith Grove, spent Thursday in town with friends.

Jacob Stewart, Esq., who holds a large position in Winston-Salem, is rusticiating around town with home folks this week.

I have an anti-choleric hog remedy that will cure your hogs. Makes them eat up their trough.
J. L. HOLTON.

Mrs. B. F. Hooper and Mr. and Mrs. Troy Peters an babe, of Charlotte, spent Friday in Greensboro with relatives and friends.

Miss Esther Horn returned last week from a visit to friends at Belmont. Miss Horn was a passenger on the train that was wrecked at Huntersville, but she escaped unhurt.

John Woodward, of R. 2 has finished threshing his big crop of wheat and went over to Winston-Salem to spend a few days recuperating last week.

Rev. Lewis W. McFarland, of Guilford College, will preach at Dutchman Creek church the first Sunday in August at 11 o'clock. The public is cordially invited.

We have a number of subscribers who are due \$1 or more. We would earnestly request them to send or bring us the amount as early as possible, as our creditors are badly in need of cash.

Try a package of "N. R. G." Laundry Tablets. Washes clothes spotlessly clean in 15 minutes without rubbing, and makes them white as snow. For sale by J. L. Holton, sole agent for Davie county.

The 22-months-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Claud Dunn, of near Farmington, died Thursday following an illness of meningitis. The burial took place at Bethlehem Friday afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. L. P. Waller, of near Advance, were in town Thursday having some dental work done. Mr. Walker says he had 377 bushels of grain this year, which means that he will be able to eat biscuits.

Our boys who belong to the "Iredell Blues," left last night for Statesville, where they will spend some time before leaving for the training camp. The best wishes of all our folks go with them, and we are all hoping that the war will close before they are called to France.

Two Killed In Train Wreck.

The morning passenger train from Charlotte, No. 26, was wrecked at 5:05 last Tuesday morning at Huntersville, 300 yards south of milepost 17, on the North Carolina Midland road, resulting in the death of Fireman Ernest A. Kestler, aged twenty-six, of Barber, and J. E. Walker, colored, a passenger, aged forty-four, and in the injury of a number of passengers, most of them being colored.

Engineer J. C. Laynoux, of Charlotte, was scalded on arm and leg. Walter E. Sloan, aged forty-six, of Statesville, passenger, back hurt. He and Engineer Laynoux were sent to a Charlotte hospital for treatment.

Mail Clerk J. S. Shoaf, aged thirty-eight, of Winston-Salem, hip and leg bruised.

According to an official report made to the office of the superintendent of the Winston-Salem division, unknown parties removed spikes on the outside of the west rail for a rail length. Mail car No. 280, coaches 1204 and 1344 turned over and rolled down embankment.

Miss Esther Horn Heorine.

In a write-up of the wreck of the north-bound passenger on the Southern railroad near Huntersville on Tuesday morning of last week, the Statesville Sentinel has the following to say of Miss Esther Horn, of Mocksville:

Miss Horne was pronounced the heroine of the day by Captain J. H. Frazier, conductor on the ill-fated train. The car occupied by Miss Horne was completely turned over and she found herself lying on the ceiling near a gas jet. She quickly realized what had happened and thinking perhaps that the gas might explode and set fire to the car she turned the gas out. Seeing Mr. Walter Sloan of this place in a critical condition and seemingly unconscious she set to work to better his condition and when help arrived she was working heroically with him. Dr. Fisher of Charlotte also rendered valuable aid.

Miss Horne did not seem to be at all excited over her experience and when interviewed by The Sentinel's reporter at the station last Tuesday stated that she felt no ill effect from her experience and left for her home upon the first train after she arrived.

Miss Bonnie Brown Entertains.

Miss Bonnie Brown delightfully entertained the Delta Sigma Club on Friday afternoon. Progressive rock was played. Miss Ossie Allison was awarded the prize. Delicious refreshments were served.

Those present were Misses Louise Kraber, Ossie Allison, Pauline Horn, Kopelia Hunt, Martha and Laura Clement, Mary Stockton, Jane Haden and Dorothy Gaither.

Reception Given Our Soldiers.

A farewell reception was tendered our soldier boys Monday night at the Community Building. The affair was enjoyed by all present. Music and refreshments were among the features. The young men from Mocksville who leave this week are: Doit Holthouser, Hugh Lagle, Mayo Foster, Grady Call, J. K. Sheek, Stamy Cranfill, Aaron James, Carl Harbin, Paul Hendricks and Baxter Lagle.

Farmers' Institutes In Davie.

Farmers' Institutes will be held at Cherry Hill, Friday, Aug. 3rd, and at Cana, Saturday, Aug. 4th, beginning at 10 o'clock. Women's Institutes will be held at the same time and place. Prominent speakers will be present to discuss the agricultural situation which now confronts our farmers. Everyone is invited to come prepared to spend the day, and bring lunch.

Col. A. Z. Olds, who has been a citizen of Mocksville for the past five years, left Sunday for Chippewa Falls, Wis., where he will visit his son.

Iredell, Alexander and Davie County Branch.

To the farmers of Davie. Insurance at cost. \$1,700,000 in force. For further information apply to M. L. MOOSE, Agent, Statesville, N. C.

To the Farmers!

To correct a false report that has been spread abroad, we wish to say that we are giving 38 pounds of flour, and 14 pounds of good rich bran for every bushel of wheat brought us. We would be pleased to see you any time, and will strive to give you good service as well as good flour, feed stuff etc.
J. P. GREEN MILLING CO.

Chickens And Stock.

We are headquarters for Dr. Le-Gears stock medicine.
Get the Cholera remedy for your chickens at

Crawford's Drug Store.

"THE BLUE FRONT"

Davie Boys Who Were Drawn.

Davie county has to furnish 88 men in the first round under the selective draft plan. The drawing took place at Washington Friday. We are printing below a list of 187 names of the first ones drawn, who will furnish the first quota of soldiers from Davie. The names follow:

G. A. Smith, Chal Helper, G. W. Chappell, J. B. Gwyn, Elijah Williams, G. F. Gray, J. T. Walker, A. H. Rone, Spencer Summers, Earnest G. Hendrix, Weldon Parker, R. L. Whitaker, Silas Myers, D. C. Ratledge, W. B. Wilson, J. H. Austin, Jacob Grubb, J. L. Cope, G. W. Handline, C. L. Kimbrough, Eugene Chick, Phillip Walls, Floyd Holman, Raymond Hairston, M. K. Chaffin, R. C. Cortner, L. R. Howell, S. H. Carter, Thomas Bowman, June Woodruff, Oscar Poindecker, B. C. Ellis, Jno King, J. C. Sanford, M. R. Baker, Ed Roseboro, Jack Allison, Geo. L. Jones, N. M. Beck, W. B. Horn, G. M. Vogler, R. W. Lalever, H. T. Robertson, Frank Stewart, T. D. Smith, J. P. Whitaker, Joseph Allen, J. T. Cope, L. R. Julian, J. H. Stedevant, H. G. Harding, F. M. Walker, E. W. Livingston, D. R. Stroud, Edward Brown, O. J. Hairston, Bennett Williams, Alonzo West, J. L. Athey, W. A. Shelton, F. L. Thompson, T. L. Hendrix, Jno M. Poplin, T. A. Daniels, G. L. Fry, Saml F. Neggar, Allie Myers, James Clary, Joshua Neely, Max Spry, Lennie Ellis, J. D. Wyatt, Frank McCubbins, Clark Campbell, J. M. Horn, C. M. Hauser, C. W. Howard, D. P. Ratledge, W. K. Stonestreet, Curtis Holbrook, W. D. Brown, R. G. Miller, Ernest Tucker, W. T. Felps, William LeGrand, R. W. Bradshaw, J. C. Cope, T. G. Cortner, Jones Weaver, C. C. Barney, H. N. Burton, D. L. Beck, C. W. Jacob, J. W. Ratledge, Sam Boone, A. L. Shutt, J. F. Foster, John Grimes, H. R. Jones, Peter Pearson, Alex Brown, J. R. Foster, Hilary Tucker, H. M. Saunders, G. H. Hunt, Lacy Riddle, S. G. Burton, J. N. Livingston, E. C. Bailey, J. L. Edwards, Eugene Steelman, F. L. Godbey, Carl Boger, N. N. Pierce, W. H. Carter, W. H. Cain, Wm. Hardin, S. P. Williams, Kelly Cope, Julius Clement, J. E. Munday, S. L. Foster, C. H. Barney, H. L. Smith, J. S. Beauchamp, W. B. Bailey, G. E. Barnhardt, J. C. Howard, W. D. Bove, Thos A. Stone, A. R. Lister, M. A. Wilson, W. S. Hilton, R. W. Creason, W. H. Holman, Ezra Furches, Lanny Looper, Roy Brooks, J. F. Barney, W. S. Stewart, P. L. Koutz, E. F. Diggins, G. E. Merrell, Jno Griffin, C. H. Tomlinson, Joseph Holloway, W. A. Blake, A. T. Steele, Cleveland Shank, J. B. Hutchins, Pink Foster, Eugene Shoen, E. C. Howard, Joe K. Pierce, Ronnie Howard, W. H. Daniel, J. G. McCulloh, N. K. Hege, William Boger, J. L. Edwards, Ernest McCulloh, T. W. Seamon, Ebb Stone, F. R. Richardson, Arthur Smoot, L. J. Davis, F. A. Smith, Dugli Harris, W. G. Hendricks, W. H. Hockaday, J. W. Cotts, Pink Foster, R. L. Foster, Walter Hairston, M. F. Bove, J. F. Ellis, S. A. Atwood, A. E. Potts, D. P. Whitney, J. A. Woodruff, H. L. Blackwood, Ray Garwood, C. R. Brewbaker, L. B. Ellis, C. M. Wier, Joseph Long, D. D. Bracken.

Many of the above men are married and have large families, while others cannot pass the required examination. For these reasons it may take more than the 187 names here printed to secure the 88 men that Davie has to furnish. The Exemption Board will begin work on this list as early as possible.

Home Burned By Lighting.

Mr. James Lee's home at East Monbo was burned with its contents about 12 o'clock Saturday night. The fire originated from lighting. The family were away from home and the fire was discovered too late to save anything. The loss amounted to several thousand dollars. The house was owned by the Turner Mills and whether it was insured was not learned. Mr. Lee had no insurance—Statesville Landmark.

This section has been blessed with abundant rains for the past two weeks, and everybody is wanting to see some fair weather.

Mrs. Floyd Gaither and little daughter, of Montgomery, Ala., who have been the guests of Mrs. L. G. Gaither, left Saturday for Montreat, where they will spend the summer.

E. E. Hunt, Sr., our clever and accomodating postmaster, has just been re-appointed to his office for another four years. His many friends are glad to know that he will continue to preside over the Mocksville office.

What is LAX-FOS

LAX-FOS IS AN IMPROVED CASCARA
A Digestive Liquid Laxative, Cathartic and Liver Tonic. Contains Cascara Bark, Blue Flag Root, Rhubarb Root, Black Root, May Apple Root, Senna Leaves and Pepsin. Combines strength with palatable aromatic taste. Does not gripe. 50c

OUR MISSIONARY QUESTION BOX.

EDITED BY
BERTHA MARVIN LEE.

What is supreme need? "We do need a preacher here to tell us carefully the way. We are so blind, and many of us cannot read any language. We want to be led to become strong Christians. Perhaps some of us could become workers ourselves." No, this statement was not made in China or in Africa or in Zuland. It was made by a brave "twice-born" Mexican in our own United States, in a small town, mostly Mexican. And he had with him a score of swarth, eager-eyed compatriots.

The eight hundred thousand Spanish-Americans in the Southwest—Texas, New Mexico, Arizona, Colorado, and California have been augmented by from five hundred thousand to a million Mexican refugees from over the border during the last two years. A large per cent of these people are truly folks "without a country." They live under the Stars and Stripes, but do not know their meaning nor the ideals for which they stand. They are lacking in America ideas and American modes of thought. They are looked down upon. They have come from a land of turbulence and violence. Our ways are not their ways. Many of them feel that they are among us by sufferance only. The vast majority are of the group who are among us, but not of us. This sad and lonely group is both our peril and opportunity.

Give the gospel of Jesus Christ an opportunity, and it will transform the Spanish-American Southwest.

Native leadership is absolutely essential if these Spanish-Americans who will soon number two million, are to know Jesus Christ. And unless they do know him, a vast section of our country will be swamped with the life, habits, and religion of medieval Roman Catholicism. Are you willing to give your prayers backbone by paying for the education of a life, red-blooded Mexican youth for the Christian ministry? Are you ready to endow a scholarship? Will you make possible another teacher in some Spanish-American school? Will you help start a new school or build a church? What will you do?

DR. A. Z. TAYLOR
DENTISTOffice over Merchants' & F. Bank.
Good work—low prices.

NOTICE OF BOND SALE.

Farmington High School District 20-year Bonds \$3,000.6 per cent. will be sold by the County Treasurer and County Board of Education at Mocksville, N. C., at noon, Saturday, July 21st, 1917.

Offers must be submitted by sealed bids, each accompanied by a certified check for \$100, as evidence of good faith. No bonded indebtedness.
Bonds to amount \$5,000 authorized. Only \$3,000 now offered for sale.
The right is reserved to reject any and all bids.

Address, J. L. HOLTON,
County Treasurer, Mocksville, N. C.
This June 18th, 1917.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

Having qualified as executor of the estate of Jennie Comer, deceased, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against the said estate to present them to the undersigned for payment before July 17 1918 or this notice will be placed in bar of their recovery. All persons owing the said estate will make immediate payment. This July 17 1917.
Chas. H. Williams, Exr.
of Jennie Comer, Dec'd.
E. L. GAITHER, Attorney.

LAW

University of North
Carolina Law School.Excellent Faculty
Reasonable Cost.

Write For Catalogue.

The President,
Chapel Hill, N. C.Good And Cheap Lands In
Bladen County.

Soil that grows corn, cotton, tobacco, wheat, oats, and all kinds of clover and grasses, with good climate. The health and water are as good as in North Carolina. This land is very productive, and easily cultivated. The county is building an excellent system of sand clay roads now. Write me for a list of my farm and timber lands.

J. C. HENLEY, Real Estate &
Insurance.

Elizabethtown, N. C.

SAFETY FIRST!

INTEREST IS YOUR BEST SERVANT.

INTEREST NEVER SLEEPS.
IT IS NEVER IDLE.
IT WORKS 24 HOURS EVERY DAY.
IT WORKS 365 DAYS EVERY YEAR.
NO OTHER SERVANT IS SO FAITHFUL.

KEEP YOUR MONEY AT INTEREST.

Start a savings account at once with this bank, and have money accumulating steadily.
We pay 4 percent interest on all time deposits, and our customers' interests are OURS.

BANK OF DAVIE

J. F. MOORE, Cashier
E. L. GAITHER, President
MOCKSVILLE, N. C.

PUTS IT UP TO THE COOK.

A bill of groceries from our house puts it squarely up to the cook. There can be absolutely no excuse for a poor dinner prepared from groceries purchased from us. NOURISHING FOODS were never more necessary than at this time, when you need to conserve every ounce of your strength.
Our Meats are rich and wholesome.
Our Vegetables are fresh.
Our Flour is the very best on the market.
Every article of food in the house is selected with care and eye to the health of our customers.
Every purchase you make is the essence of wisdom in grocery buying—it is the acme of possible economy.
We handle ice all the time.

SWAIM & DAVIS,

ON THE SQUARE PHONE 63

TENNIS SLIPPERS!

Just received 100 pairs white pumps with white soles, for men and women.

Also black and white for 50c. per pair, all sizes.

S. M. CALL, Jr., MOCKSVILLE, N. C.
ANDERSON BLOCK.

Mocksville Best Flour.

Every sack is full of satisfaction.

HORN-JOHNSTONE COMPANY

MANUFACTURERS

"THAT GOOD KIND OF FLOUR!"

MOCKSVILLE N. C.

Circuses and Excursions Cut Out.

The circus and the summer excursions are some of the things we're going to do without, according to Col. Harris, who sends this to the Observer from Washington:

"It is the railroad men who are not being permitted to forget that the country is at war. There will be no circus of any kind in the United States this season, unless it reverts to primitive conditions and travels the country by wagon.

The railroads have been compelled to cancel contracts to haul circuses, and not only that, but they have been required to cut out the excursions. No excursions of any kind will be run this summer. The government has requisitioned engines and rolling stock for the hauling of freights, and it is by order of the government that the circus and excursion have been relegated for the present, at least."

—Ex.

A Costly Dog.

A hound valued at seven dollars has just emerged from the supreme court of Virginia, after going through all the courts in an attempt to get up just who owned the dog. It has taken several months to get the case through the courts and the loser of the law suit had costs enough piled up against him to buy a high-class automobile. In other words, the fool-killer missed a part of the Old Dominion.—Rockwood Times.

Heredity runs deep, and the girl who is lazy and selfish and surly to her mother may expect the same treatment from her own children in after years.

DEAFNESS CANNOT BE CURED.

by legal applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by Catarrh which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give one hundred dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by Catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.

Better Farming in the South

WILLIAMSON PLAN OF CORN CULTURE

Has Proven Successful in Coastal Plains And Sandy Loam Soils



J. N. HARPER, Agronomist

E. McIver Williamson, of Darlington, S. C., has originated a plan of corn culture which has been adopted by a great number of farmers residing in the Coastal Plains of South Carolina and Georgia with excellent results.

Since a number of inquiries have come to the Farm Service Bureau about methods of corn culture it is considered advisable to recommend the Williamson method to farmers in the coastal region or those who have sandy loam soils. The following is an outline of the method in Mr. Williamson's own words:

"Break the land broadcast during the winter, using a two horse plow or better, a disc plow. Bed with turn-plow six-foot rows, leaving a five-inch balk. When ready to plant, break this out with a scooter. Plow deeply in the bottom of this furrow, using a Dixie with wing taken off. Ridge then on this furrow with same plow still going deep. Run the corn planter on this ridge, dropping one grain every five or six inches.

"Plant early, as soon as frost danger is past. Early planting is especially useful on very rich lands where stalks can not otherwise be kept from growing too large. "Give the first working with a harrow or any plow that will not cover the plant. For second working use ten or twelve inch sweep. Corn should not be worked again until the growth has been so retarded, and the stalk so hardened that it will never grow too large. This is the most difficult point in the whole process. Expert

and judgment are required to know just how much the stalk should be stunted, and plenty of nerve is required to hold back your corn when your neighbors, who fertilized at planting time and cultivated rapidly, have corn twice the size of yours.

"When you are convinced that your corn has been sufficiently humiliated, you may begin to make the ear. The

plants should now be from twelve to eighteen inches high.

"Put half your fertilizer (this being the first used at all) in the old sweep furrow on both sides of every other middle and cover by breaking out this middle with turn plow. About one week later treat the other middle the same way. Within a few days side corn in first middle with sixteenth-inch sweep. Put all your nitrate of soda in this furrow, if less than 150 pounds. If more, use one-half of it. Cover with one furrow of turn plow, then sow peas in this middle broadcast at the rate of at least one bushel to acre, and finish breaking out.

"In a few days side corn in other middle with same sweep, put balance of nitrate of soda in this furrow, if it has been divided, cover with turn plow, sow peas, and break out. This lays by your crop with a good bed and plenty of dirt around your stalk. This should be from June 10th to 20th, unless the season is very late, and corn should be ready for hatching for tassels.

"Lay by early. More corn is ruined by late plowing than by lack of plowing. This is when the ear is hurt. "The stalks thus raised are very small, and do not require anything like the moisture even in proportion to size than is necessary for large, sappy stalks. They may, therefore, be left thicker in the row. Large stalks can not make large yields except with extremely favorable seasons, for they cannot stand a lack of moisture. Corn raised by this method should not be over seven feet high, and the ear should be near the ground."

For the Piedmont section the Williamson Plan can not be closely followed but must be modified. Half of the fertilizer should be applied before planting. The other half should be applied not later than when corn is knee high. The nitrate of soda should then be applied when the corn is waist high.

Raise Corn As War Measure In response to the call for food supplies in view of war conditions, the Southern farmer should plant as large a crop of corn as possible. He should fertilize liberally and cultivate thoroughly so that maximum crops may be produced. It is recommended that from 500 to 600 pounds of fertilizer be applied on Piedmont soils and from 300 to 1,000 to coastal plain soils.

National Council Juniors.

The National Council of the Junior Order of United American Mechanics will meet in biennial session in Asheville June 19. Mr. C. B. Webb of Statesville is national councilor. The order has a membership of 250,000.

To Cure a Cold in One Day

Take LAXATIVE BROMO Quinine. It stops the Cough and Headache and works off the Cold. Druggists refund money if it fails to cure. W. W. GROVE'S signature each box 25c.

All patriots are patriotic, but some are more so than others—in their own estimation.

The Quinine That Does Not Affect The Head Because of its tonic and laxative effect. LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE is better than ordinary Quinine and does not cause nervousness nor ringing in head. Remember the full name and look for the signature of W. W. GROVE, 25c.

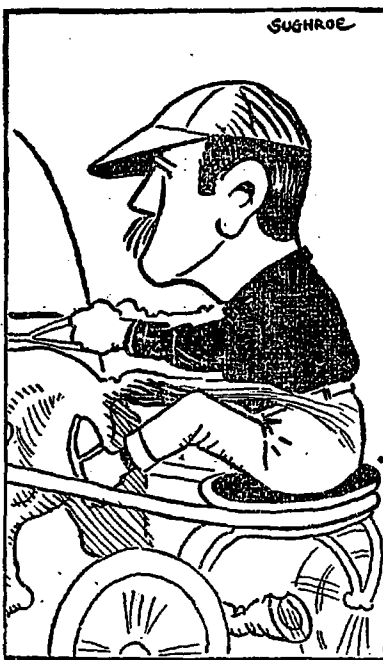
Hunger May Bring Peace.

Greensboro News.

It may be that, before things, can hope to regain its composure, conditions must grow worse. But with thousands of people every where hungry, with thousands dying or expecting to be called upon to die, it would seem that one may reasonably expect a definite peace move to come from some of the afflicted nations were the end of summer. It is hard to imagine how the world can stand another winter of war.

Drives Out Malaria, Builds Up System The Old Standard general strengthening tonic, GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC, drives out Malaria, enriches the blood, and builds up the system. A true tonic. For adults and children. 50c.

WAY FOR "EISWAGUN"



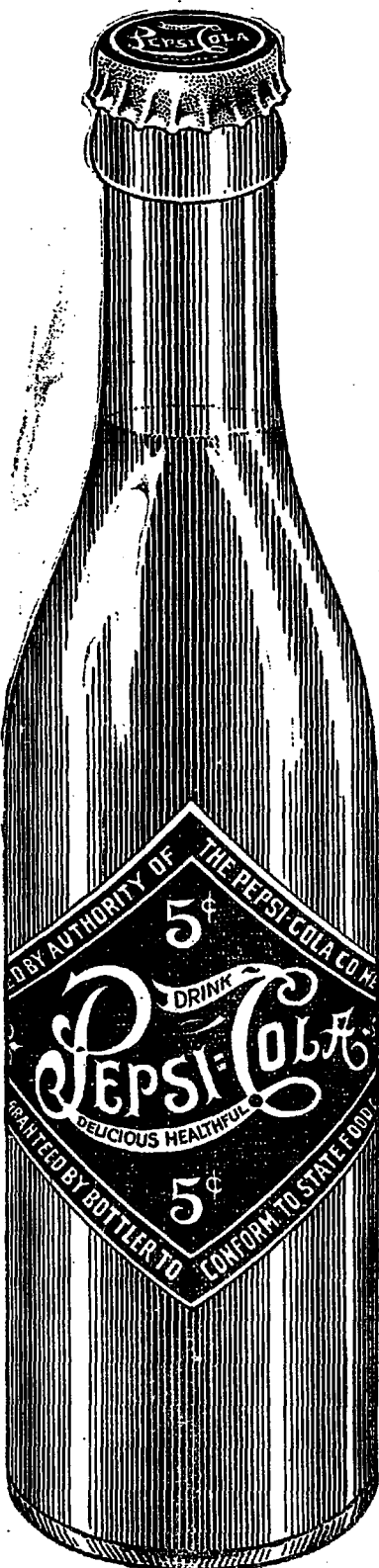
The Horse Fancier is giving his Speedy Steed, "Eiswagun," an airing on the Bullyyard. He expects to Cop all the Prizes at the county fair with this new Equine Hope. When "Eiswagun" can show enough speed to keep the Grocer's Driver from passing him, he will be in Rare Form.

The Bloody Turk.

Turkey is going to sever relations with the United States. We have never understood why there should ever have been any between them.—Charlotte News.

Piles Cured in 6 to 14 Days

Your druggist will refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure any case of Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Prolapsing Piles in 6 to 14 days. The first application gives Ease and Rest. 50c.



PRINTING.

We are prepared to handle all kinds of commercial printing, such as

ENVELOPES, STATEMENTS, BILL HEADS, LETTER HEADS, SHIPPING TAGS, CARDS, POSTERS,

or anything you may need in the printing line. We have the newest and best equipped shop in Davie county. Our prices are not too high. Phone No. 1, and we will call and show you samples and prices.

THE SOUTHERN RAILWAY COMPANY

An Ambition and a Record

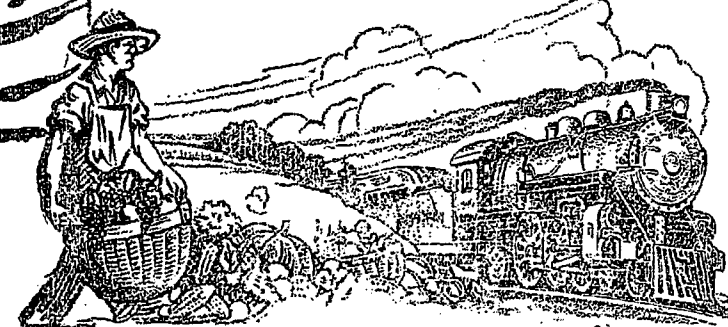
THE needs of the South are identical with the needs of the Southern Railway: the growth and success of one means the upbuilding of the other.

The Southern Railway asks no favors—no special privilege not accorded to others.

The ambition of the Southern Railway Company is to see that unity of interest that is born of cooperation between the public and the railway; to see perfected that fair and frank policy in the management of railroads which invites the confidence of governmental agencies; to realize the liberality of treatment which will enable it to obtain the additional capital needed for the acquisition of better and enlarged facilities incident to the demand for increased and better service; and, finally—

To take its niche in the body politic of the South alongside of other great industries, with no more, but with equal liberties, equal rights and equal opportunities.

"The Southern Serves the South."



Southern Railway System.

Winston-Salem Southbound Railway

Short Line Between

Winston-Salem, Lexington, Albemarle,

Norwood and Points South.

Through train from Roanoke, Va., to Florence, S. C., in connection with the Norfolk & Western Railway and Atlantic Coast Line.

Through Pullman Sleeping Car New York to Jacksonville, Fla., via Winston-Salem.

S. P. COLLIER, JR., Traffic Manager.

Winston-Salem, N. C.

SOUTHERN LUNCH ROOM.

Mocksville, N. C.

"Where Hunger is Satisfied."

The old reliable Southern Lunch Room is again open to the public, and is better prepared than ever to serve the public at all times with hot meals, lunches, fruits, cigars, tobacco, candies, etc. Sanitary cooking, neat dining room and attentive service. If you eat with us once, you will eat with us always.

SOUTHERN LUNCH ROOM.

Depot St. : : Mocksville, N. C.

NORTH CAROLINA STATE COLLEGE OF AGRICULTURE AND ENGINEERING

WEST RALEIGH, N. C.

An institution where young men of character, energy and ambition may fit themselves for useful and honorable work in many lines of industry which require training and skill for success. Thorough and practical courses are offered in Agriculture; Horticulture; Animal Industry; Civil, Mechanical and Electrical Engineering; Chemistry; Dyeing and Textile Industry. Faculty of 64 instructors. Twenty-seven buildings. Eighteen departments. Military features. For catalogue and entrance blanks, write

E. B. OWEN, Registrar.

FOR MONUMENTS AND TOMBSTONES

CEMETARY WORK OF ALL KINDS

Investigate our Prices and Work.

Careful Attention Given to Special Designs.

REINS BROTHERS,

(Successors to Miller-Reins Company)

NORTH WILKESBORO AND LENOIR, N. C.



"Um! Johnny Cake!"

They taste better than ever—now that mother does her cooking on the New Perfection Oil Cook Stove.

The New Perfection oven bakes evenly without burning. The steady blue flame stays put—no need to watch it. The long blue chimney burner insuring perfect combustion is the secret. All the heat goes into the cooking—doesn't overheat the kitchen.

The New Perfection does everything a coal or wood stove will do—does it better, and costs no more. For best results use Aladdin Security Oil—a superior kerosene. Always feature.

STANDARD OIL COMPANY (New Jersey)

Washington, D. C. Baltimore, Md. Charlotte, N. C. Charleston, S. C. Norfolk, Va. Richmond, Va. Charleston, W. Va.

NEW PERFECTION OIL COOK STOVE

VOLUME XIX.

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